# Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIV. PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 30, 1869. NUMBER 148.


# FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK, M.

## NEWS BY CABLE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

### GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, June 29.—The *Star* to-day, commenting on the reported departure from New York of Colonel Ryan's expedition, brings the circumstance to bear upon the question of the claims now pending between the United States and Great Britain. It says: "We are interested in the conduct of the United States Government in this matter. Her neutrality laws must be thoroughly and effectively enforced, or she will lose the hold she has gained on public opinion, which ensures the fair consideration of the Alabama claims. The Alabama escaped unarmed, with an ordinary merchantman's crew on board, and we are justly held to have incurred a high degree of responsibility for the consequences. The departure of a party of eight hundred men from New York harbor, as far as can be judged from present accounts of the affair, appears to be an infraction of neutrality just as flagrant as the escape of the Alabama, and one which could have been much more easily prevented."

DUBLIN, June 29.—A meeting was held last night to urge upon the Government the release of the Fenian prisoners. Nearly four thousand people were present. Mr. Butt, a prominent lawyer, made a speech. He said the motto of all true Irishmen ought to be "Bide your time; put your trust in God and keep your powder dry." If the British government persisted in keeping these men incarcerated, all its professions of conciliation would be useless. Mr. Williams, of Dungaroon, made an impassioned speech. He declared the Fenian prisoners would not accept mercy. They demanded justice from the Ministers. If the latter refused it, let the blood be upon their own heads. He would not, however, advocate a resort to the sword, for that doctrine was now out of time.

### SOUTH AMERICA.

LISBON, June 29.—The French mail steamer, from Rio Janeiro, June 8th, has arrived. A revolution had broken out at Montvideo, caused by the disorganized condition of the finances. Carabella had raised the standard of insurrection in the provinces.

Advices from Asuncion to the 14th of May state the allied forces had commenced their march into the interior. They captured many prisoners on the way and took the town of Yoilling by surprise. The Paraguayans had abandoned their position at Pattinho.

### MARINE NEWS.

LONDON, June 29—The steamers City of New York, Denmark and Ohio have arrived out.

### FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, June 29.—*Evening.*—Consols for money 92¾; account 93; 5-20 bonds 80⅝; do. Frankfort 86¼; Erie 19¼; Illinois 94¼; stocks firm.

LIVERPOOL, June 29—*Evening.*—Cotton market a shade firmer; middling uplands 12¾; Orleans 12¾; sales 12,000 bales. California white wheat 9s. 11d.; red western 8s. 10d. Western flour 22s. 6d. Corn—mixed 27s. 6d. for new; 29s. for old. Oats 3s. 4d. Peas 37s. 6d. Pork 99s. Beef 90s. Lard 72s. Cheese 70s. Bacon 63s. Spirits Petroleum 7½d. refined 1s. 6½d.

LONDON, June 29.—*Evening*—Tallow 44s. Linseed oil 31 lbs. 5s. Sugar 39s. 9d. Calcutta Linseed 61s. Petroleum at Antwerp 49 francs. Cotton at Havre 140 on spot.

## NEW YORK CITY.

### The Ocean Bank Robbery—The Cuban Filibuster Operations.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, June 29, 1869.

The loss of depositors by the robbing of the Ocean Bank is believed to exceed half a million dollars. That of the bank is a trifle less than $25,000 in current funds, in addition to $22,000 in negotiable bonds, upon which the bank had made loans.

A rumor was circulated this afternoon of the arrest of Col. Ryan, and several other leaders of the Cuban expedition are to be arrested. Col. Roger A. Pryor will, it is said, be indicted for attempting to violate the neutrality laws. General Groconria has been held to bail in $50,000 to answer the charge against him, and $3,000 to keep the peace. Some say the expedition has actually gone to sea on the Quaker City, while the United States authorities assert positively it is under surveillance within two hundred miles of New York.

The steamer Guiding Star has arrived from Copenhagen.

### News from San Domingo.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAN DOMINGO, June 27TH, *via* HAVANA, June 29.—The Dominican Senate had declared General Luperon and crew, of the steamer Tulegrafo, pirates. The people of Puerto Plata and Samana refused to receive Luperon, who has issued a proclamation of rebellion. The Dominican troops remain faithful to President Baez.

The *Boletin* officially reports that the provinces of Cibas, Seybo and Samana are tranquil. More troops are needed, but large numbers of citizens are offering their services to defend the frontier.

### Excursion of Louisville Municipal Officers.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, June 29.—This afternoon, on the Cincinnati and Louisville Railroad, the Mayor, Aldermen and Councilmen of Louisville arrived here. The Mayor of this city and a deputation of Councilmen received them at Covington and give them an informal dinner at the Spencer House to morrow. They will visit the suburbs and public institutions.

### The XVth Amendment in New Hampshire.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CONCORD, June 29.—The Fifteenth Constitutional Amendment has passed the House and is made the order for Thursday next in the Senate.

### Great Oil Strike.

[Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TIONESTA, June 29, 1869.

A thirty barrel well of lubricating oil, worth fourteen dollars per barrel at the well, was struck this morning on the Jamison farm, about one mile and a half above Tionesta, at the depth of only two hundred feet. The greatest excitement prevails. Operators are here from all sections, and property has advanced wonderfully. The strike is one of the most important made since the Shamburg discovery. The Jamison farm is adjoined by that known as the Sowers' tract, now owned by a Pittsburgh firm, and which at one time produced largely.

JOHN CARNEY.

## BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Half a million dollars worth of real estate was sold at auction in Cincinnati yesterday.

—The City Council of Cincinnati have decided to celebrate Monday next as the Fourth of July.

—A bombshell exploded in Wolf's rolling mill, Newport, Ky., on Monday, wounding two men.

—A notorious horse thief was found hung, three miles from Shawnee, Kansas, on Sunday last.

—The first passenger train crossed the Missouri river on the new bridge at Kansas City, on Monday.

—J. Sheldon, formerly of Albany, N. Y., was murdered by Indians, May 13th, near Prescott, Arizona.

—Joe Wormall, Champion of England, challenges any man in America to fight him in Canada for $5,000.

—Gen. Cluseret, expelled from France, was a passenger on the Periere, which arrived at New York yesterday.

—Gooding's jewelry store, in Boston, was robbed yesterday of two thousand dollars' worth of diamond rings.

—At Toledo, Ohio, the vote on lay delegation in St. Pauls M. E. Church was taken last night, and resulted yeas 103, nays 79.

—The banks, custom house, insurance and public offices in Boston were closed yesterday on account of Harvard Commencement.

—Work has been commenced in constructing the new telegraph line from Boston to Duxberry, to connect with the French cable.

—Five frame buildings and two brick stores, including the *Evening Bulletin* office, in Kansas City, were destroyed by fire on Mondsy night.

—The bark Harriet Lievesly was sunk on Monday, in New York harbor, by colliding with the steamer Harmonia, and one of the crew lost.

—James Webb, President of the City Council of Baltimore, is at St. Louis, examining the fire department, board of health system, water works, &c.

—Passengers by the steamer Silver Bow, which arrived at St. Louis yesterday, from the upper Missouri, brought $200,000 in gold dust and bullion.

—San Francisco merchants are considering the propriety of organizing measures for the protection of Chinese immigrants, who are daily arriving there.

—Bogert, the absconding Postmaster's clerk, who carried away $30,000 in Government funds from the Navy Yard at Brooklyn, has been arrested in Texas.

—Gov. Randolph has appointed Robert Gilchurst, of Jersey City, Attorney General of New Jersey, vice George M. Robeson, appointed Secretary of the Navy.

—The bodies of two persons drowned by the flood in Kansas floated past Kansas City last evening, and three were reported fished out at the State line bridge.

—The dwelling of John Conklin at Claverock, N. Y., was struck by lightning on Monday, and his wife and two other persons injured, though not seriously.

—An entire car load of calves and sheep was found to be dead from suffocation, occasioned by close packing, on the Morris and Essex railroad, at Newark, New Jersey, yesterday.

—Discoveries of rich silver mines between White Pine and the head of navigation in Colorado, are announced. The ledge is from three to thirty feet wide of very rich ore in abundance.

—News is received of the explosion of a powder magazine on Somberoro, at Guano Island, in the West Indies, on the 31st of May. Seven men were instantly killed and some twenty wounded.

—The testimonial to Gilmore at the Boston Coliseum was very successful in the numbers present and the general excellence of performances. Gilmore will realize about $25,000 from the benefit.

—A man named Downey, arraigned in Newport, Ky., on Monday, was shot dangerously while in Court, the ball passing through his neck, by a brother of a girl on whom he was charged with committing a rape.

—The late Temperance Convention of Maine State nominated N. G. Hitchborn for Governor and appointed delegates to the National Convention at Chicago, August 1st. The prohibition resolution of the Republican State Convention was almost unanimously tabled.

—A dispatch to the Nashville *Banner*, from Springfield, Tenn., says E. H. Benton was killed on Tuesday morning by Captain J. R. Simpson. Benton received five shots, and died instantly. Simpson gave himself up and was committed to jail for trial.

—Gen. Canby issued an order yesterday extending the Virginia stay law to January 1st, 1870, in all cases where one year's interest on debt is paid before August next, but allowing executions to be levied in cases where such interest is not paid.

—It is stated the steamer Catharine Whitney, seized by the Government at New York, was used as a decoy, and that while the officials were watching her movements with several revenue cutters, the real expedition embarked on another steamer and safely departed.

—An excursion party from the Elmira Female College, consisting of about one hundred persons, including students, professors and distinguished guests, who are visiting the copper regions of Lake Superior, have arrived at Marquette, Michigan.

—The commencement of Harvard College, yesterday, attracted many visitors. The literary exercises received close attention, and were much applauded. The degree of Doctor of Laws was conferred upon John G. Palfry and Gov. Claflin.

# SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

## THE CAPITAL.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, June 29, 1869.

THE INDIAN DEPREDATIONS.

Surveyor General Babcock, of Kansas, in a letter to President Grant, dated June 20th, says Governor Harvey had visited in person all the settlements where Indian enormities were recently committed and ascertained that more than thirty persons in all had been killed. Agent Hoag places the number at about twenty. At the time of the outbreak four surveying parties were in the field. All had returned. Two of them report that they saw no Indians. A third party say they were attacked by a small band, which fled after the surveying party had fired four or five shots. All the surveying parties were frightened and decline returning to the field at present. The Indians are not combined, and do not intend to bring on a regular war. There are several small bands scouring in the country, and they intend to kill and plunder without taking too many chances. Settlers and trains are in great danger from these parties. General Schofield has comparatively few troops for so wide an extent of country.

The Governor of Kansas asks the President for additional troops. If they cannot be furnished, then he requests authority to raise a regiment of volunteers, and Surgeon General Babcock joins in the request.

EX-PRESIDENT JOHNSON.

In anticipation of a speech from Ex-President Johnson, a small number of persons were attracted to his hotel tonight, but there was no serenade or other demonstration.

WANTS HIS ACCOUNT SETTLED.

It is understood the object of the visit of Reverdy Johnson to Washington is to have a final settlement of his accounts with the State Department.

BASE BALL ACCIDENT.

The catcher of the base ball club of Baltimore had a leg broken in the game with the Olympics this afternoon.

## CUBA

### Dinner to the New Captain General—Harmony Restored—Active Pursuit of Insurgents.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, June 29.—Espenar, late Acting Captain General, gave a dinner yesterday in honor of De Rodas. The latter made a speech, declaring he came to the Island counting on the aid of 50,000 volunteers in the suppression of the rebellion. Complete harmony exists between the new Captain General and volunteers.

The Spanish Admiral has returned from a cruise.

General Lesca is actively pursuing the insurgents in the Cinco Villas district and has frequent encounters with them. The *Diario* says he places the volunteer cavalry, composed of native Cubans, in the front rank, as defenders of the integrity of the island. It is supposed the insurgents executed the entire company of Spanish soldiers captured at Sabola Neuve. The charred corpse of a Spanish officer was found in the ruins of one of the houses.

### Loss of an Exploring Party.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, June 29.—The *Republican* has a special from Green River City, Wyoming county, dated yesterday, which says: One of the members of the celebrated Powell Exploring Party has just reached this point, having escaped, after incredible hardships, out of a canon of the Colorado. He reported that the whole party, except himself, perished while attempting to cross the rapids. He had crossed above, and from the west bank witnessed the frightful disaster which left him alone five hundred miles from the nearest settlement, without supplies and almost without hope. Not daring to leave the stream lest he should get lost, he ascended the bank to this point, the crossing of the Pacific Road, where he has received such attention as he requires.

To this the *Republican* appends the following editorial note: The fact that the dispatch fails to give the name of the survivor of the expedition, leads us to the hope that the statement may have been told by some half starved hunter, who wished to enlist sympathy. Undeniably it is possible, even, perhaps, probable. If half the stories of travelers are true, the Rapids of the Colorado can only be crossed by birds.

### Maine Democratic State Convention.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BANGOR, June 29.—The State Democratic Convention was attended by six hundred and sixteen delegates. C. P. Kimball was nominated for Governor, but declined, and General Franklin Smith, of Waterville, was selected instead. Resolutions were adopted favoring free trade, the maintainance of the rights of states unimpaired, equality of taxation, including United States Bonds, and uniform currency, maintaining opposition to the centralization of power in the general government and favoring economy and just administration of public affairs.

### Damage by Storm in Connecticut.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HARTFORD, June 29.—The Naugatuck Railroad was greatly damaged by the storm yesterday. The embankment and track was carried away in many places, interrupting travel. Page and Henry's paper mill, at Litchfield, was badly injured. At Wolcottville, fifty thousand dollars' damage was occasioned to factories, and some will be stopped a month. The Housatonic river and tributaries are greatly swollen, bridges and dams swept away, and in the village of West Cornwell a channal forty feet wide was cut by the freshet.

—Julia Gibbs and Ella Woodson, colored women, fought a duel at Richmond, Va., on Monday, with clubs, jealousy being the cause of the quarrel. The woman Woodson was so badly injured that she died on the field.

## CITY AND SUBURBAN.

### Anniversary Meeting.

The Allegheny Temperance league held its fourth anniversary in the Sandusky street Baptist Church, last evening, Rev. A. K. Bell presiding.

The meeting was one of the largest and most interesting of its character ever held in this city. The meeting was opened with prayer by Rev. A. K. Bell.

The minutes of the last meeting were approved.

Messrs. Dr. C. N. Miller, Jonathon Gallagher and J. E. Johnson were then appointed a Committee on Resolutions.

Singing was next in order, after which Rev. J. B. Clark read the report of the Executive Committee, which was adopted.

The Treasurer, Mr. Isaac Charles, reported the receipts of the League for the past four years to be $177.10. The expenditures were $196.30, leaving a balance due the Treasurer of $19.20.

Rev. J. S. Dickerson addressed the meeting.

The Committee on Resolutions reported a series of resolutions, depricating the evils of intemperance. The fifth resolution being of more public importance than the others, we publish it in full.

*Resolved*, That in order to restrain and ultimately control this great evil, we call, as soon as practicable, a County Convention for the purpose of placing in nomination a temperance candidate for the office of County Commissioner, whom we pledge to support, realizing that it is a solemn duty required of us by our God and our fellow men.

The entire report was unanimously adopted.

The following officers were elected to serve during the ensuing year:

President—Rev. John McMillen.

Vice Presidents—Rev. H. B. Knight, Rev. J. B. Clark, D. D., Rev. A. K. Bell, D. D., Rev. Joseph Kerr, Prof. Crumb, David Blair, Esq., Dr. T. F. Dale, Rev. Joseph King, Jonathan Gallagher, Esq., T. B. Hoskinson, Esq., C. Yeager, Rev. A. A. Hodge, D. D., Rev. John Herbert, and J. M. Burchfield, Esq.

Corresponding Secretaries—Rev. E. E. Swift, Rev. S. M. Carr.

Recording Secretaries—Wm. Campbell, W. J. Freeborn, W. G. Warren and G. W. Bradley.

Executive Committee—L. A. Eaton, James Miller, Wm. Montgomery, B. Heckert, O. L. Miller, M. D., E. J. Johnson, Geo. Irwin and R. H. Sample.

Treasurer—Isaac Charles.

### A Tribute to Home Genius.

Whoever had the idea to secure for the Commencement exercises of the Western University the splendid building and organ of the Third Presbyterian Church, and the services of Mr. C. C. Mellor as organist, should be congratulated and thanked by an appreciative and grateful public. The excellence of the organ is self-evident and known to all. As to the superiority of the young organist, nobody can question it who heard him on Friday evening; indeed, it was acknowledged in our presence by rival musicians of high standing in Pittsburgh. Mr. Mellor belongs to the school of Wilcox. To a deep devotional feeling he joins, like his prototype, an unbigoted theory of art. Like the great organist of the Peace Jubilee, Mr. Mellor is essentially a colorist. He uses the stops and manuals with as much ease, decision, and judgment as a good painter would use his brushes and pigments. His orchestration with al is never overloaded, but he varies it in such a way as to render impossible in his listeners the sense of weariness and monotony. Under his hands—and feet—the brilliant resources of the instrument are exhibited in their best light, without any apparent intention on his part to do so, for he never allows the virtues to kill in him the artist. It is to the admirers of Mr. Mellor's talent, a source of real regret not to hear him play oftener on so congenial an instrument: and those who know his passion for the organ and the energy of his will when interested in a work of love, cannot help speculating with pride on the dimensions that talent might take, if not cramped and fettered in an irresponsive fabric of the old style.

### What Did It Mean?

This morning, at one o'clock, our reporter returning from the Manchester fire, had an experience worth relating. He found near the central pier of the Suspension bridge, perched on the slender railing, a young lady of prepossessing appearance who had just clambered to the position. He halted at her side and asked why she was sitting in so dangerous a position at such an unseemly hour. She replied, "I am going to try how cold the water below is. I am troubled, and tired of life, and will to-night sleep beneath the waves of the Allegheny." Our reporter, not very romantic in his ideas, declared she should not make the fatal tumble if he could help it, and with his own arms encompassed her waist and held her firmly bound to her cable seat. Perhaps what was a pleasure to him was an agony to her, for she strove vigorously to free herself from his grasp in order to make the fatal leap. A friend of the reporter came to his aid and helped hold the pretty female firmly to her position and prvented the act she contemplated. A strange man here made his appearance and, with a terrible oath, jerked the girl from her perch and walked her towards Allegheny. She broke from his grasp and attempted to clamber over the bridge, but was recaptured by the man, and when our reporter last saw them she was being dragged along as a prisoner by the man. From her conduct, language and acts he judged that she was a woman of the town, and that she really meant to drown a life of sorrow in a watery grave, but was prevented from so doing by his exertions and those of the man who followed her footsteps.

### Runaway.

Yesterday evening a pair of mules attached to a wagon belonging to the Birmingham Bottling Company, took fright at a locomotive, on Liberty street, near Second, and started up the street on a lively run, scattering the pop-bottles in grand profusion along the street. After running some distance up the street the turnout was brought to a stand in consequence of the mules endeavoring to pass a telegraph pole by running one on either side of it. The wagon was slightly damaged, but the mules escaped injury. They always do!

## DISASTROUS FIRE.

### Frazier Bro.'s Planing Mill, Sash, Door and Box Factory Destroyed—The Fort Pitt Lumber Company's Board Yard Burned—Loss $50,000.

A destructive fire occurred about half past ten o'clock last evening at the corner of Reid street and Gas alley, Second Ward, Allegheny, by which the extensive planing mill, sash, door, and box factory and cooper shop of Frazier Bros., successors to Munroe, Hamilton & Co., were totally destroyed, and a large quantity of lumber belonging to the Fort Pitt Lumber Company burned.

The fire originated in the engine room shortly after ten o'clock, and owing to the inflamable nature of the material in the mill it spread rapidly throughout the entire building, a large frame, occupying nearly an entire square, and in which were the sash, door and box factory and the cooper shop, and in less than half an hour after the fire was first discovered, the entire structure was in flames. The lumber yard, which is situated between the planing mill and Irwin avenue, and in close proximity to the former, was filled with dry pine lumber, which, owing to the excessive heat, took fire, and a large quantity of it was destroyed.

The alarm was given and the Allegheny fire department responded promptly, but in consequence of the inflammable nature of the material burning, and the scarcity of water, it was impossible to subdue the flames, and the efforts of the firemen were exerted to check the progress and prevent the fire from spreading to the surrounding buildings, in which they succeeded admirably.

The Frazier Brothers, we learn, only purchased the establishment a few days since at a cost of $35,000, and had in addition to that a heavy stock of lumber on hand, all of which was destroyed.

Owing to the lateness of the hour, it was impossible for our reporter to ascertain the exact extent of the loss or the amout of insurance. The loss, however, was estimated at fifty thousand dollars, and it was reported that there was but a light insurance on the establishment.

The I. X. L. machine shop, which adjoins the planing mill, was in imminent danger, and a small portion of the property was destroyed. Messrs. Munroe & Hamilton, the former proprietors of the planing mill, had about $3,000 worth of lumber stored in the building, all of which was destroyed.

Several of the Pittsburgh fire companies arrived on the ground shortly after the fire broke out, and rendered valuable service, for which they have the thanks of the Allegheny fire department as well as of the citizens.

### A Rare Opportunity.

As the city is daily assuming much larger proportions, population and business increasing, and trade proportionably expanding, there can be no doubt but property is bound to advance in the heart of the city. Even in the rural districts houses and lots command high prices because the people believe that some day trade will advance that far, and largely enhance the value of property. Those prominent sites which are to-day considered just the things for wholesale or retail business, will never lessen in value. By the peculiarity with which our city is laid out business must confine itself to narrow limits. We might mention various localities the property on which will never deteriorate in value. Promisnently among these is Wood street. That is an avenue which must ever continue to increase in public estimation. It is so situated in conjunction with rivers and railways as to demand important place in the city of to-day as well as of the city in the future. The property on it is nearly all owned by the merchants having places of business thereon, and it is seldom the chance of outsiders to secure either a building site or a building. To-day, however, a grand opportunity for a purchase will be offered in the expose of that very desirable building for business purposes, No. 100 Wood street, now occupied by R. E. Breed & Co., as a queensware house. This sale will be peremptory and take place at half-past two o'clock. We earnestly advise all our readers to be in attendance, as a rare bargain may be anticipated.

### Fatal Fall.

A most frightful accident occurred some time during Monday night, resulting in the death of Daniel Barnes, an Irishman lately in the employ of S. M. Kier & Co. The body of the deceased was found yesterday morning about seven o'clock, lying within a few feet of the Connellsville Railroad track, near Everson & Preston's Rolling Mill, under circumstances which leave no doubt but that he fell over the precipice from the top of Boyd's Hill. The neck was broken, one shoulder dislocated and the body terribly bruised and scratched in different parts. Deceased boarded at No. 7 Vickroy street, in the Sixth ward.

Coroner Clawson held an inquest on the body, and from the testimony it appears that deceased started about nine o'clock from Stevenson street to go to a house on the top of Boyd's Hill, and none of his friends or acquaintances saw him alive afterward.

The following verdict was returned: That the said Daniel Barnes came to his death by falling over the hill near Bluff street, Sixth ward, Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, thereby causing his death accidentally. The jury recommend that the city authorities place a fence across Bluff street, and also at the head of Stevenson street, to prevent similar accidents, this being the second inside of a year.

### Tobacco and Segars.

The community in general and that portion in particular who use or deal in tobacco, are respectfully requested to visit the establishment of John Megraw, 45 Hand street, where they will find one of the most extensive stocks of tobacco, segars, pipes, segar tubes, cases, &c., ever brought to this market. His stock of tobacco includes all the fine Eastern and Western brands of navy, cavendish, fine-cut and natural leaf, and his stock of segars comprises all the fancy imported brands, as well as those of home manufacture, all of which he is selling at reasonable prices. His number is 45 Hand street.

## THE COURTS.

### Quarter Sessions—Judge Sterrett.

TUESDAY, June 29.—Henry Miller, indicted for assault and battery, was arraigned and plead guilty. The sentence of the Court was that he pay a fine of $15 to the Commonwealth and costs of prosecution.

William Jamison, indicted for assault and battery, William Blackburn, prosecutor, was arraigned and plead not guilty. The assault was committed on the 4th inst. Jury out.

Jeremiah Driscoll and James Dean plead guilty to an indictment for assault and battery, John Bradford, prosecutor. Sentence deferred.

OYER AND TERMINER.

William Barnes, indicted for burglary, Wm. Stewart prosecutor, was arraigned and plead not guilty. The defendant was charged with entering a dwelling house and store on Rebecca street, First ward Allegheny. Defendant was arrested in a board yard, having in his possession a number of articles alleged to have been stolen from the prosecutor. He was taken to the Mayor's office, where the goods in his possession were identified by Mr. Stewart, the prosecutor. The jury returned a verdict of guilty.

Martin Loeffler, indicted for keeping a ferocious dog, Elleanor Grier prosecutrix, was next placed on trial. The parties reside in Shaler township, and it was alleged by prosecutrix that defendant's dog bit her, (the prosecutrixs') child. Jury out.

TRIAL LIST FOR WEDNESDAY.

306. Com. vs. Thos. Hughes and John Dignam.
308. " W. Drumin and Jno. Wilkinson.
309. " Henry Little et al.
310. " George McKee.
319. " Owen Sullivan.
282. " Robert Hague.
287. " Catarine Girty.
288. " Barney McBride and Margaret McBride.
299. " Jacob Schrank.
230. " J. Dierstein.
328. " H. Ackerman.

TRIAL LIST FOR THURSDAY.

303. Com. vs. Annie Miller.
304. " Louis Hilke.
305. " Joseph Conavan et al.
320. " John McGurk.
323. " Wm. Moffit.
324. " John McKirdy.
333. " Henry Richmond.
346. " James Henderson (4 cas.)
321. " Wm. Bechtold.
322. " Joseph Stewart.
334. " John Wallaker.
336. " Charles Brandt.

### Common Pleas—Judge Stowe.

TUESDAY, June 29.—Brewer, Burke & Co. vs. Lucesco Oil Company, previously reported. Jury out.

Commonwealth ex. rel. vs. Charles Long. Writ of lunacy. The jury found that Charles Long was a lunatic without lucid intervals, and that he had been such for the period of four months, and further that he was possessor of personal property to the amount of $1,000. The Court appointed James Blackmore, Esq., a Committee to take charge of the goods, chattels and effects of the said lunatic.

James Laughlin vs. Jas. M. Burnes et al. Action in ejectment for a lot in the Seventh Ward. On trial.

TRIAL LIST FOR WEDNESDAY.

93. Mellon Bro's vs. Moundfield et ux.
98. Noll vs. Waldschmidt.
101. McElroy vs. Barker & Co.
103. Ferguson vs. McNish et al.
105. Owens vs. Robb & Herron.
34. Stoney vs. McCutcheon et al.
64. English vs. Carson.
98. Kearney's Adm'rs vs. White.
78. Dalzell vs. Snyder.

### End of the Donaldson Murder Trial.

We clip the following from the St. Louis *Dispatch* relative to the trial of Captain W. B. Donaldson, on the charge of murder:

Charles P. Johnson concluded his speech for the State, and all who heard him pronounce it a splendid effort. The Court room was crowded; every bench and window-sill, even the steps leading to Judge Primm's desk, was thronged. The jury retired at 11 o'clock to deliberate on their verdict. They returned at ten minutes to twelve, and, upon being interrogated, replied that they had agree upon a verdict. The verdict was handed to the Clerk by the foreman, and while opening and reading it a breathless stillness prevailed. It was as follows: "We, the jury, find the defendant not guilty, as charged in the indictment. As soon as the word "not" was heard, the immense crowd commenced cheering, and continued to do so for a long time. When she heard the verdict, Mrs. Donaldson fainted, and a tear glistened in the Captain's eye; water was dashed in Mrs. Donaldson's face and she was brought to. Judge Lackland then moved for the discharge of the defendant, which was ordered, and the Captain, with his devoted wife upon his arm, departed from the Court room a free man once more. It is a coincidence worthy of note, that the firing of the shot which killed Anderson, and the reading of the verdict which acquitted Capt. Donaldson, took place the same day of the year, and almost at the same moment, there being exactly one year and a few minutes time between each event. When the Captain left the Court room, he proceeded to the Southern Hotel, followed by a large crowd, who kept cheering all along the way. On being repeatedly and loudly called for, Col. Slayback appeared in the Captain's stead, and thanked the people for their sympathy with him. Many of Captain Donaldson's friends called on him last night to congratulate him, and to-day also he received a number of visitors. It is not known yet how the two negroes, Glover and Ray, will be disposed of, but it is generally believed that a *nol. pros.* will be entered in their cases.

### Tired of Life.

About twelve o'clock Monday night a gentleman at the north end of the Railroad bridge, on the Allegheny river, heard a plunge in the water, and on repairing to the river bank to ascertain what it was, discovered a female struggling in the water. After some difficulty he succeeded in rescuing her and took her to the Mayor's office. On being interrogated she said her name was Fritz, and that she had been residing in the Ninth ward, Pittsburgh. She further stated that she had jumped in the river with the intention of drowning.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

### SNEEZING SONG.

We really don't know what to do—
Its making us fast old,
This sneezing, coughing, bothering,
Can tankerous bad cold;
A question we can't answer right—
We tell you 'tis most true—
A friend said, "Come, what will you take?"
Said we, "We'll take—*a chew!*"

We went to see the play one night,
And right beside us sat
A pretty girl with nobby dress,
And stunning jockey hat,
While we were laughing at the play,
She took us in her view,
And said, "What are you laughing at?"
Said we, "We laugh—*at you!*"

We ne'er can speak except with pain—
Our head's all in a stew—
It makes us, d; and makes b;
It shakes a body through:
It bothers us so all the time,
We don't know what to do;
Our soul is wearing out quite fast,
Like—here it comes—*a shoe!*

## EPHEMERIS.

—Eugenie is about to establish a nunnery.

—Croton-water, somehow or other, is getting oily and tarry.

—The London *Times* is now said to be the organ of the Orleans family.

—New Orleans butchers have struck, and meat is very scarce in consequence.

—For twenty-five dollars you may pull a man's nose quite hard in San Francisco.

—Ex-Secretary Seward is to be the Fourth of July orator at San Francisco.

—Parepa is going to cure her rheumatism at St. Catherine's Spring in Canada.

—A St. Louis editor went abroad recently, and now he is to marry $300,000 attached to a French widow.

—Fifth Avenue houses in New York have cashmere door-mats now, and it is supposed that the next novelty will be camel's hair dish-clouts.

—A St. Louis boy keeps rattlesnakes, and renders himself extremely disgusting by biting the head off one for the small price of one dollar per head.

—After all the talk, it turns out not to be Fanny Ellsler at all who has married the King of Portugal. It is a Miss Hensler, who is not nearly so old as Fanny.

—A Virginian kills rattlesnakes by seizing them by the throat and ejecting tobacco juice from his mouth into theirs, as their jaws open under the pressure.

—The Yale University crew has lost one member; the man who takes his place is not thoroughly trained, nor is he as accustomed to rowing with the crew as was the ex-member.

—Omaha is boring for oil. We remember that some time ago, about the time G. F. Train was there, there were very strong indications of gas noticed in that neighborhood.

—A successful amputation has been made of the tail of a young lion at Madras, India, under the influence of chloroform. A playful tiger had spoiled the caudal ornament by chewing it.

—The umbrella of Mr. Horace Greeley is said to be forty-two years old, and still in a fine state of preservation, as it has, like the famous paintings of the masters, been several times carefully restored.

—Mr. Padwick, the usurer known as "the spider," who has the credit of having broken up more noble families than any other man in England, is the Duke of Newcastle's creditor to the amount of £95,000.

—A traveller on a Western railroad was surprised, after conversing with a lady who argued that women should be allowed to do all men's work, to be asked to take her checks and call a hack for her.

—The big potteries of Trenton, N. J., have been furnished with labor-saving machines during the fifteen weeks that the strikers have held out, and the manufacturers now offer to take back only a few of the men in any case.

—The dirty sponges from the New York hospitals are nicely cleaned and whitened before they are exposed for sale on the streets and ferryboats. People who buy them can be sure they are good because they have been thoroughly tested for every sort of hospital use.

—The great eclipse begins in Asia on the 8th of August and, strange to say, ends in this country on the 7th. This astonishingly quick traveling from West to East cannot be accounted for by the completion of the Pacific Railroad and so there must be some other reason for it.

—A California lawyer recently, after stating a proposition, said: "May it please your Honor—I'll bet a hundred dollars and stake the money, that what I say is good law." The attorney on the other side declined to bet, and the argument was admitted by the Court to be unanswerable.

—A western orator is more than usually blessed. Most men have to be satisfied if they are able to make one grand spread-eagle Fourth of July oration per year, but this man has engaged to deliver one on the third at one place, and another on the fifth at another place. Such bliss cannot often fall to the lot of man.

Two colored physicians, of Washington, complain that the Medical Society of the District of Columbia will not admit them as members, after having granted them licenses to practice. The rules of the Society make it a punishable offence for any member to hold a consultation with any physician who is not a member, and, therefore, the practice of the colored physicians is interfered with, as many persons do not desire to employ doctors who cannot, in cases of difficulty, obtain the co-operation and assistance of their professional brethren. The colored physicians state that they have been obliged to contend against this opposition ever since they commenced the study of medicine, but will continue patiently to endure these wrongs until the prejudice against them is overcome.

### From Ocean to Ocean.

Here is the schedule for California passengers bound eastward: Baggage-masters of the Pacific railroad are on the Sacramento boat who receive and check baggage through to destination. Baggage for points east of Omaha is checked to Omaha, and before the arrival of trains at that point, baggage-masters go through the train and recheck to destination. Full passengers are allowed 100 pounds baggage free, and children under 12 years of age, 50 pounds. Passengers are allowed to take small baskets, carpet-bags, &c., with them in the cars, or place the same in the charge of the baggage-master, with the privilege of access at any time. Extra baggage above the amount named, $20, currency, per 100 pounds, from San Francisco to Omaha.

The arrangements for sleeping on the Central Pacific route are not fully perfected, for the want of a sufficient number of sleeping cars. The traveler from San Francisco can have staterooms, or a berth on the Sacramento boat, at a charge of $2 for a stateroom with two single berths; family staterooms, with one double and one single berth, at $3, and dinner at $1; single berths, fifty cents; arriving at Sacramento at about two o'clock in the morning. Passengers sleep all night on the boat. Breakfast at Sacramento, and start at 6:30 A. M. on the cars. Dinner at Cisco, (ninety-two miles from Sacramento), just west of the summit, at 12:15, stopping twenty minutes. Supper at at Wadsworth, (223 miles), at 6:30 P. M., stopping twenty minutes.

The night is passed in the cars between Wadsworth and Carlin, (445 miles), where a stop is made of thirty minutes for breakfast. Dinner at Toano (559 miles) at 3:15, stopping thirty minutes, arriving at Promontory at 9:55 P. M., where they change cars to the Union Pacific road. The eating accommodations on the Union Pacific are similar to those on the Central, the cars stopping at proper intervals.

The Pullman sleeping cars are run on the Union Pacific road. The Central Pacific have in use two sleeping cars of a different style, and have eight more on the way from Wilmington, Del., where they were manufactured, and ten additional ones are ordered to be ready for the completion of the Western Pacific, when a morning and evening train will run from San Francisco. The charge for sleeping cars to Promontory are, for a double berth, $5, coin; stateroom (two in each car), room in each for four, $12, coin. From Promontory to Omaha, double berths through, $10, currency. The summary of indispensible expenses from San Francisco to Omaha, outside of the railroad fare, may be approximated as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| State Room, Sacramento boat, two bert's | $2 00 |
| Dinner on Sacramento boat | 1 00 |
| Breakfast at Sacramento | 75 |
| Dinner at Cisco | 75 |
| Supper at Wadsworth | 75 |
| Sleeping car to Promontory | 2 50 |
| Breakfast at Carlin | 75 |
| Dinner at Toano | 75 |
| Lunches to take in cars, say | 1 75 |
| Coin | $11 00 |

Arriving at Promontory at 9:55 p. m. Time, one day, fifteen and a half hours.

| | |
|---|---|
| This side Promontory, the sleeping car to Omaha, 1 048 miles is for two berths $10, currency, for one berth | $5 00 |
| Three meals per day, for two and a half days, eight meals at seventy-five cents each | 6 00 |
| Currency | $11 00 |

Between Omaha and Chicago the running time is twenty-seven hours; five days and seven hours from Sacramento; distance, 2,268 miles, and the expenses are about the same per day. Time into New York, seven days; distance, 3,167 miles.

### Sensation by a Pretty Young Quakeress.

A beautiful young lady, dressed as a Quakeress, entered the office of a prominent railroad official yesterday, and asked for a pass over the road, good for one month. She stated that she was engaged in missionary work, and expected to do much good. The peculiar character of the work was explained, and, asking the young lady to be seated, the gentleman proceeded to fill out a pass as requested. This was handed to her, but, stating that she could not read, she handed it back. The gentleman read aloud the pass—allowing her to go to any point on the whole road at any time within one month from date. The lady, to his surprise, dropped on her knees and prayed earnestly for some minutes. The act did not surprise as much as her sweet tone and beautiful language. Most beautiful thoughts were expressed in well chosen words, and the woman seemed to yield to the spirit of the moment. In her own language, the spirit moved her to thank God for putting so good a man in such a place. She said she had been an idle, frivolous girl, disposed to ignore the teachings and customs of her people, but that, uneducated as she was, she had devoted herself to a good work and had accomplished much, and hoped to accomplish much more. This is the incident as it occurred. Be this woman whom she may she produced quite an excitement in places where generally there is too much business for anything in the romantic way. —*From the Columbus (Ohio) Journal, June 21.*

### Love's Expenses Lost.

In Cardiganshire, England, a young man disapointed in a love affair sent a bill containing the following items to his "deceitful love," after she had wedded another: Ll—, Nov. 4, 1868.—Mrs. ——, late Miss——, to Mr.——. To 53 glasses of wine, at different fairs and markets, 13s. 3d.; to 1 pair of shoes, and heeling another pair that I wore out in going and coming from——, 4s. 6d.; for doctor's bill for curing a cough, caught by waiting under your window on a wet night, £9 9s. 9d.; to postage, etc., 1s. 1Id.; to deceiving me and throwing me out of a partner for life, £100; to enticing me to come to —— 99 times, at 2s. 6d. each time, £12; to 12 days lost in your company, £4 7s. 6d.—£128 14s. 9d.

GAUGING THE FLOW OF RIVERS, ETC. —In the Lowell Hydraulic Experiments of James B. Francis, we have the record of a series of experiments on the flow of water over weirs of a certain construction, such flow during a certain time being gauged by direct measurement after entering a receiving basin of known and regular dimensions. In the second edition of the same work, we find, further, the record of a series of experiments on gauging the flow of water in rectangular canals or flumes, by means of loaded tubes or poles, which measurements were corrected by gauging the same body of water as it passed over a weir, by the previously established reliable method or formula. We can, therefore, not only take this work to be a standard authority on these two methods of gauging the flow of water, but we can also, without, I think, exaggerating the value of the book, call it a standard authority on these two subjects for all time.

### The Way They Talk in California.

[From the San Francisco Golden City.]

Who is she? That beautiful woman whom you drove to the Cliff early last week, Mr. J. D. We saw you. We were there. You did not know us, among the scores who went to the beach to spend a pleasant afternoon; nor did we know you except by name. But we did know the fascinating woman—the syren—who shared the seat with you behind the coal black pair that spurned the dust of the level road, while your light heart went whirling along like a charmed bird fluttering helplessly toward the fangs of the sly and deadly serpent. You are a young man—barely twenty-five—O, we know you, J. D.! You were dressed in light-colored clothes, with a blue hat and black cravat; you wore two rings on your right hands, and a valuable stone sparkled on your shirt front. The "lady" was expensively attired (whose money bought the goods?) Diamonds shone on her white hand when we saw her glove removed at the —— House. (Where did she get them? Whose gifts were they?) But those diamonds, young man, did not possess the brilliancy of the eyes—the magnetic eyes that have infatuated you—the eyes that gleam upon you with a strange mixture of passion and mystery—eyes that are alluring you, you know not whither! Poor fool! Do you think she would deign to waste a glance on you but for your riches? Beware! If you do not open your eyes to your danger, your riches may yet take wings—the wings of that imaginary dove—and fly away; and your wealthy father, who has, too soon, we fear, intrusted you with a large share in his establishment, may yet rest in the grave of a gray-haired pauper! Who is she? We will tell you. In the town of H——, on the Atlantic side, a wealthy man was murdered, about six years ago, and his lacerated body thrown into a certain river. Suspicion at once fell on the young and handsome wife and one who was known to be her paramour. They were arrested and tried severally. Circumstantial evidence never pointed more unmistakably to the guilt of any one than to the guilt of these wretches. He was hung; but she, by far the more culpable, doubtless the chief instigator of the crime, was, through some accursed technicality of the law, acquitted. With the unblushing audacity of Satan himself, she laid claim to her share of the murdered man's estate, obtained it, removed from the scene of her crime, and journeyed—no one knew whither. But we saw her brazen but beautiful face in the prisoner's dock, and that face, young man, is the face that has been smiling on you of late. Her great crime has not troubled her immovable heart—has written no lines on her handsome face—the eyes have lost none of their brilliancy, but like the serpent's, to which they may be so aptly likened, have only increased with age in their deadly power; and, although THIRTY-NINE—O, it is true!—she appears but three or four years older than yourself. Now, you know her, Mr. D. Go on, if you choose; but when she has destroyed you, remember our warning and do not say that your fate is worse than your folly deserved.

## BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—The remains of the assassin Booth were interred in the family vault, at Baltimore, on Sunday, in the presence of a number of relatives and friends.

—The *Official Gazette*, Ottawa, Canada, contains a proclamation setting apart the 1st of July, Dominion Day, as a general public holiday for the present and subsequent years.

—The Philadelphia *Evening Telegraph* says, on the best authority, that the correspondence between Secretary Borie and President Grant, published in a New York paper, is a forgery.

—The annual spring regatta of the Yale College Clubs occurred on Saturday. The University crew won in nineteen minutes and forty-five seconds—distance three miles and four hundred feet.

—The Ocean National Bank, at New York, was burglarized on Sunday night. Seventy thousand dollars in Government bonds and large amounts of securities belonging to depositors were taken by the thieves. No arrests.

—A bridge has been washed away near Corry, Pa., on the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad. A passenger train ran off the track, and the engineer, named Sprague, was killed. None of the passengers are reported killed.

—Hon. Thomas R. Ross died near Lebanon, Ohio, on Monday, aged eighty years. He was the law preceptor of Hon. Thomas Corwin and was Corwin's partner in law. He represented his district in Congress in 1820 and for many years he has resided on his farm.

—The latest returns from the vote on lay delegation in the Methodist Church as received at the office of the *Methodist*, in New York, up to Saturday evening, June 26, are as follows: Whole number of votes cast, 38,455. For lay delegation, 27,587; against, 10,871; majority for lay delegation, 18,716.

—Information from the west says that the country west of Juction City, Kansas, is inundated in many places and that houses, stock, crops, &c., are washed away. It is reported that twenty-five persons have been drowned in Chapman's Creek county, and that the town of Aveline is flooded and two persons drowned.

—In the City Council of St. Louis, yesterday, a resolution was offered and referred to a special committee, instructing the Committee on the Pacific Railroad to inquire into the report that the Directors have paid $150,000 to one of their number, and to consult with the City Counsellor and act in accordance with his instructions in protecting the city in her rights.

—A Richmond (Va.) dispatch says: There is great rejoicing here among the whites over the increased majority of 20,000, which the registration gives them. The prospect of returning power seems to have liberalized the minds even of representatives of the strictest Virginia sect, and to such a degree that conservative men of prominence are putting on foot a movement to elect Dr. Alexander Sharp, former Postmaster here, who is a brother-in-law of the present Marshal of the District of Columbia, to the United States Senate. The movement for Sharp is evidence of the most radical change in the feelings of conservative politicians.

—A fire at Philadelphia, Saturday morning, resulted in great destruction of property. The block bounded by Oxford street, Columbia avenue and Fifth and Sixth streets, comprised almost entirely of manufacturing establishments and places of business, was about three-fourths destroyed. Among the houses are Joseph Canover's, dealer in skins; Wm. M. McDaniel's, manufacturer of curled hair; D. B. Stifer's, furniture maker; C. Hall's, furniture maker; Jno. P. Henry, scroll sawyer; Hermann Staendell & Co., and Schultz & Co., leather manufacturers; C. P. Williams, tanner; Philadelphia and Boston Salt Fish Company, and others. Several dwellings were partially burned. The loss will not be less than $400,000.

## SPECIAL NOTICES.


**SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC AND MANDRAKE PILLS** will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the livor and put it to work; then the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens into the lungs, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure consumption.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivaled success in the treatment of pulmonary Consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectoration, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved; the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a deadly poison which is very dangerous to use unless with great care,) that will unlock the gall bladder and start the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the Seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to turow out the gastric juice to dissolve the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure Consumption is, they try to do too much; they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they derange the whole digestive powers, locking up the secretions, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schenck, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills or fever. Remove the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. No one can be cured of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, abcesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflammation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now the only chance is to take Dr. Schenck's three medicines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood; then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body begins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets fleshy and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

When there is no lung disease and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are sufficient, without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all billious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless.

Dr. Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 225 pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having pronounced his case hopeless and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and since his recovery many thousands similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenck's preparation with the same remarkable success. Full directions accompany each, making it not absolutely necessary to personally see Dr. Schenck, unless patients wish their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at his Principal office, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. He is also professionally at No. 32 Bond street, New York, every other Tuesday, and at No. 35 Hanover street, Boston, every other Wednesday. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer the price is $5. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists. my19:151-d&F

**DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES.** That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency, permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hindrance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also, boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for *two stamps*. ap2

**ELECTRICITY AS A CURATIVE.**—Dr. A. H. STEVENS has been using Electricity as a SPECIAL REMEDY in curing chronic as well as acute conditions WITHOUT MEDICINE for more than TEN YEARS, with unbounded success. A PAMPHLET, including all particulars, with certificates and reliable references, will be sent to any inquirer.

A few furnished rooms vacant, for boarding patients in the Doctor's family, if applied for soon. Office and residence, 2,001 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA. my13:j22

**BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.**

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world: the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *Black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. my21:j62

**EPILEPSY CAN BE CURED**—Those having friends afflicted are earnestly solicited to send for a Circular Letter of References and Testimonials, which will convince the most skeptical of the *curability of the disease*. Address VAN BUREN LOCKROW, M. D., 36 Great Jones street, New York. mh19:g28-d&F

**THE MARRIAGE RING.**—Essays on the ERRORS OF YOUTH, and the FOLLIES OF AGE, in regard to SOCIAL EVILS, with certain help for the erring and unfortunate. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa. my21:j63-d&F


## PROPOSALS.

### ERIE RAILWAY COMPANY.

Tenders will be received at this office until JULY 10th, 1869, for the following Supplies, to be delivered as required, on the line of the Erie and Atlantic and Great Western Railways, for the use of said Railway Companies to 1st January, 1870:

Railroad Castings of all descriptions;
Railroad Spikes;
Railroad Chairs;
Track Bolts and Nuts;
Hot and Cold Pressed Nuts and Bolts;
Fish Plates;
Bar and Round Iron, "refined;"
Boiler and Sheet Iron;
Pig Iron, "Anthracite;"
Pig Iron, "Charcoal" equal to "Salisbury;"
Wrought Iron Axles, to order;
Frog Steel, "to order;"
Steel Frog Plates and Points, "to order;"
Spring Steel;
Steel Axles, to order;
Cut Nails and Spikes;
Wrought Nails and Spikes;
Georgia Pine, to order;
Chains;
Lard Oil;
Bell Rope;
Hay;
Shovels.

The deliveries to be made in such quantities as, may from time to time be determined upon by the Company, after the acceptance of the tender.

Parties bidding must state the quality of the material offered, and at what point delivered, also furnish samples when required.

Payments in cash, as customary with this Company.

The Company reserve the right to reject any bids, which must be enclosed, sealed, and addressed to

**GEO C. HALL Purch. Agent,**
1 Erie Block, foot Reade St., New York.
je21:k74-MWF

OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO., Pa., Pittsburgh, June 22, 1869.

**NOTICE TO BAKERS.**—Sealed PROPOSALS, addressed to the "Board of Inspectors of Allegheny County Prison," will be received at this office until JULY 3d, for furnishing the County Prison with bread for six months from July 15th. Loaves to weigh one and a-half and two pounds respectively, and to be of approved quality. Bids to be made as so much per pound. Bonds for two thousand dollars will be required for faithful performance of contract. The name of the security must accompany the bid. Bids endorsed by the Warden and probated at this office will be paid monthly.

HENRY LAMBERT,
je2 Controller.


**HENDERSON J. & BROTHERS,** 266 Liberty street, Dealers in Drugs, Paints and Patent Medicines. ja5:39


## NOTICES.

ALLEGHENY CITY, PA., June, 1869.

**NOTICE AT A MEETING** OF THE BOARD OF PARK COMMISSIONERS, held June 22d, 1869, the following resolution was adopted:

*Resolved*, That during the progress of the work on the Park Improvement, the Commission will not allow any portion thereof to be used for public meetings of any kind or processions of any character, and the Park Police or other officers are hereby instructed to report all offenders to the proper authorities.

JAMES PARK, Jr., President.
J. R. OXLEY, Secretary. je26

CITY OF ALLEGHENY, PA., TREASURER'S OFFICE, June 18, 1869.

**NOTICE IS HEREBY** GIVEN to the holders of the SIX PER CENT. MUNICIPAL BONDS OF THE CITY OF ALLEGHENY, PA., that the Coupons on said Bonds, coming due July 1st, 1869, will be paid on said day (less the State tax) at the Bank of Pittsburgh, in the city of Pittsburgh, Pa.

D. MACFERRON,
je18:k65 City Treasurer.

**PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.**
TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT,
PHILADELPHIA, May 3d, 1869.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the capital stock of the Company, clear of National and State taxes, payable in cash on and after May 30, 1869.

Blank powers of attorney for collecting dividends can be had at the office of the Company, No. 238 S. Third street.

The office will be opened at 8 A. M. and closed at 4 P. M. from May 30 to June 5, for the payment of dividends, and after that date from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

THOMAS T. FIRTH, Treasurer.

NOTE.—The Third Instalment on New Stock of 1868 is due and payable on or before June 15. my8:198

**PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY CO.**
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY, PITTSBURGH, June 5, 1869.

By virtue of authority conferred by resolution of the stock and bondholders of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company, at the usual meeting held at the office of the Company in this city, March 17th, A. D. 1869, an adjourned meeting of said annual meeting will be held at the General Office of the Company, in the city of Pittsburgh, at 10 o'clock A. M. of June 24th, instant, for the purpose of considering and acting upon a lease for a period of nine hundred and ninety-nine years, of the railway and property of this Company to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and to act upon such other business as may come before said adjourned meeting.

The books for the transfer of stock and bonds of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company, will close at 2 P. M. on MONDAY, the 14th of June, at the agency in New York, Winslow, Lanier & Co., 27 Pine street, and at the office in Pittsburgh, and will re-open on the 25th of June.

By order of the President.
je16:k51 F. M. HUTCHINSON, Secretary.

**NOTICE.**

**To the Holders of the First and Second Mortgage Bonds of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company.**

In pursuance of the authority vested in the Trustees, under the respective deeds of trust or mortgage securing the payment of the First and Second Mortgage Bonds respectively, of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company, and in conformity with the by-law in relation to the meetings of said bondholders, adopted April 7, 1864, which provides that in the absence from the country of either of the Trustees, meetings of the bondfolders may be called by the other Trustee, the undersigned, Trustee under the said deeds, his associated Trustee now being absent from the country, hereby calls a meeting of the holders of the said First Mortgage Bonds, and also a meeting of the holders of the said Second Mortgage Bonds, to be held at the office of the said Company in the city of Pittsburgh, on the TWENTY FOURTH DAY OF JUNE, 1869, at twelve o'clock, noon of that day, for the purpose of considering and acting upon any and all such questions as may arise in reference to the lease of the railways of the said Company to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, or in reference to the conversion of the present stock of the said Company into a guaranteed stock of a larger aggregate, upon which dividends at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, payable quarterly out of the rental reserved in the said lease shall be paid, and also for the purpose of considering and acting upon any and all other matters which may come before the said meetings or either of them.

je16:k50 S. J. TILDEN, Trustee.

**PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.**
TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT,
PHILADELPHIA, PA., April 2, 1869.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

All Stockholders, as registered on the Books of this Company on the 30th day of April, 1869, will be entitled to subscribe for TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. of their respective interests in New Stock, at par, as follows:

*First.* Fifty per cent. at the time of subscription, between the 15th day of May, 1869, and the 30th day or June, 1869.

*Second.* Fifty per cent. between the 15th day of November, 1869, and the 31st day of December, 1869; or, if Stockholders should prefer, the whole amount may be paid up at the time of subscription, and each instalment so paid up shall be entitled to a pro rata of the Dividend that may be declared on full shares.

*Third.* That every Stockholder holding less than four shares, shall be entitled to subscribe for one share; and those holding more than a multiple of four shares shall be entitled to subscribe for an additional share.

*Fourth.* All shares upon which instalments are yet to be paid under Resolution of May 13, 1868, will be entitled to their allotment of the Twenty-five per cent. at par, as though they were paid in full.

my8:198 THOMAS T. FIRTH, Treasurer.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R.R. Co., OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT, PITTSBURGH, June 28, 1869.

**NOTICE.**

All persons interested in the management and business of the

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago R.R.,

And the leased roads of the Company, are hereby notified that the railway and property of this Company has been leased to the

**PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.**

For a period of nine hundred and ninety-nine years, of and from the first day of July proximo, and with the close of the day previous, (June 30,) all responsibility and liability of this Company will cease as to the management of the business of the railway, and for labor and supplies therefor of every character. The term of service of all persons of every class now employed by this Company will terminate on the said

**30th day of this Month,**

Excepting such persons as may be hereafter specially notified otherwise.

By order of the Board of Directors.

**G. W. CASS,**
je29:j22 PRESIDENT.

**NOTICE.**

## CITY TAXES, 1869.

In accordance with Section 6th, Page 298 of City Digest,

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN**

TO THE

## CITIZENS OF PITTSBURGH.

That the assessments for 1869 of City, City Building, Special, Poor, Business, City School and Ward School Taxes and City Water Rents have been returned to me for collection.

The above taxes are subject to a DEDUCTION OF FIVE PER CENTUM if paid on or before the FIRST DAY OF AUGUST, and TWO PER CENTUM if paid between the FIRST DAY OF AUGUST and the FIFTEENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER.

No deduction will be allowed on taxes paid between September fifteenth and October first.

An addition of five per centum will be made to all taxes unpaid October first, and an additional five per centum will be added to all taxes remaining unpaid on November first.

**STATE MERCANTILE LICENSES!**

The State Mercantile Appraiser has returned to me for collection the appraisement for 1869. State Mercantile Licenses must be paid on or before July 1st, 1869.

All Licenses remaining unpaid at that date will be placed in the hands of Aldermen for collection.

A. J COCHRAN,
CITY TREASURER, 4th AVENUE.
PITTSBURGH, June 1, 1869. je5:k88


DRY GOODS.

**ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,**
No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
**Dry Goods and Notions,**
AT EASTERN PRICES.
G. ARBUTHNOT. W. T. SHANNON. J. G. STEPHENSON.

**NEW SPRING GOODS**
JUST OPENED,
AT
**THEODORE F. PHILLIPS',**
*87 Market Street.*
Prints, Muslins, Dress Goods,
SILKS, SHAWLS.
FULL LINE OF
SILK SACQUES,
*Very Cheap.*
87. MARKET STREET. 87.
ap3

**CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,**
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
**Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,**
No. 94 WOOD STREET,
Third door above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

WALL PAPERS.

**WALL PAPER**
AND
WINDOW SHADES,
OF
New and Handsome Designs,
NOW OPENING AT
No. 107 Market Street
(NEAR FIFTH AVENUE,)
Embracing a large and carefully selected stock of the newest designs from the FINEST STAMPED GOLD to the CHEAPEST ARTICLE known to the trade. All of which we offer at prices that will pay buyers to examine.
**JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.**
mh23:g41

**WALL PAPER.**
THE OLD PAPER STORE IN A NEW PLACE.
**W. P. MARSHALL'S**
NEW WALL PAPER STORE,
*191 Liberty Street,*
(NEAR MARKET,)
SPRING GOODS ARRIVING DAILY. mh6

MERCHANT TAILORS.

THIRD ARRIVAL OF
SUMMER GOODS AT THE
*Boys' Clothing Headquarters,*
NO. 47 SIXTH STREET.
**GRAY & LOGAN.**
je9

**B. TIEGEL,**
(Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide,)
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.
se26:y21

**NEW SPRING GOODS.**
A splendid new stock of
*CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &C.,*
Just received by HENRY MEYER.
se14: Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

**DR. WHITTIER**
CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL private diseases. Syphilis in all its forms, all urinary diseases, and the effects of mercury are completely eradicated; Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, resulting from self-abuse or other causes, and which produces some of the following effects, as blotches, bodily weakness, indigestion, consumption, aversion to society, uncleanliness, dread of future events, loss of memory, indolence, nocturnal emissions, and finally so prostrating the sexual system as to render marriage unsatisfactory, and therefore imprudent, are permanently cured. Persons afflicted with these or any other delicate, intricate or long standing constitutional complaint should give the Doctor a trial; he never fails.

A particular attention given to all Female complaints, Leucorrhea or Whites, Falling, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Womb, Ovaritis, pruritis, Amenorrhoea, Menorrhagia, Dysmenorrhoea, and Sterility or Barrenness, are treated with the greatest success.

It is self-evident that a physician who confines himself exclusively to the study of a certain class of diseases and treats thousands of cases every year must acquire greater skill in that specialty than one in general practice.

The Doctor publishes a medical pamphlet of fifty pages that gives a full exposition of venereal and private diseases, that can be had free at office or by mail for two stamps, in sealed envelopes. Every sentence contains instruction to the afflicted, and enabling them to determine the precise nature of their complaints.

The establishment, comprising ten ample rooms, is central. When it is not convenient to visit the city, the Doctor's opinion can be obtained by giving a written statement of the case, and medicines can be forwarded by mail or express. In some instances, however, a personal examination is absolutely necessary, while in others daily personal attention is required, and for the accommodation of such patients there are apartments connected with the office that are provided with every requisite that is calculated to promote recovery, including medicated vapor baths. All prescriptions are prepared in the Doctor's own laboratory, under his personal supervision. Medical pamphlets at office free, or by mail for two stamps. No matter who have failed, read what he says. Hours 9 A.M. to 8 P.M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Office, No. 9 WYLIE STREET, (near Court House,) Pittsburgh, Pa.

## WOOL MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, June 29, 1869.

Since our last weekly report the sales of wool have been steadily increasing, particularly in the coarse and medium wools, and we hear that in some sections the bulk of these wools are already sold. Prices for the low and medium wools have advanced somewhat from the opening prices, and may now be quoted at 42@45, the later price for choice tub and combing fleece. Fine wools still continue dul and hard to sell in the eastern markets and we do not hear of much being sold yet in the fine wool dristicts. We learn of some buyers having orders to purchase fine wool at 40 to 44. Until woolen goods market improves, we do not expect to see any advance in fine wools.

### Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, June 29.—Cotton less active and firm; 1,800 bales middling uplands at 31¼c. Flour heavy and 10c lower; receipts 7,289, sales 8,400 bbls at $4,85 @5,40 for superfine State and western; $5,10@560 for extra State; $5,65@6,65 for extra western; $6,70@7,15 for white wheat extra; $6,15@7 for Round Hoop Ohio; $6,75@7,50 for extra St. Louis; $8 @8,15 for good to choice do; included in the sales are 3,500 bbls low grades western and State for export. Rye Flour and Corn Meal without change. Whisky is dull at 98c for western free. Wheat 1c lower; receipts 58,721, sales 73,000 bush at $1,42@1,43 for No. 2 spring; $1,47½@ 1,48 for No. 1 do; $1,39 for inferior No. 2 do, and $1,72@1,73½ for white California. Rye quiet and firm. Corn dull, 1@ 2c lower; receipts 7,500, sales 51,000 bush; 82@87c for new mixed western via Canal, 84@88c for do. via railroad, closing 1@2c off from extreme quotations. Oats heavy and 1c lower; sales of 64,000 bus at 74@75c for western in store, 76@77c for do, afloat; receipts, 260 bus. Stock of grain in warehouse: wheat, 475,462 bus, corn, 219,682 bus, Oats, 285,831 bus, Rye, 62,621 bus, Barley, 168 bus, malt, 87,254 bus, peas, 35,144 bus. Rice dull. Coffee in moderate request. Sugar; sales of 550 hhds Cuba at 11½@12c. Molasses steady; Demarara at 58@60c. Hops quiet. Petroleum firm at 17c for crude, 32c for refined. Linseed Oil quiet. Pork a shade firmer with sales of 700 bbls at $32,37@ 32,50 for new mess, chiefly $32,37 cash, $32@32,50 for old do., $26@27 for prime, $28,25@29 for prime mess. Beef unchanged; sales of 140 bbls. Beef Hams quiet. Cut meats quiet; sales of 170 pkgs at 13¾@14¼c for shoulders; 16½@ 18¼c for hams. Middles quiet and firm; sales 185 bxs Stratfordshire at 16¾@17c. Lard quiet and steady; sales 325 tcs at 16¾@19¾c for steam; 19¾@20½c for kettle rendered; also 750 tcs steam, sellers for June and July, at 19½@19¾c. Butter quiet at 16@33c for Ohio. Cheese dull at $1,50@1,70. Freights unchanged.

*Latest*—Flour closed dull and 5@10c lower. Wheat dull and 1c lower; No. 2 spring $1,40@1,42; spring $1,46@1,47. Rye quiet and firm at $1,25@1,27. Oats heavy at 74c in store, and 75½@76c afloat for western. Corn dull and heavy at 80@85c for good to prime Canada; 84@86c for do railroad western mixed. Pork quiet and unchanged. Beef quiet and unchanged. Cut meats nominal. Bacon steady, with a moderate demand. Lard steady; sales 250 tcs prime steam, buyers for July, at 19¾c. Eggs dull and unchanged.

CHICAGO, June 29.—Eastern Exchange firm at 1-10 discount buying to 1-10 premium selling. Flour quiet; spring extras at $5@6,25. Wheat quiet and 2@3c lower; sales No. 1 at $1,23, and No. 2 at $1,19@1,21, closing at $1,20; this afternoon No. 2 was dull at $1,19 bid, and $1,19½ asked, seller for July. Corn less active and 2¾@3½c lower; No. 1 inactive and nominal in store, sales at 68½@68¾c, seller for July; No. 2 at 68@69½c cash, and 68@69c seller for July, closing at 68c cash; rejected quiet at 61@63c; no grade at 48@50c; this afternoon No. 2 was dull at 68½c seller for July. Oats in moderate request and ½@¾c higher; sales No. 2 at 63@64c, rejected at 58@59c, closing at 63½@63¾ for No. 2. Rye dull and easy; sales No. 1 at $1,06. Barley nominal at $1,50 for No. 2 in store. Highwines dull and nominal at 94@ 94½. New Orleans molasses 95@$1. Sugar 13¼@14¾c for fair to choice. Provisions dull. Mess pork $33,12½. Lard 18½c for country. Dry salted bellies 15¾c, packed. Sweet pickled hams 16@ 16½c. Freights easier and ½@¾c lower; 4½@5c for corn, 4½c for wheat to Buffalo. Receipts for the past twenty-four hours, 6,265 bbls flour, 87,067 bus wheat, 26,313 bus corn, 10,521 bus oats, 1,500 bus rye, 1,430 head hogs. Shipments, 10,568 bbls flour, 41,552 bus wheat, 81,148 bus corn, 6,566 bus oats, 326 bus rye, 1,458 head hogs.

ST. LOUIS, June 29.—Tobacco steady and strong. Cotton nominally higher at 33. Hemp dull; sales of undressed at $1,15@1,35. Flour; low qualities in demand, superfine sold at $4,75@5, extra at $5,25@5,50, double extra at $5,25@6, treble extra at $7@7,25, fancy at 9@9,50. Wheat dull, but rather strong in consequence of the bad weather; choice No. 2 spring sold at $1,15, prime to choice red fell to $1,20@1,35, fully choice to fancy do. $1,45@1,60, choice new red at $1,50, do. white at $1,55. Corn; choice yellow and white scarce, active and higher, mixed in bulk at 65, white 78@83, delivered 77@80, mixed in sacks 81@83, choice yellow and good to prime white 82@85@89@90, choice 92. Oats higher at 67 for mixed, 68@70½ for white. Rye dull and lower at $1. Whiskey steady and unchanged at 99. Groceries quiet and unchanged. Provisions dull and business small. Pork; jobbing sales at $33,50. Dry Salt Shoulders, packed, 13¼. Bacon; shoulders 14¼, clear sides 18¼. Lard dull and nothing doing, nominally at 19 for round lots. The receipts for the past twenty-four hours amounted to 2,200 barrels of flour, 5,900 bushels of wheat, 7,600 bushels of corn, 4,000 bushels of oats, 450 hogs.

CINCINNATI, June 29.—Flour dull, family $5,75@6,00. Wheat dull, $1,20@ 1,25. Corn unchanged, ear 66@68. Oats in large supply and dull and prices lower, closing at 65@67c, and the tendency is still downward. Rye dull and lower, No. 1 $1,05. Cotton firm, 32½c. Tobacco in good demand; sales of 257 hhds at $5 @10. Whisky dull at 92c. Provisions dull, nothing doing. Mess pork $32,50@ 32,75. Bulk meats: 12½@12¾c for shoulders, and 15¾c for sides. Bacon: 14c for shoulders; 17¼@17½c for clear rib, and 18c for clear sides; clear rib sides sold at 18¾c. Lard held at 19¼c, but no sales. Linseed oil dull, $1,02@1,04. Lard oil $1,42@1,47. Petroleum, 28@29c for refined. The money market closed at 10@ 12 per cent. Gold, 137 buying.

TOLEDO, June 29.—Flour dull and a shade lower; double extra to fancy brands $6@8,50. Wheat 3@4c lower; amber $1,37½ on the spot, and $1,37 seller July, $1,39 buyer July, No. 1 white Michigan $1,65, white do regular $1,38, No. 2 red $1,25@1,26. No. 1 do $1,32. Corn 3@3½c lower, No. 1 78c, No. 2 72c, yellow 77½c, rejected 67@68c. Oats dull and held at 65c, 1c above buyers' views. Rye in demand at $1,10@1,12. Barley nominal. Receipts—Flour 2,000 bbls, wheat 40,900 bus, corn 28,400 bus, oats 2,600 bus, rye 3,000 bus. Shipments—Flour 1,500 bbls, wheat 5,800 bus, corn 9,900 bus, oats 4,200 bus.

CLEVELAND, June 27.—Flour; city made $9 for double extra white, $7,75@ 8,00 for double extra amber, $6,75 for double extra red winter, and $6,50 for double extra spring; country made $7,50 @8,20 for double extra white, $6,25@6,75 for double extra red and amber, and $6,25@6,75 for double extra spring. Wheat; No. 1 red winter held at $1,35@ 1,36. Corn 74@75c; No 2 72@73c. Oats 65@66c. Pork $33 for No. 1 city packed mess; No. 2 do $32; clear $36. Petroleum —buyers and sellers apart and no transactions reported; refined 29@29½c in a small way.

MILWAUKEE, June 29.—Flour dull and nominally unchanged. Wheat unsettled at $1,24 for No. 1, and $1,21¼ for No. 2. Oats quiet at 59c for No. 2. Corn unchanged. Rye and Barley nominal. Freights quiet and unchanged. Receipts —1,000 bbls flour, 62,000 bush wheat. Shipments—2,000 bbls flour, 12,500 bush wheat.

MEMPHIS, June 29.—Cotton is firmer at 32½@33c; receipts, 98 bales, exports, 15 bales. Flour is unchanged. Wheat new, $1,10@1,25. Corn, 94½c. Oats 77c. Hay, $24@25. Bran, $21. Cornmeal is dull at $3,90@4,25. Pork is less firm at $34,50. Lard 21@22c. Bacon is less active, with sales of shoulders at 15c, and sides at 19c.

LOUISVILLE, June 29.—Bagging 22c. Wheat, red, $1,10; white, $1,25. Corn 66c. Oats 70c. Rye $1,25. Prime sugar 14½c. Prime molasses 80c. Leaf tobacco; sales of 286 hhds at $6 to $16,75. Mess pork $33,25. Bacon—shoulders 14½. Clear ribs 18c. Clear sides 18½c. Hams 19½. Lard 19¾c. Highwines 93c.

BALTIMORE, June 27.—Flour quiet and steady. Wheat dull; new white $1,83@ 1,85. Corn; prime white 95c. Oats firmer at 70@80c. Rye held at $1,35 for western. Mess Pork $34. Bacon quiet; rib sides 18c. Lard dull at 20c. Whisky is very firm and scarce at $1,00@1,04.

PHILADELPHIA, June 29.—New mess pork $33,50. Hams 18@18½c. Lard 20 @20½c. Flour active, spring extra $6 @7. Wheat heavy, red $1,40@1,50. Corn dull, mixed 86@89c. Oats active, western 75@76c. Whisky 93@95c.

DETROIT, June 29.—Flour — lower grades in demand and scarce; other grades quiet. Wheat scarce; extra white $1,68; No. 1 do. $1,51; No. 2 do $1,35. Corn—none in the market, and worth 90c. Oats at 70c asked.

CINCINNATI, June 29.—Beef cattle 50c lower, $3,50@7,00. Sheep dull and 50c lower, $2,50@4,50.

### Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, June 39.—Market quiet to-day, and jobbers are occupied in taking stock. The only change of importance is in domestics. Spool Cotton Thead—George A. Clark's glace 3 chord now jobs at 52½c; Willimantic 52½c; Merricks 45c; Green & Daniels 47½c; Stafford Bros. 47½c; but both the latter can still be obtained of some dealers at 45c; Hadley 50c regular, and jobs at 47½, and six chord jobs at 76c. In imported threads there is no change except in George A. Clark's black, which is selling at 80c. For domestic Cotton very firm. Owing to the high prices of raw material. In woolens, Chinchellis is worth 37½c.

### IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, June 29.—500 pigs lead, B L Fahnestock & Co; 40 sks millfeed, S B Floyd & Co; 2 cars cooperage, M P Adams & Bro; 2 kegs apple butter, 1 bbl dry apples, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 39 sks rags, McElroy & Co; 14 bxs cheese, N J Braden; 19 doz brooms, S Ewart; 55 do do, Arbuckles & Co; 15 do do, J Wilson & Co; 10 do do. J J Pettit; 49 bales hops, Spencer & McKay; 65 doz brooms, W M Gormly; 51 bxs jars, W Little, 15 bales wool, W Barker, Jr & Co; 5 bxs bacon, W H Wilson; 8 bgs rye, W J Meek; 100 bbls flour, Dan Wallace; 100 do do, owner; 100 do do, R Knox & Son; 1 car millfeed, J & W Fairley; 3 sks wool, S Harbaugh & Co; 5 sks rags, Smith Johnston & Co; 20 reams paper, Godfrey & Clark.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, June 29.— 403 bbls crude oil, J N McCutcheon; 160 do do, James Wilkins; 1280 do do, Fisher Bro. 560 do do, J J Vandegift; 320 do do Owston & Sowers; 280 do do, Pool Bro; 9 pkgs potatoes, 1 bbl eggs, L J Blanchard; 1 car metal, H Woodsides; 2 do do, John Moorhead; 10 bbls whisky, J Adler & Co; 2 rolls leather, Seibert & Berg; 1 car metal, James Marshall & Co; 1 do do, Rees, Graff & Dull; 8 sks wool, W W Logan & Co; 3 do do, Welsh & Co; 1 car grain, Keal & Ritchart; 1 car lime; D L Reynolds; large lot butter and eggs, owners.

PITTSBURGH CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, June 28.—199 bbls flour, Jas Gardner; 320 do do, 44 sks corn meal, Schomaker & L; 100 bbls flour, S V Vosking; 10 do liquor, Schmidt & F; 6 do eggs, J A Graff; 37 sks oats, F Schilds; 14 pkgs tobacco, W & D Rinehart; 30 do do, W L Jones; 5 do do, R M Allen; 12 do J Fullerton; 16 do do, J Hays; 12 tcs hams, 10 do lard, J H Parker; 54 do hams, 5 do beef, G Mitchell; 10 do lard, 10 bxs candles, Munhall & McGraw; 4 cars staves, M P Adams; 3 do do, W Hastings.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, June 29.—9 masses copper, Pitts Boston, M Co; 6 cars limestone ore, McKnight, Porter & Co: 1 car stone, J L L Knox: 1 car s pipe, H H Collins; 50 bbls oil, J Spear; 60 bbls plaster, W W Knox; 5 doz churns, Freeman & Berger; 10 cks, 7 bbls wine, J Dunlap; 5 bbls cider, W H Garaff; 20 bxs 1 crackers, W P Hunker & Co.

ALLEGHENY STATION, June 29.— 2 cars iron ore, 8 do limestone, Superior Iron Co. 2 cars cooperage, Ralya & Robertson; 10 do J M Hemphill; 3 caddies tobacco, R & W Jenkinson; 1 car wheat, Kennedy Bro; 1 do lumber, J Nanz; 2 do stone Forester & Megaw.


## VALUABLE CITY LOTS FOR SALE.

The undersigned, as trustee in the partition of the real estate of

*AGNES KNOX, Deceased,*

By order of the District Court of Allegheny county, will sell at public sale, on the premises, on

**WEDNESDAY, JUNE 30, 1869,**

At 3 o'clock P. M., that very valuable property on Fifth avenue, city of Pittsburgh, consisting of TWO LOTS. First—A lot fronting on Market street 30 feet and extending, the same width, along the south side of Fifth avenue 101 feet to Market alley. Second—A lot on the opposite side of Market alley, fronting on Fifth avenue 20 feet and running back, preserving the same width, along Market alley 30 feet. On the first mentioned lot are FOUR FRAME TENEMENTS, and on the other a THREE STORY BRICK BUILDING.

These lots are among the most valuable in the city of Pittsburgh, being on the principal street and in the centre of business. The attention of capitalists is particularly invited to them, as they are desirable chiefly for the value of the lots, the buildings not being of much consequence, and possession for building purposes can be obtained on 3 months' notice. The property now rents for over eight thousand dollars. The purchaser will receive the rents after July 1st.

**THE TERMS OF SALE.**

One-third cash, and the remaining two-thirds in two equal annual payments, with semi-annual interest from day of sale, secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

J. W. F. WHITE, TRUSTEE.

June 5, 1869. je7:k29


## RIVER NEWS.

The river was again swelling last evening with six feet six inches in the channel by the Monongahela marks. The rise, this time, is mainly in the Allegheny. Weather cloudy and warm, with indications favorable for more rain. Mercury at 4 P. M. 85.

There has been no arrivals since the date of our last report. The Wild Duck is among the first boats due.

The Julia, for Zanesville, was the only departure.

The Waunanita, Capt. C. A. Dravo, will positively take her departure for St. Louis to-day, and passengers and shippers should bear this in mind.

Boats in port—Glendale Bellevernon and Camelia—all laid up—at present.

It is probable that a number of towboats will get out to-day with coal.

—The St. Louis *Democrat*, of Saturday, says: Samuel Ray and Lawrence Glover, the two principal witnesses for the State in the late trial of Captain William B. Donaldson, were released from prison yesterday, and made arrangements for returning to their homes—Ray living in Cincinnati and Glover in South Carolina. Both these men had been indicted for compounding a felony by running away before the trial of Donaldson, and were brought back on requisitions upon the Governors of Ohio and South Carolina. Later in the day Ray and Glover were in the Clerk's office, claiming their attendance as witnesses. Ray claimed eighty days and was allowed nine days. He said he had a note for some $700 or $800, but could not get the money on it.

—A paper has been started at St. Louis called the *River Times*. It is conducted by J. H. Carter, a boatman of 22 years' services.

—The progress of the work on the lower lock of the DesMoines rapids, is stopped by the high water. The embankment is overflowed.

—The following document explains itself: The undersigned, Supervising Steamboat Inspector for the Seventh District, certifies that Jacob Reemeline, having been by me duly examined touching his qualifications as a first pilot of steamboats on the Ohio, Mississippi, Cumberland and Tennessee rivers, from Cincinnati to St. Louis, Nashville, Memphis and Eastport, I am satisfied he possesses the requisite skill, and is trustworthy and faithful, and do license him to act as such within the said bounds for one year from this date.

Given under my hand this 26th day of June 1869. JOHN S. DEVENNY, Sup'g Inspector for the Seventh District.

It will be remembered that Jacob Reemeline was pilot of the United States at the time of the collision, last December, of that steamer and the America. His license as pilot had been revoked by the Local Inspectors after the accident.

—Captain Geo. W. Rea's new steamer, building here, will be called the Jefferson. She will be completed in a month or so.

—Captain R. R. Pegram, one of the most noted commanders on the Mississippi, has purchased the Empire Mills, on Broadway, St. Louis, and will devote himself exclusively to making the best brands of flour.

—The frame for the new hull for the machinery of the Ada Lyon is up, at Evansville, and the work of planking will be at once pushed forward.

—Five hundred Coolies will take passage on the Thompson Dean at Cairo for New Orleans, from whence they will go on Louisiana plantations.

—A down river exchange says: Capt. Sheble has left St. Louis for Pittsburgh, to contract for the building of a crack-side-wheel steamer for the St. Louis and Peoria trade.

—The New Orleans *Times*, of Thursday, says: Quite a large towage of coal arrived here since Saturday. The towboats Stella and Simpson Horner, belonging to the firm of Messrs. Horner, Wood & Co., of Pittsburgh, have arrived, bringing with them 532,000 bushels of coal, consigned to W. G. Coyle & Co. The above is the largest consignment of of coal that has come under our notice for some time past.

—The Ironsides arrived at St. Louis on Sunday.

—The St. Louis *Democrat* says: Captains Ben. Dozier, John Dozier and J. Gorman of this city, and Mr. Gordon of Pittsburgh, have formed an association for the purpose of building iron works at Carondelet. Other river men are casting about for the purpose of settling down to work on shore, as many have already done.

## RIVER PACKETS.

### UPPER MISSISSIPPI.


FOR ST. LOUIS, KEOKUK, DUBUQUE and ST. PAUL—The steamer WAUANITA.....Capt. C. A. DRAVO, Will leave for the above ports THIS DAY, the 30th inst., at 4 o'clock P. M. For freight or passage apply on board or to JOHN FLACK or J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents. je22

### PARKERSBURG.

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING AND PARKERSBURG LINE.—Leave Company's Wharf Boat, foot of Wood Street, daily at 12 M., WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, GREY EAGLE.....C. L. BRENNAN, Master. Freight will be received at all hours by JAMES COLLINS, FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, ap13 Agents.

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TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.

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Numbering sixteen first-class vessels, among them the celebrated CITY OF PARIS, CITY OF ANTWERP, CITY OF BOSTON, CITY OF BALTIMORE, CITY OF LONDON, Sailing EVERY SATURDAY, from Pier 45, North River, New York. For passage or further information apply to WILLIAM BINGHAM, Jr. 70 FIFTH STREET, (Chronicle Building. Nearly opposite Post Office, Pittsburgh

PUMPS.

WOOD AND IRON WELL AND CISTERN PUMPS.

We are now sole agents for E. P. Smith's well known wood pump.

The trade will be supplied by us at factory prices in lots to suit.

A large and complete assortment always on hand. Families and all others in want of a good pump at a very low price, which we warrant, should see this. The best and cheapest pump in the market.

W. W. KNOX, General Wholesale Agent, 137 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. my15:j32-8W

UNITED STATES HOTEL, CAPE MAY CITY, N. J.,

Will be opened for the season SATURDAY, May 29th. In all first class appointments, equal to any and yet affording to families all the comforts of a home. President Grant expects to visit Cape May this season and will stop at the "United States." Address, my21:j94 AARON MILLER, Proprietor.

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PURIFIES THE BLOOD.

FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE. de7;b10MWF

CARPETS.

OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A

FINE SELECTION OF BRUSSELS, TAPESTRY BRUSSELS THREE PLY AND INGRAIN CARPETS.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF WHITE, CHECK & FANCY MATTINGS, FOR SUMMER WEAR, IN THE CITY.

STOCK FULL IN ALL DEPARTMENTS AT OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO'S. 23 FIFTH AVENUE.

NEW CARPETS! June, 1869.

We are now opening an assortment unparalleled in this city of FINEST VELVETS BRUSSELS THREE-PLYS, The Very Newest Designs, Of our own recent importation and selected from eastern manufacturers.

MEDIUM AND LOW PRICED INGRAINS, VERY SUPERIOR QUALITY AND COLORS.

An Extra Quality of Rag Carpet.

We are now selling many of the above at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

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NEW CARPETS.

FINE CARPETS

CHEAP CARPETS

OIL CLOTHS,

WINDOW SHADES.

Mattings.

BOVARD, ROSE & CO., 21 FIFTH AVENUE. my24.d&wT

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Pronounced by CONNOISEURS TO BE THE 'Only Good Sauce' And Applicable to Every Variety OF DISH.

Extract of a letter from a medical gentleman at Madras, to his brother at Worcester, May, 1851:

"Tell Lea and Perrins' that their Sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

Put free on board at London or Liverpool, in parcels of twenty cases or more; each case two dozen large, five dozen middle, or ten dozen small. Parties who order through us have the advantage of a supply from our stock until the arrival of direct orders.

James Keiller & Son's celebrated Dundee Marmalade. Robert Middlemass's celebrated Albert Biscuit. J. & G. Cox's Gelatine. Crosse & Blackell's goods. Delangrenier's Eaubaout des Arabes. Guinness's Stout, Bass and Allsopp's Ales. Wm. Younger's Edinburgh Ales, and the Wines of France, Germany, Spain and Portugal. JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS. Union Square and 46 Beaver ssreet, New York, Sole Agents for MESSRS. LEA & PERRINS'. Je9:k31-WF

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Done promptly to order at 161 Lacock street, Allegheny City, by P. LEBZELTER & CO.

The best attention will be given to all who want anything in our line. We always keep a large lot of turned work, such as Balusters, Newl Posts, Hubs, &c. Also, a good stock of dry Walnut, Cherry and other lumber on hand. my11:j7 P. LEBZELTER & CO.

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BUY THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PIANO AND ORGAN.

Schomacker's Gold Medal Piano, AND ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN.

The SCHOMACKER PIANO combines all the latest valuable improvements known in the construction of a first class instrument, and has always been awarded the highest premium exhibited. Its tone is full, sonorous and sweet. The workmanship, for durability and beauty, surpass all others. Prices from $50 to $150, (according to style and finish,) cheaper than all other so-called first class Piano.

ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN Stands at the head of all reed instruments, in producing the most perfect pipe quality of tone of any similar instrument in the United States. It is simple and compact in construction, and not liable to get out of order.

CARPENTER'S PATENT "VOX HUMANA TREMOLO" is only to be found in this Organ. Price from $100 to $250. All guaranteed for five years.

BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER, No. 12 ST. CLAIR STREET. Orders for tuning and repairing will be promptly attended to by C. F. Mathews.


## RAILROADS.

1869.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. W. and CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R. From May 9th, 1869, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, north side, Pittsburgh city time, as follows:

| Leave. | | Arrive. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago Ex.... | 2:08 a m | Chicago Ex.. | 1:58 a m |
| Erie & Ygn Ex. | 7:28 a m | Chicago Ex.. | 12:03 p m |
| Cl. & Whg'g M'l | 6:13 a m | Wheeling Ex | 10:48 a m |
| Chicago Mail.. | 6:58 a m | St. Louis Ex | 7:08 p m |
| Chicago Ex.. | 9:43 a m | Chi'go Ex & M'l | 4:08 p m |
| Cl. & Whg'g Ex | 2:08 p m | Cleveland Ex | 3:53 p m |
| Chicago Ex | 2:23 p m | Erie & Yg'n Ex | 5:58 p m |
| W'e & Erie Ex | 4:38 p m | Cl. & Whg Ex | 6:53 p m |
| *Depart from Allegheny.* | | *Arrive in Allegheny.* | |
| Bea'r Falls Ac. | 8:58 a m | Leetsdale Ac.. | 6:58 am |
| Leetsdale " | 10:03 a m | Bea'r Falls " | 8:48 am |
| " " | 11:58 a m | New Castle " | 10:23 am |
| Rochester " | 1:28 p m | Enon " | 9:13 am |
| Enon " | 3:58 p m | Leetsdale " | 1:08 pm |
| Leetsdale Acc. | 5:13 p m | Bea'r Falls " | 2:43 pm |
| Bea'r Falls " | 6:13 p m | Leetsdale " | 4:33 pm |
| Leetsdale " | 10:43 p m | " " | 7:23 pm |
| Fair Oaks Sunday Church. | 1:13 p m | Fair Oaks Sunday Church. | 9:58 am |

2:23 p. m. Chicago Express leaves daily. 12:03 p. m. Chicago Express arrives daily.

J. M. KIMBALL, Gen'l Ticket Agent. J. N. M'CULLOUGH, Gen'l Supten't. my10

CHANGE OF TIME. ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, THE ONLY DIRECT ROUTE TO THE OIL REGIONS WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS.

On and after MONDAY, June 14th, 1869 TWO THROUGH TRAINS DAILY (except Sunday) will leave Pittsburgh Depot, corner of Eleventh and Pike streets, for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo, and all points in the Oil Regions.

| LEAVE PITTSBURGH. | | ARRIV IN PITTSBURGH | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Day Ex..... | 8:00 a m | Day Ex..... | 5:15 p m |
| Night Ex.... | 7:30 p m | Night Ex..... | 6:30 a m |
| Brady's B Ac | 3:05 p m | Bradys B Ac | 10:15 a m |
| Freeport Ac | 9:40 a m | 1st Soda W'ks | 7:40 a m |
| 2d Soda W'ks | 6:30 p m | Freeport Ac. | 6:10 p m |
| 1st Hulton... | 6:45 a m | 1st Hulton... | 8:50 a m |
| 2d Hulton... | 12:00 m | 2d Hulton... | 2:00 p m |
| 3d Hulton... | 11:00 p m | 3d Hulton... | 1:05 p m |
| Arnold's Ac. | 5:00 p m | Arnold's Ac. | 7:40 p m |

Church train to and from Soda Works leave Pittsburgh at 1:10 P. M. Arrive at Pittsburgh, (Sundays,) at 9 50 A. M.

Express trains stop only at principal points. Accommodation trains stop at all stations.

J. J. LAWRENCE, Gen'l Sup't. THOMAS M. KING, Ass't. Sup't. ap30

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD. On and after April 25th, 1869, Trains will arrive at and depart from the Union Depot, corner of Washington and Liberty streets, as follows:

| *Arrive.* | | *Depart.* | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Mail Train.... | 1:25 am | *Day Express.. | 2:

# The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED DAILY BY

PENNIMAN, REED & CO., Proprietors,

F. B. PENNIMAN. JOSIAH KING,
T. P. HOUSTON, N. P. REED,
Editors and Proprietors.

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WEDNESDAY, JUNE 30, 1869.


## UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET.

### *STATE TICKET.*

GOVERNOR,
JOHN W. GEARY.
SUPREME JUDGE,
HENRY W. WILLIAMS.

### *COUNTY TICKET.*

ASSOCIATE JUDGE DISTRICT COURT,
JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK,
ASSISTANT LAW JUDGE, COMMON PLEAS,
FRED'K. H. COLLIER.
STATE SENATE,
THOMAS HOWARD.
ASSEMBLY,
MILES S. HUMPHREYS,
ALEXANDER MILLAR,
JOSEPH WALTON,
JAMES TAYLOR,
D. N. WHITE,
JOHN H. KERR.
SHERIFF,
HUGH S. FLEMING
TREASURER,
JOS. F. DENNISTON.
CLERK OF COURTS,
JOSEPH BROWNE.
RECORDER,
THOMAS H. HUNTER.
COMMISSIONER,
CHAUNCEY B. BOSTWICK.
REGISTER,
JOSEPH H. GRAY.
CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT,
ALEXANDER HILANDS.
DIRECTOR OF POOR,
ABDIEL McCLURE.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Poetry, Ephemeris, From Ocean to Ocean, Sensation by a Pretty Quakeress, The Way They Talk in California, Brief Teleyrams. Third and Sixth pages: Finance and Trade, Pittsburgh Markets, Petroleum Market, Wool Market, Markets by Telegraph, River News. Seventh page: The Park at the Point, Letter from St. Louis, Miscellaneous Selections.*

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 86¼.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 49f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 137¼.

EX-PRESIDENT JOHNSON is in Washington—of course on an errand of private business.

THE Republicans of the Venango and Crawford district have nominated Mr. AMES for the Assembly, associating with him upon the ticket Hon. H. C. JOHNSON, of Meadville.

THE new French cable will be landed at Duxbury, Mass., thirty-six miles below Boston. The successful completion of the enterprise is not looked for before the end of July.

THE Virginia election will be held July 6th, one week from to-day. In August, the Kentucky, Alabama and Tennessee elections occur; in September, those of Vermont and Maine. The special elections in Mississippi and Texas will also be held before the close of the summer.

PACKER stock is rising with the Democracy, that particular candidate commanding galore of cash, and being ready to expend it. We do hope that our neighbor of the *Post* will be fairly remembered in the division. But let no treachery or false friends ruin our favorite candidate.

SAVANS OF TIMES gone-by asserted, as is well known, that the moon is made of green cheese; later and more scientific philosophers have denied and satisfactorily disproved this old theory. As the science of light and the study of the heavens become more familiar and exact, still further progress is constantly made. The latest, and perhaps the most startling, discovery that has yet been announced, is that of a German philosopher, who gives to the world the new theory that the Zodical light is a gaseous ring, encircling the earth, and becoming gradually cool, so that it will presently consolidate and form another moon. Hitherto, one satelite has seemed sufficient for our wants, but if we had two, conveniently arranged, so as to alternate, giving us moonlight every night, it would have the effect of wonderfully increasing the number of suburban strawberry festivals and moonlight picnics, to say nothing of the effect which might be produced upon the tides, by thus giving them two nocturnal mistresses to regulate their movements, instead of the old and time-honored one, which, at present, holds the entire responsibility.

FROM 1860 to 1864 the aggregate tonage of American vessels engaged in foreign commerce sank 2,903,437 tons. From 1864 to 1868, it increased 2,724,423 tons, leaving the decrease at the beginning of the present year only 179,013 tons. Sometimes the diminution during the first mentioned period is attributed wholly to spoliations by rebel cruisers; but this is not correct, for the Rebellion took so much tonnage as the Southern States had out of the computation, and took the carrying of cotton and other Southern products from Northern ship-owners. There was an absolute shrinkage in the amount of material to be transported, and vast numbers of commercial vessels were sold to the Government. Sometimes the diminution is laid to the charge of the protective features of the tariff. But the tariff remains as stringent as at any former period, and nevertheless the tonnage engaged in foreign trade has risen until it is now nearly as large as ever before. A year hence it will surpass all former dimensions. It is, therefore, absurd to say that Protection is unfriendly to Commerce. Under the most thoroughly protective tariff the country has ever had the imports surpass in value all former precedent; and even now the goods are so fraudulently invoiced as not to show the actual amount by forty or fifty per cent.

WHEN the Great Eastern was building all sorts of grand results were predicted for her, and American ship builders—for in those days America built steamships—vowed that if the big ship were a success, they would construct ships thrice as large. But, when the vessel was completed, and after she had been fairly tried, her proprietors and the world at large acknowledged regretfully that she was not a success. Like an untrained elephant, she would not do what her owners wanted of her, and was besides enormously expensive. So the Leviathan kept changing hands from time to time, no company being strong enough to hold her long, and no use being found for her until the time came to lay the Atlantic cable, in the bottom of the sea; then the monster's mission was discovered. Perhaps with no other ship afloat could that work have been so successfully accomplished, because none other is so steady on the water or has so great a stowage capacity. That work was done, and now the Great Eastern is engaged in laying the so-called French cable. When that shall also be completed no doubt other similar work will be found for the great ship to do, for she has no equal in that line. Her officers and men have much experience, and will have more in this peculiar work, and if the laying of cables there will not probably soon be an end. Before the century is out, their name in the Atlantic ocean will be Legion, and it is not improbable that one or more will connect China or Japan with our Pacific coast.

A FEW DAYS ago, in view of the consolidation of the Pan Handle and Fort Wayne railroads with the Pennsylvania, we urged the importance of having stationed at this point an officer armed with ample authority to decide all questions arising between municipalities as well as citizens and the mammoth corporation. Of course, our intention was not to reflect, in any degree, upon the competency and faithfulness of the officers of the Company stationed here. They are all excellent men in the places they occupy, or even for higher places. But we took a broader survey of the field, and one which, sooner or later, will be recognized, by the Company and the public, as the correct one, or, at least, in the right direction.

In was announced in these columns yesterday that, in consequence of the consolidation of the Michigan Southern and the Lake Shore Railroads, the principal office of the combined company will be removed from Chicago to Cleveland—the President alone remaining in the old location. This movement is not instigated by "ignorance," as a foolish writer in a cotemporary journal said of our suggestion for ampler railroad authority to be located here; but proceeds from a just and full comprehension of what is desirable for the consolidated company and its customers. This arrangement at Cleveland is even better than the one we urged for this city. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company, by reason of asperities and prejudices existing between it and the inhabitants and authorities of this city, may be tardy in adopting our suggestion; but they will ultimately accept it, and even go considerably beyond it. Its own convenience will force the adoption of the measure.

### MUNICIPAL CONSOLIDATION.

Adopting the precedents afforded by Pittsburgh and Allegheny, in the consolidation, respectively, into one of all the municipalities within the same water-limits, the people of the boroughs on the South or Birmingham side of the Monongahela are moving in the same direction. We noticed yesterday the appointment o a joint committee of their citizens to propose a plan for their consolidation. Large responsibilities rest upon these gentlemen, upon the wisdom of whose action the final success of the movement will mainly hinge. It is essential that they should accept, as the fundamental basis of their counsel and suggestions, a rigidly faithful equity touching the local preferences and corporate privileges of each of the five municipalities to be merged. Doubtless, concessions will be needful from each of these, but the Committee will be most successful when they shall leave the least occasion for any accusations of unfairness toward particular interests. It will be natural for the smaller boroughs to exhibit some feeling of jealousy toward the populous and wealthy corporation of Birmingham, with which they nevertheless desire to unite upon an equitable basis, and it is quite likely that the Committee will do well to be liberal in their regard for that feeling. In short, the only way to the success of the proposed measure is to make it alike for the solid interest of each of the respective populations to come together under one municipal authority.

Now that the city of Pittsburgh has come to cover all the suburban settlements between the rivers, and as soon as the people of Allegheny shall consummate a similar end with the smaller boroughs to the eastward of their present limits, the success of this Birmingham movement will result in presenting three cities, each populous and compact, and together comprehending all the territory which is known abroad, if not at home, as the collective Pittsburgh. Every living ear within these municipalities can hear the same church bells; their remotest ward would be within the range of cannon-shot from either of the eminences which, from either side or between the streams, overlook the confluence of the waters, and the citizens of each of the three cities will continue, as now, one in every interest except that of their local government—and this, too, will certainly also become one as soon as the respective peoples may come to see their profit in that final consolidation—and not before.

When, by the success of the present proposition, the South Side boroughs shall have drawn together under one municipal head, the friends of the ultimate consolidation of the three cities may congratulate themselves upon the achievement of another long step toward the desired result, since it will then be so much easier, for the three parties to deal together, than it would have been for the twenty odd separate corporations of a few years since. But the grand consolidation will then be, as now, quite out of the question, until the public intelligence of all parties shall be quickened, through their pockets, to the satisfactory convictions of a mutual interest which can alone maintain the scheme successfully. Upon any other basis than that of a common pecuniary advantage, no scheme of Consolidation need ever be expected to succeed. The tax-payers of Pittsburgh, of Allegheny or of Birmingham will never give a dozen affirmative votes on the score of mere public spirit, or of municipal pride. Citizens who concur, in the abstract, in their preferences for the creation here of one great city which should embrace the whole wide extent of those urban and suburban populations, will continue to vote in solid columns against the practical application of the idea, so long as it is not supported by solid, tangible, practical arguments. One great city, in place of three fragmentary towns, would be something really admirable, but a reduced taxation, a better police, a more effective fire-service, a less impeded intercommunication, an improved water supply, better and cheaper gas,—in short, a more effective and less costly municipal administration for the whole city, and for each of its three great districts—are the only arguments which can ever make the desired consolidation a success. It is rank nonsense to talk of cutting through and under these reasonable requirements by the sheer force of any Legislative enactment. No law in that direction would be worth the paper upon which it may be inscribed, unless sustained by the concurrent judgment of the respective populations. Nor do we imagine that in any intelligent quarter, in either of the cities concerned, has it been, or will it ever be, seriously proposed to force such a result in advance of the settled convictions of a majority of the citizens concerned. We are equally well satisfied that time and events will witness these convictions assured. In awaiting that day, we commend patience, and a mutual consideration of rights, to all our fellow citizens.

### JUDGE WILLIAMS ACCEPTS THE NOMINATION FOR THE SUPREME BENCH.

The following correspondence fully explains itself:

PITTSBURGH, June 25, 1869.

*Honorable Henry W. Williams:*

DEAR SIR: The undersigned Committee of the Union Republican Convention of Pennsylvania beg leave to inform you that upon the 23d of June inst., at the city of Philadelphia, you were nominated by the unanimous vote of that Convention as the candidate of the Union Republican party of this Commonwealth for the office of Judge of the Supreme Court. In the performance of the duty assigned us, we may be permitted to add, that the fidelity and ability displayed by you on the Supreme Bench has more than confirmed the exalted expectations of the people of the Commonwealth, and to express the hope that you will be pleased to signify your appreciation of this manifestation of popular confidence and regard by accepting the nomination.

We are very truly yours, &c.,
A. M. BROWN,
M. S. QUAY,
GEORGE LEAR,
DAVID BARCLAY,
R. M. EVANS.
Committee, &c.

PITTSBURGH, June 28th, 1869.

GENTLEMEN: Your letter of the 25th, officially informing me, on behalf of the Union Republican Convention of Pennsylvania, of my nomination at Philadelphia, on the 23d inst., by the unanimous vote of the Convention, as the candidate of the Union Republican party of this Commonwealth for the office of Judge of the Supreme Court, and expressing the hope that I would be pleased to signify my appreciation of this manifestation of popular confidence and regard by accepting the nomination, has been received.

Permit me, gentlemen, in reply, to thank you for the very kind terms in which you have been pleased to allude to the manner in which I have discharged the duties of the office, and to express to you, and through you to the members of Convention, and to the citizens of this Commonwealth whom your Committee and the Convention represent, my grateful acknowledgment for this manifestation of their confidence and regard, and to signify my acceptance of the nomination tendered with such entire unanimity.

With great respect,
Very truly yours, &c.,
H. W. WILLIAMS.

Messrs. A. M. Brown, M. S. Quay, Geo. Lear, David Barclay and R. M. Evans, Committee, &c.

THE Cincinnati *Commercial* says:

It is true that the Commissioner of Internal Revenue applied to Mr. Smith, of the *Gazette*, and Mr. Halstead, of the *Commercial*, to make out a list of revenue officers for the Hamilton County Districts, and that a list was prepared as requested, and forwarded in a confidential letter. The next thing was, the personal influence of General Weitzel secured the appointment of his brother as Collector in the First District, instead of John J. Hooker, who had been recommended by the editors; and the influence of the President's parent, Jesse R. Grant, retained Mr. Stoms, though the editors had recommended Colonel Kennett. In the Second District the appointments were made according to the list prepared at the request of Mr. Delano.

The Cincinnati press concur in the belief that a copy of this confidential letter and list has in some way been procured from the Revenue Bureau, and will soon be made public.

WASHINGTON telegrams say: It has transpired that the appointment of Judge Robeson to be Secretary of the Navy was made on the joint recommendation of his predecessor, Mr. Borie, and Senator Cattell, of New Jersey.

Secretary Fish had a long interview with the President on Saturday, when the question of the recognition of the belligerency of the Cubans was fully discussed in all its bearings, and the conclusion arrived at was to postpone any action for a brief period, until further advices are received from the island.

### GERMANS AND THE SABBATH.

**Meeting of the Allegheny Committee—The Sunday Demonstration—The Address of the Committee to the Germans, and the Reply.**

The Committee appointed by the public meeting, held in Allegheny on June 18th, 1869, for the purpose of conferring with the leaders of the proposed celebration of the Fourth of July, on Sunday next, beg to state that they held an interview with the Committee of Arrangements, were courteously received, and had a frank discussion of the question at issue,

Subsequently, the following correspondence passed between us:

The committee of citizens appointed by a meeting held in Allegheny June 18th, 1869, to confer with that portion of our German fellow citizens who propose celebrating the coming 4th of July, our great national holiday, on the Sabbath, and to remonstrate against their so doing would respectfully present the following considerations to said Germans through their recognized committee.

We claim to be Christian men, actuated by Christian principles, and to represent the views and feelings of the Christian community of Allegheny county. As such we revere the Sabbath as an appointment of God, and can but regard the proposed demonstration as a violation of the law of God which requires the Sabbath to be kept holy, yet we accord to all what we claim for ourselves, religious liberty, to worship God or not worship, obey His commands or not obey, in all this we do not admit for a moment that any man has a right to disobey God, but only that we are not his judge in the premises. You say that no religious sentiment should enter into this question. We direct your attention to Washington's farewell address for this sentiment: "Reason and experience both forbid us to expect that national morality can prevail in exclusion of religious principle." We do not claim, however, that from the formation of our Government the Christian Sabbath has been recognized by the common law of the land, and protected by special legislation; that this law and legislation is sanctioned and approved by an overwhelming majority of the citizens of the United States and the State of Pennsylvania, and by not less than nine-tenths of the people of Allegheny, Pittsburgh and the entire county of Allegheny. We do not claim, moreover, that the Fourth of July is an American holiday, national in its character, commemorative of a great national event, its observance political and national rather than religious, hence its right observance, wholly incongruous with the quiet of the Sabbath; that this fact is recognized by the common law of the land, and by special legislation, consequently when the Fourth of July has fallen on the Sabbath, it has always been observed on the 5th, the 5th being recognized as the legal holiday. This fact we hold is incontrovertible. We further claim that the proposed demonstration by German societies on the Sabbath, July the 4th, will be a violation of our rights as citizens to the enjoyment of a quiet Sabbath, and jeopardize the peace of the community. That, to say the least, it will wake up antagonisms, personal and of races, which of all things are to be avoided in a Republican government like ours, where the majority govern. That other violations of the Sabbath, perhaps equally flagrant, have been passed over in silence alters not the case. Two wrongs never make one right: and this demonstration, we hold, will not only be a violation of the Sabbath but an insult to our national independence. Thus it will be regarded, and hence the danger to which we have referred. The plea of patriotic motives, true or false, will not be accepted. The community will regard it as a direct and intended insult, religious and national. That we express the views and sentiments of the vast majority of the people of all creeds and nationalities, you cannot doubt, they have been expressed through the press, through the meeting we represent, through the Grand Jury of the county of Allegheny, and by the authorities of the city where you propose making this demonstration, we ask you to follow the example of the Grand Army of the Republic, who but a few weeks since courteously deferred to the religious sensibilities of our community in changing the time for their patriotic memorial ceremonies, and we all know how the citizens generally turned out not only to pay honor to our noble, brave and patriotic dead, but also to manifest their gratitude to the officials of the Grand Army of the Republic who so promptly responded to their wishes, thus manifesting regard for the law equal to the love of country shown when they perfled their lives for its preservation, and shall a similar appeal to you to change your day for demonstration be made in vain? Will you assume the position that you are above such considerations as influenced that great organization to whom we all owe so much? We impugn not your motives, we have no words of denunciation to utter, we appeal to you, as good and law abiding citizens, as Germans, as men, to yield the point and forego the contemplated act. We enter against it our kind, but solemn, earnest protest, the solemn earnest protest of nine-tenths of the community. We ask what we ask as our rights in the premises, nothing more, nothing less, and we pray you weigh well our words.

Before closing we wish to say that should you refuse to comply with our request and go on with your demonstration that we will urge all parties whom we can influence to carefully avoid any and all acts or words on that day that might in any way tend to interfere with your procession or meetings, and should any disorder or disturbance arise from outside interference, that it will come from lawless persons who are ever ready to create disturbance, and not from the order loving and law-abiding portion of the community whom we represent, all of which is respectfully submitted.

JOHN S. SLAGLE,
JOHN F. JENNINGS,
THOS. J. HOSKINSON,
JAMES PARK, JR.

*To Messrs. John S. Slagle, John F. Jennings, Thomas F. Hoskinson and James Park, Jr., Committee*

GENTLEMEN: Your communication, which was handed in on the 26th inst., has been duly received and its contents carefully weighed by our Committee.

We will not here enter into a lengthy argument on the abstract questions which might be brought to bear against the proposed celebration of our common national anniversary. We are of the opinion that this anniversary should be celebrated in the same way we use to celebrate our personal birthdays, on the very day and not one day before or after. We are furthermore of the opinion that no day is too holy to celebrate the birth of a nation which, by the suppressed nations of the earth, is regarded as the pharos of political and religious liberty. With Jesus of Nazareth we believe that the Sabbath was made for man and not man for the sabbath.

You are kind enough to say that our patriotism in regard to this celebration was "bogus," only a pretext. It may be very pious to say of others that which is not fair and justifiable, and we leave to you all the benefit of it. Yet we cannot pass over said attack in silence and must respectfully protest against it. With the same propriety we might say that we regard the closing part of your communication as hypocritical, believing that you would do your best, underhand, to create bitterness and raise disturbances against our celebration. But we will not imitate the bad example, as there have been already too many appeals to passions in this controversy—not from our side, however.

You say that there was special legislation regarding the celebration of the Fourth when it happens to fall on Sunday. If so, we would wish to have it pointed out.

After all slurs and insults heaped upon us without just cause, we see no good reason to depart from our original resolution. We intend to celebrate our national holiday in a dignified and solemn manner, by a peaceful procession, reading of the Declaration of Independence and orations, not by firing of cannons and fireworks, drunken debauchery and all that sort of things. We will keep strict order, and from the very first beginning of the movement have not for a moment thought of interfering with the just rights—or, as they were styled by some of you gentlemen on a former occasion, the prejudices of the church-goers. In fact, most of us will attend divine service before joining the national celebration. Religion will be in less danger from us than from those who, by their over zealous and frantic piety, are apt to deter their fellow-citizens.

Believe us, gentlemen, that we feel no animosity, no enmity, against those who differ from us in opinion. We have no intention of destroying the true sanctity of the Sunday and we cannot see how this could be done by a patriotic demonstration, kept strictly within the boundaries of that highest authority for all citizens—Christians, Heathens, Jews or Mahomedans—*the law of the land.*

Most respectfully.
CHAS. F. BAUR,
JOHN FROHLICH, Sec.,
HENRY KNOEBEL,
JOHN SEIFERTH,
JOHN NUSSER,
JACOB ULRICH.

The chief magistrates of both cities are desirous to do their whole duty in the premises, and it is earnestly hoped that nothing may occur to disturb good fellowship between our citizens, good order in society, or the law of the land.

JAMES PARK, JR.,
THOS. J. HOSKINSON,
LOUIS KIM,
ROBERT McKNIGHT,
JOHN S. SLAGLE,
A. LEGGATE,
J. P. FLEMING,
FRANCIS TORRENS,
JOHN F. JENNINGS.

### Another Protest.

At a recent meeting of the Sabbath School Aid Society, of this city, held in the First C. P. Church, the following resolutions were unanimously passed:

WHEREAS, While we each, as individuals, highly and heartily endorse that sentiment of patriotism which prompts the Anniversary Celebration of our Nation's Birthday, and, as a portion of our fellow-citizens propose to celebrate the coming occasion upon the Christian Sabbath, therefore,

*Resolved*, That, as a Sabbath School Aid Society, we unitedly lift our voice, not in vituperation or denunciation, but in kindness, regreting that, in our opinion, they will have cast off the "fear of God" in violating His law by such celebration.

*Resolved*, That we, as an association, would ask them to consider the effects of such a demonstration upon the minds of our Sunday School going children, who are destined to become the ruling men and women of our country in the future, and we would earnestly entreat them that their influence be arrayed on the side of Right and Example.


**Peace Jubilee.**—Now that the great peace jubilee, in singing, has past and gone, the next will be in the eating line. S. S. Marvin, No. 91 Liberty street, is the leading spirit. He has on hand the best Jubilee Cakes made, expressly for the trade. If you want peace in the family and jubilee at the table, ask your grocers for Marvin's Jubilee Cakes. For sale by all grocers and at 91 Liberty street.

**Lace Mantles for $6,50, worth $8, Bates & Bell's.**

**Striped Dimities for 45 cents, worth 60 cents, Bates & Bell's.**

**The Sunday Question.**

This irrepressible conflict is causing great excitement, and unless good counsel prevails may lead to blood-shed.

At a meeting of prominent citizens held yesterday it was resolved to issue a call for both parties to meet at Tobias' Hall, 13 Sixth street, to see if an amicable compromise could not be effected, but the place of meeting may be changed on account of Mr. Tobias' closing out sale, which is to be held next Friday, Saturday and Monday, at No. 13 St. Clair street, where the entire stock of fine clothing, cloths and cassimeres will be closed out at thirty per cent. less than former rates. Annexed is a schedule of former prices and the present reduction:

Russian Summer Suits, the only ones of the kind in Pittsburgh, sold formerly at $6,00, now at $3,50.

Spanish Linen, sold formerly at $2,50, now at $1,00.

Navy Duck Pants, sold formerly at $2,50, now at $,25.

White Picque, sold formerly at $4,00, now at $2,00.

Russia Duck Pants, sold formely at $5,00, now at $3,00.

Knights of Pythias suits sold formerly at $35,00, now $15,00.

Elbarf gold-mixed suits sold formerly at $21,00, now $11,00.

Harris grey-mixed suits sold formerly at $18,00, now for $10,00.

Knights Templar cloth mixed suits, sold formerly for $25,00, now for $2,00.

English Short Frock, sold formerly for $18,00, now for $10,00.

Lord Chesterfield walking coats, sold formerly for $25,00, now for $11,00.

Spanish velveteen suits, sold formerly for $30,00, now for $18,00.

Velocipede pants and vests, new style, sold formerly for $12,00, now for $6,00.

Boys' suits at half price. Fine white shirts sold formerly at $3,00, now at $1,50.

Best linen finish buttonhole collars at 15 cents.

The entire stock must be sold without reserve in twenty days, as Mr. Tobias intends to build a fine hall for fall. Don't fail to find the popular place, at No. 13 Sixth (late St. Clair) street.

**Caged.**

James McDonald, one of the city lamplighters, while quietly proceeding toward the gas house, having two gas lamps with him, was intercepted by John Cushing, who not only insisted upon insulting and annoying him, without any provocation, but refused to allow him to pass and attend to his business. McDonald remonstrated with him for some time, hoping to get rid of him without any serious trouble, but to no effect. At length "forbearance ceased to be a virtue," and the lamp-lighter quietly laid down his lamps, and being a sworn police officer, arrested Cushing and started with him to the watch house. With some difficulty he succeeded in getting him as far as Cherry alley, on Diamond street, where, it appears, quite a crowd gathered and several persons interfered to prevent Cushing from being taken to the lock up Information of the fact was conveyed to the Mayor's office, reinforcements came to the rescue and Cushing was caged in the "toombs."

**Peace Jubilee.**—Now that the great peace jubilee, in singing, has past and gone, the next will be in the eating line, S. S. Marvin, No. 91 Liberty street, is the leading spirit. He has on hand the best Jubilee Cakes made, expressly for the trade. If you want peace in the family and jubilee at the table, ask your grocers for Marvin's Jubilee Cakes. For sale by all grocers, and at 91 Liberty street.

**No. 91 Liberty Street.**—This is the number Marvin's Celebrated Cracker Bakery is located at. Marvin has on hand the most complete stock of Crackers, Cream, Wine, Soda, Oyster, Water, Butter, Sugar and fancy, of any house in the city. Remember his No., 91 Liberty street.

**Silk Sacques for $8, worth $10,50, Bates & Bell's.**

**THE SYMPTONS OF CONSUMPTION.**

Paleness of the countenance.
Spitting, or expectoration of pus.
This pus sinks in water.
It is sometimes streaked with blood.
There is chilliness or shiverings, and flashes of heat.
There is a pearly whiteness of the eyes.
The hair of the head falls off.
At times there is a circumscribed red spot on one or both cheeks.
There is swelling of the hands and feet.
There is great debility and emaciation of the body.
There is a high colored state of the urine.
With a deposit on standing like brick dust.
There is oftentimes a great thirst.
The blood is hurried through the arteries and veins.
The pulse is over a hundred, and even as high as one hundred and forty a minute.
The veins on the surface of the body are bluer than usual, and languid.
As the disease progresses the debility increases.
The expectoration becomes more copious.
The finger nails are incurvated.
There is a marasmus and wasting of all the powers of life.
There is often pain in one or both lungs.
There is often diarrhoea and faintness.
There is great sinking of the vital forces.
When there are turbercles, small portions of turberculous matter will be expectorated.
This tubercular matter has an offensive odor.
On an examination with a lung sound, rattling and gurgling is heard.
There is always more or less cough.
Some of these symptons are always present in pulmonary consumption, and nearly or quite all of them in different stages of the disease.

No disease of which we have any knowledge is so common and so almost invariably fatal; yet this need not be the case if the earlier symptoms were heeded. Time and again we have called attention to Dr. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE, which will in every instance of a recent cough arrest the progress of the disease and hinder its development, and even after it has become settled will often cure it and arrest further decay of the lungs.

Sold at the great Medicine Store, No. **167** LIBERTY STREET, one door from St. Clair. Dr. Keyser may be consulted at his LIBERTY STREET OFFICE EVERY DAY UNTIL **12** o'clock, and at his resident office, No. **120** Penn street, from **1** to **4** o'clock.

**WORDS OF WEIGHT FOR WIVES AND MOTHERS.**

The superiority of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS over all other tonics and correctives, as a remedy for dyspepsia, billiousness, nervous affections and all complaints of the visceral organs—and as a preventive of malirious disorders, is proverbial; but perhaps it is not so generally known that the ingredients of this famous invigorant and alterative exercise a powerful and most beneficial influence in that numerous and distressing class of aliments, of which so many thousands of delicate women are the patient, uncomplaining victims. The special troubles of the sex, commencing with the dawn of womanhood, and extending over a period of from thirty to thirty-five years, are as readily and certainly relieved by the operation of this admirable vegetable preparation, as any of the complaints common to both sexes, for which it is recommended as a specific. The attention of mothers is invited to its balsamic effect in those peculiar cases of functional irregularity and irritation which, when neglected or maltreated, destroy the health and shorten the lives of so many invalids. There is no need for the powerful and dangerous drugs too often resorted to in such cases. The mild tonic and restorative action of the BITTERS is all the assistance that nature requires in its struggle to overcome the difficulty, and a vast amount of suffering would be spared to the sex if they placed implicit faith in this wholesome vegetable invigorant, corrective and nervine, and discared the pernicious nostrums advertised by ignorant and mercenary charlatans.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ **FIFTH AVENUE HALL.**—No. 65 Fifth avenue, opposite the Opera House, Pittsburgh, Pa., is the coolest and most desirable place of resorte. Liquors can be had at this place Pure and Good. The Billiard Rooms are on the ground floor in the rear.

☞ **NOTICE**—The citizens of the Eleventh ward are requested to attend a meeting to be held in the PUBLIC HALL OF THE ELEVENTH WARD SCHOOL HOUSE on THURSDAY EVENING NEXT, July 1st, 1869, at 7½ o'clock, when the New School Building will be thrown open for their inspection, and a report made by the Directors of its cost. The Board will also present the report of the Bounty Committee at the meeting.
By order of the Board
je29:121 H. P. FORD, Secretary.

☞ **THE MEMBERS**
OF THE
UNION REPUBLICAN
**EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE FOR**
Allegheny County
Are hereby notified that a meeting of the Committee will be held in the
**DISTRICT COURT ROOM,**
AT THE COURT HOUSE,
**On Thursday, July 1st, 1869,**
At 3 o'clock P.M. A full attendance is requested.
**W. S. PURVIANCE, Chairman.**
WALTER S. McCUNE, Col. GEO. F. MORGAN, } Secretaries.
je28

**NOTICE.**—All persons will take notice that I have established a new rule at my eating saloon from this day and hereafter.
**W. H. BURNS.**
Eating Saloon.
je30 Cor. Sixth avenue and Smithfield St.

**WOOL.**
100,000 Pounds of Wool Wanted by
**MEANOR & HARPER,**
AT THE WHITE FRONT,
329 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
je30

**IN THE MATTER** of the application of the "Consolidated Mutual Insurance Company" for a Charter of Incorporation. No. 141, Sept. T., 1869.
Notice is hereby given that the "Consolidated Mutual Insurance Company of Pittsburgh" have made application to the Court of Common Pleas for a
**CHARTER OF INCORPORATION,**
And that the same will be granted at the next term of Court, unless sufficient reason should be shown to the contrary.
JACOB H. WALTER,
je30:123 w Prothonotary.

**ASSIGNEE SALE.—AT AUCTION.**—On TUESDAY, July 6th, will be sold at Public Sale, the entire stock of iron ware and tinned ware, fry pans, sauce pans, ladles, skimmers round and oval drops, wire and wire rods, &c., &c., belonging to the estate of JOHN D. GRAY. The sale will take place on the premises at 11½ o'clock A. M., at Frankstown station, Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad.
Trains leave depot, corner Ross and Water streets, at 11 o'clock A. M. Sale positive. Attention of tinners and wire workers especially requested to the sale.
H. B. SMITHSON,
je30:124 Auctioneer.

**A. BRADLEY & CO.,**
**NO. 30 WOOD STREET,**
Manufacturers of the greatest variety of
**Cook, Parlor and Heating Stoves,**
TO BE FOUND.
In our assortment will be found all the LATEST PATTERNS AND IMPROVEMENTS, and the reputation of our Stoves is such that any one in want of a good article should purchase none but those manufactured by us, as they will be found the most durable as well as economical. Would call particular attention to our new VOLCANO STOVE, for churches, halls and stores. Over 500 sold in three months. Intended for with or without casing. All who have used them pronounce them superior to any other and far cheaper.
Send for Catalogue and Price List. je30

**REDUCTION**
IN
**PRICES!**
IN
**BATES & BELL**
Offer the Balance of
**SUMMER GOODS CHEAP**
TO
CLOSE OUT.
je30

**PHILIP PHILLIPS'**
NEW MUSIC BOOK,
**THE STANDARD SINGER.**
*The Trade Supplied at Publishers' Prices, at*
**METHODIST BOOK DEPOSITORY,**
**120 Smithfield Street.**
JOSEPH HORNER,
je28-PMW

**VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.**—Situated in Allegheny township, Westmoreland county, 10 minutes walk from McKeans station, on the Allegheny Valley Railroad. Contains 104 acres, 60 of which are cleared; all under fence; balance valuable timber; underlayed with coal. 4 foot vein. Hewed Log House and Barn; an orchard of 140 trees, grafted; the place is well watered and in a good neighborhood. For price and terms apply to B. McLAIN & CO., No. 104 Fourth avenue.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**SUMMER TRADE!**

**WHITE GOODS,**
STOCKINGS AND GLOVES,
**HATS, BONNETS**
AND SUNDOWNS.
*RIBBONS,*
*FLOWERS,*
*PARASOLS,*
*CORSETS,*
**HOOP SKIRTS, FANS,**
HAIR GOODS, PAPER GOODS,
LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS,
*Summer Undergarments,*
**PLAIN STAR SHIRTS,**
Fancy Shirts,
NECK TIES, SHIRT FRONTS,
*Suspenders,*
*Buttons,*
*Fringes,*
*Gimps,*
*Braids,*
*Laces,*
ZEPHYR SHAWLS,
And a Full Line of
**NOTIONS.**
OF
Every Description
AT
**WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.**
*Stock Always Complete and*
FAIR PRICES.
**WHOLESALE AGENTS**
FOR
**MERSEROLE & LIBBY'S**
*Superior Make of*
PAPER COLLARS.
Trade Supplied at Factory Prices.
**Merchants can save time and money by "Sorting Up" from our stock.**
**JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,**
**77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.**
je29-s-w

**ORPHANS' COURT SALE!**

By virtue of an Alias Order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny county, made the 26th day of June, A. D. 1869, at No. 1, June Term, 1868, the undersigned, administrator of the estate of DANIEL MORGAN, deceased, will expose to Public Sale, on the premises,
**ON WEDNESDAY, JULY 28, A. D. 1869,**
**AT 1 O'CLOCK P. M.,**
All that certain messuage and tract of land situated in Findley township, in said county, and bounded by lands of Peter and Charles Aten, Henry Weaver, the heirs of Jeremiah Morgan, deceased, and others, containing 388 acres and 13 perches, neat measure, as appears by a plot of survey filed to said number and term; late the estate of said DANIEL MORGAN, of said township, deceased. This is a very desirable property, and all things considered it is believed to present a rare opportunity to purchasers. It is gently rolling, with no waste land upon it. The soil is good and diversified, being adapted to the production of the various grains, grasses and fruits which flourish in this climate. The water is excellent, well distributed and abundant, consisting of numerous never-failing springs, with perennial rivulets flowing therefrom. About one-half thereof is forest, covered with stately white oak timber, which, for quantity and good quality, it is believed, is not surpassed in the county. There is a five feet vein of good bituminous coal underlying several acres. The improved land is in reasonable repair, in a good state of cultivation, and includes a valuable apple orchard. The buildings are not costly, but convenient. It lies adjoining the spirited village of Clinton, and is convenient to churches, schools, mills and the various mechanics useful to farmers. It is situated about equidistant from the Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago and the Panhandle Railroads, but it is now apparent, to even the casual observer, that the demands of the age require the construction of another line of railroad, north of the Panhandle road, to enable the numerous railroads, which have now western termini temporarily at Pittsburgh, to secure their just share of the immense trade and travel flowing eastward from the south and west. The construction of such a road, it is believed, is but a question of time, as a move made, within a few days, in the eastern border of Ohio, together with many other facts, demonstrate;—it is the opinion of many that said contemplated railroad, when built, will be located along the valley of the Potato Garden, a stream which flows within a few rods of the western boundary of the premises described.
To the agriculturist, the cattle grazier, the wool grower, the mechanic, the lumberman and shipbuilder, and even the horticulturist and fruit-grower prospectively, here is an opportunity which demands attention.

**TERMS OF SALE.**

One-third of the purchase money to be paid cash, five per centum thereof when the property is knocked down to the bidder, and the balance on the confirmation of sale; one-third of the purchase money in one year, and the remaining one-third thereof in two years from the day of sale, with interest, the last two payments, with the interest thereon, to be secured by bonds and mortgage (with Sci. Fa. clause,) on the premises sold. And the said Administrator is further authorized to sell said real estate either as a whole and entire tract, or in such parcels, purparts or subdivisions, as will in his judgment be most for the benefit and advantage of the said estate. And the Court further direct that the share of the widow of Jeremiah Morgan, deceased, of the purchase money, unless released by her, shall remain in the hands of the purchaser during her natural life, and the interest thereof shall be annually and regularly paid to her by the purchaser, his heirs and assigns, holding the premises, to be recovered by distress or otherwise, as rents are recoverable in this Commonwealth; which the said widow shall accept as full satisfaction of her dower in such premises; and at her decease her share of the purchase money shall be paid to the persons legally entitled thereto.
**A. R. THOMSON, Administrator,**
Postoffice address, Seventy-six, Beaver county, Pa.
June 29, 1869. je30:25-F

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER,
ALLEGHENY CITY, June 23d, 1869.
**NOTICE.—The Assessments for** grading and paving St. Clair street, from Borland to Fremont alleys, also, for grading and paving North Canal street, from Chestnut to Sycamore streets; also, for grading and paving Bridge street, from W. P. Railroad to deer's Island Bridge, and also for grading and paving Franklin street, from Beaver avenue to Ohio river, are now ready for examination, and can be seen at the office of the City Engineer until July 1st, 1869, when it will be placed in the hands of the City Treasurer for collection.
CHAS. DAVIS,
je24:11 City Engineer.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**WILL BE OPENED WEDNES**
**DAY MORNING, 26TH INST.,**
LARGE ASSO
RTMENT OF
**NEW SUMMER**
**DRESS GOODS**
A
T
**ABOUT ONE HALF**
**THEIR USUAL PRICE.**

AT 18 3-4 CENTS,
BEAUTIFUL PLAID
LENO DRESS GOODS.
USUAL PRICE 37 1-2 Cts.

AT 25 CENTS,
Fine Double Width
MOHAIR ALPACA LUSTRES,
IN ALL COLORS.
This Lot far Surpasses any Offered this Season.

Handsome Striped
SUMMER MOHAIR POPLINS
AT 20 AND 25 CENTS.
A Most Decided Bargain.

HANDSOME
**BRIGHT PLAID POPLINS**
AT 25 AND 30 CENTS
Very Cheap Goods.

VERY FINE GREY MIXED
Summer Mohair Poplins
AT 30 Cts., USUAL PRICE 50 Cts

Plain Mixed Dress Goods
AT 22 and 25 CENTS,
Suitable for Ladies' Suits.

The above and many other desirable Dress Goods are entirely new, having just been purchased. To move them as rapidly as possible they will be offered at
**ONE HALF THEIR VALUE**
AT
**WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,**
NOS. 180 AND 182 FEDERAL STREET,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

**BOOKS FOR PRIZES,**
AT
**S. A. CLARKE & CO'S.**
NEW BOOK STORE,
119 WOOD STREET.
Second door below Fifth street, may be found
EDITIONS OF STANDARD BOOKS,
Well adapted for PRIZES IN SCHOOLS. Handsome, attractive Books, (an entirely new stock,) all sorts, sizes and prices. OFFERED LOW TO TEACHERS. Illuminated Reward Cards in extensive variety. AS A GIFT TO A TEACHER, nothing can prove more acceptable than a finely bound copy of WEBSTER'S NEW QUARTO DICTIONARY, A SET OF APPLETON'S or CHAMBERS' ENCYCLOPEDIA, A BEAUTIFUL BIBLE, or any one of the many
DELIGHTFUL BOOKS
To be found on our shelves. WRITING DESKS, PORT FOLIOS, FINE POCKET BOOKS, GOLD PENS, and other fancy articles. je29:TWT

**SELECT BOARDING SCHOOL**
FOR
**YOUNG LADIES.**
**EILDON SEMINARY,**
North Penna. Railroad, seven miles from Philadelphia.
Miss CARR'S seventeenth session will open
**SEPTEMBER 15, 1869,**
At this healthful and beautiful situation. Terms moderate, instruction thorough. Apply for circular at Gazette Counting Room, or office of Jay Cooke & Co., Bankers, Philadelphia, or to the Principal, Shoemakertown P. O., Montgomery county, Pa. je21:k80

**IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF** THE UNITED STATES, FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.
In the matter of JOHN A. EMERY and EDSON EMERY, No. 1,361, in bankruptcy.
This is to give notice that on the 19th day of June, A. D. 1869, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of John A. Emery and Edson Emery, of the city of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, who have been adjudged bankrupts on their own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupts, to them or for their use, and the transfer of any property by them are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupts, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of their estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the office of the Register, No. 93 Diamond street, in the city of Pittsburgh, before SAMUEL HARPER, Register, on the 13th day of July, A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M.
A. MURDOCH,
je29 U. S. Marshal.

**ROCK THE BABY**
IN
**EARNEST'S PATENT CRIB.**
SOLD ONLY BY
**LEMON & WEISE.**
Practical Furniture Manufacturers, &c.,
**118 FOURTH AVENUE.**
Where may be found a full assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Kitchen Furniture. de25

**REMOVAL.**
**H. HIGBY & CO.**
Have removed their stock of China, Glass and Queensware from No. 22 Wood street to the spacious warehouse,
189 LIBERTY STREET,
A few doors above SIXTH, (late St. Clair St.,) where they will be pleased to show their old friends and the public the elegant stock of new goods just now opening. je17

**M'CORD & CO.**
OFFER THEIR ENTIRE STOCK OF
**STRAW GOODS**
AT GREATLY
REDUCED PRICES.
je29

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ *NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES each will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.*

### WANTED---HELP.

**WANTED.**—A Machinist of good address, who understands a general run of machinists' work and pipe fitting. Must have good references. Apply to H. L. BUTLER, corner Second avenue and Market street, Pittsburgh.

**WANTED.**—A seamstress for Dressmaking. Apply immediately, with reference, at No. 5 Stockton avenue, Allegheny.

**WANTED—HELP.**—AT EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

### WANTED---AGENTS.

**WANTED—AGENTS.**—A few good men can find employment by which they can make from $3 to $5 a day, by calling at No. 1 Sixth street, (late St. Clair,) up stairs. No capital required.

**WANTED.**—AGENTS.—$75 to $200 per month everywhere, male and female, to introduce the GENUINE IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. This machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, cord, bind, braid and embroider, in a most superior manner. Price only $18. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $1,000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful, or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth can not be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay agents from $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made. Address SECOMB & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa., St. Louis, Mo., or Boston, Mass.
CAUTION.—Do not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast iron machines, under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical cheap machine manufactured.

**WANTED—AGENTS.**—To sell the American Knitting Machine. Price $25. The simplest, cheapest and best Knitting Machine ever invented. Will knit 20,000 stitches per minute. Liberal inducements to agents. Address AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE CO., Boston, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo.

### WANTS.

**WANTED.**—Situation by a young man as Assistant Bookkeeper or Clerk in any profitable business. Can read, write and talk English and German perfectly. Address "C," GAZETTE Office. je22:k80

**WANTED—TO LOAN $30,000** on Bonds and Mortgages, in sums from $500 to $5,000, secured on real estate in Allegheny county. S. CUTHBERT & SONS, 39 Sixth avenue.

**WANTED.**—BOARDERS.—A gentleman and wife or two single gentlemen can be accommodated with a pleasant furnished room, with good board, on the line of the Passenger cars, No. 44 Rebecca street, Allegheny City. Reference required.

**WANTED—TO PLASTERERS.**—Plastering to be done, for which carpenter work will be given in return. All to be done in the best manner. Direct S. W., Box 8, GAZETTE OFFICE.

**WANTED.**—BOARDERS.—A few more boarders can find pleasant rooms and good boarding at No. 16 Ann street, Allegheny, for $4.50 per week.

### TO LET.

**TO-LET—ROOM.**—A furnished Room, first floor, can be obtained at moderate terms by calling at 108 Market street, Allegheny City.

**TO-LET.**—A Large House of 11 Rooms, on Fourth avenue. Suitable for boarding house. Water and gas. Enquire of MORGAN & ROBERTS, 114 Fourth avenue.

**TO-LET.**—Four commdious and conveniently located ROOMS, on Federal street, Allegheny, just adjoining the toll gate. Rent, $12 per month. Apply to JOHN S. ASHWORTH, on the premises.

**TO-LET.**—Room on 3d floor Dispatch Building. Rent very low for balance of year. Gas, water and stationary stand. Enquire at Potograph Gallery, Dispatch Building.

### FOR SALE.

**FOR SALE**—A beautiful country home, located near Perrysville, eight miles from the city, fronting on the Plank Road. The grounds contain 53 acres in all, is well improved, and in a high state of cultivation. There is erected upon it a splendid two story double frame mansion of ten rooms, with all necessary halls, pantries, and all modern conveniences; also, carriage house, wood and coal shed, a tastefully arranged barn, with ample stabling, and all other necessary smaller outbuildings. A beautiful grove of forest trees adjoins the house, which stands on an eminence, commanding a delightful view of the surrounding country for many miles. Two large orchards of delicious fruit, also all kind of small fruits, abundance of excellent water, and in fact everything that taste and convenience could suggest to make it pleasant and comfortable. It has been used as a summer home by the owner for the last seven years. There is also a tenement house on the property, now occupied by a good tenant. Any one wishing to retire from business will find this one of the most desirable properties to be found. Possession given immediately, or will sell the main buildings with fifteen acres, to suit purchaser. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth Avenue. je22

**FOR SALE.**
12 lots on Centre avenue, on line of street cars; 5 lots on Kirkpatrick street, on line of street cars; 2 lots on Linden street, on line of street cars; 1 large lot fronting on Wylie street; Two 3 storied brick houses 6 rooms each, lot 30 by 100 feet feet on Fulton street, near Centre avenue; will sell the whole for $5,000 cash, or will sell the houses separate at $2,500 each; frame house of 3 rooms on Mahon street, near the avenue; lot 24 by 100 feet; only $1,000 cash.
Two pressed brick front houses, with 6 rooms, well finished, gas and water throughout, fronting 24 feet on Wylie street. This property will be sold low and on easy terms. Inquire of
**M'CLUNG & RAINBOW,**
Real Estate and Insurance Agents,
Nos. 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue,
Dealers in Flour, Grain, Hay, Mill Feed and General Produce of all kinds. je17:k60

**FOR SALE.**
Near Osborn Station, on the Pittsburgh Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad.
TWO LOTS,
Containing About Two Acres Each.
ENQUIRE OF
**W. MACKEOWN & BRO.,**
195 Liberty Street,
mh15

**ENTIRE NEW STOCK**
OF
**DRESS GOODS**
AT
**J. W. BARKER & CO'S.,**
**59 Market and 20 St. Clair Streets.**
ALL OF THE LATEST NOVELTIES JUST RECEIVED.
TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. LESS THAN FORMER PRICES.
EVERY DEPARTMENT REPLENISHED WITH NEW GOODS.
**J. W. BARKER & CO.,**
**59 Market and 20 St. Clair Street.**

**FRESH SHAD RECEIVED** daily at BENJAMIN PULPRESS popular Fish Stand, No. 45 Diamond Market, Pittsburgh, and at the Twin City, Allegheny City, corner of Ohio and Federal streets. Can be had all kinds of Sea and Lake fish, Halibut, Shad, Seak, Codfish, Haddock and Eel. Also, large supplies of White, Lake Fish, Salamon, Bass, Sturgeon, Herring and Maclnaw Trout, which enables us to sell at the lowest market prices, wholesale or retail. We invite all lovers of Fresh Fish to give us a call, and we will insure them a treat. mh25

**A NEW ARTICLE.**
GANTZ'S SICILY LEMON SUGAR for making lemonade; wants neither sugar or lemons. Put in one pound cans to make thirty tumblers lemonade. Just received and for sale by
JNO. A. RENSHAW,
je29 Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

**VALUABLE PENN STREET PROPERTY FOR SALE.**—A large three story BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, in desirable location on Penn street; well arranged and in good order; hall, eleven rooms, gas and water fixtures, cellar, bath room, &c.; a good brick stable. Lot 20 feet front by 11 feet deep to an alley. For further particulars apply to
S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
e26 39 Sixth avenue

**FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,**
GREEN OIL CLOTH
FOR WINDOW SHADES.
TRANSPARENT
WINDOW SHADES,
TABLE AND FURNITURE
OIL CLOTHS
IN EVERY VARIETY.
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
26 and 28 Sixth Street

**APPLICATION to sell liquor** filed in the Clerk's office.
Wm. Nave, tavern, 3d ward, Pittsburgh.
The License Board will sit for hearing the above application on WEDNESDAY, the 30th day of June, 1869, at 9 o'clock A. M.
e29:119 J. G. BROWN, Clerk.

### FOR SALE

**WOOD STREET PROPERTY**
AT AUCTION.
On Wednesday, June 30, at 2 1-2 p. m.,
ON THE PREMISES,
THAT VALUABLE AND DESIRABLE LOT,
With Four-Story Brick Warehouse,
Twenty-four feet front, more or less, No. 100 Wood street, now occupied by Richard Breed & Co., importers and dealers in China, glass and earthenware, the property of the heirs of the late George Breed, deceased. je:6:116

**FOR SALE.**
Property on Spring Hill, 7th ward, which commands a delightful view of the surrounding country for several miles. The ground contains 4 lots 22 feet front by 250 feet deep, on which there is about 250 grape vines in good bearing order, a few choice pear, apple and peach trees; also a variety of small fruits; good stable; good well of water and cistern; new frame house containing 4 rooms, with hall, and cellar under whole house; everything in good order.
Also, house and lot on Ledlie street; house two story frame; contains 5 rooms and hall; lot runs through to Carroll street.
Other houses and lots in good localities. Inquire of M. WEITMORE,
Real Estate, General Brokerage and Insurance Agent, corner Ohio and Sandusky streets, Allegheny. je29

**VALUABLE**
**SUBURBAN LOTS IN 23d WARD**
AT AUCTION.
FIFTY-ONE LOTS, desirably located at Marion station, on Second avenue, in the Twenty-third ward, city of Pittsburgh, fronting on the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad and the Monongahela river, will be sold at Public Sale on
**SATURDAY, JULY 10th,**
At 2 o'clock P. M. We confidently invite the attention of purchasers to the above property, as examination cannot but convince any party that the conveniences of the city and the pleasures of the country are here extraordinarily combined, having amongst others the following advantages: Facility of access, being situated on the Connellsville Railroad and Second avenue, beauty of scenery, having extended views on the Monongahela river, convenience to schools, churches and society, being in the immediate neighborhood of Messrs. Hays, Laughlins, Scully, Anderson, Oliver and others.
Terms of Sale—One third cash; balance in one, two and three years, with interest, ten per cent. of the cash payment in hand. A special free train will leave the Connellsville Depot at one o'clock P. M. on day of sale. For further information and plan of lots apply to
JOHN D. BAILEY & BRO.,
No. 115 Fourth avenue.
H. B. SMITHSON, Auctioneer. je28:18

**FOR SALE.**—A new 7 octave H. GALE PIANO FORTE. Price $275. Address J. N., THIS OFFICE.

**FOR SALE.**
3 lots in Mansfield, 60x120 each. 11 acres of land, grapery, peaches and small fruit, good spring of water, log house, &c; price low. 70 acres, Economy township, Beaver Co; price $75 per acre; good orchard of 300 bearing fruit trees. House of 7 rooms, 1½ miles from Economy station. 1,100 acres, Gilmore Co., West Va.; good soil, well timbered and watered; price $4 per acre. 205 acres, same county, good home and orchard; price $8 per acre. 1 240 acres, Braxton Co., West Va.; rich soil and well timbered; price $3.50 per acre.
Bonds and Mortgages wanted by
**THOS. SIMPSON & R. M. HOLLAND**
89 GRANT STREET
je16 Office, back room.

**FOR SALE.**—A light and profitable business. No opposition. Capital required, $5,500. One or two men going into the business can clear over $5,000 per year. Inquire of M'Clung & Rainbow, Real Estate Agents, 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue.

**FOR SALE.**—COUNTRY RESIDENCE.—A DOUBLE BRICK HOUSE, of seven rooms, with frame addition of two rooms, good spring, &c; about an acre and a half of ground; situated a short drive from Bennett's Station, on the W. Penna. R. R. Immediate possession given. For terms, &c., address or inquire of WM. A. SHINN,
Attorney at Law, cor. Grant and Diamond St.

**FOR SALE.**—A New Brick Residence, built by days work, having eight rooms, gas, hot and cold water throughout, marble mantles and wash stands, a bath room and piazza. Lot 120x140 feet, delightfully located in the beautiful town of Alliance, Ohio, having 6,000 inhabitants and noted for its colleges, rapid growth, enterprise and manufactories. 94 miles from Pittsburgh and 58 from Cleveland Junction, Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago, and the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railways. Address Lock Box 89, Alliance, O. je12:k28

**FOR SALE.**
13 acres of COAL LAND, 3 miles from Temperanceville, on the Little Saw Mill Run.
137 acres near Doulsville, Indiana county, Pa., on Livermore Station, W. P. R. R., well improved and cheap.
HOUSE AND LOT on Market street, Manchester.
HOUSE AND LOT on Liberty street, Pittsburgh.
HOUSE AND LOT on Fourth avenue.
4 HOUSES AND LOTS in Elizabethtown
Choice and cheap farms in Tennessee and Missouri.
TUSTIN & KLEE,
my29 87 Grant street.

**"HOBOKEN" STATION PROPERTY**
FOR SALE.
This beautiful situation cannot be surpassed for private residences in any direction, so close to both cities, being only eight miles up the Western Pennsylvania Railroad. Any person desiring information about this property can obtain it by calling at the office of the IRON CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, 75 Federal street, Allegheny. Lots from one-half acre to five acres; also, small lots to suit purchasers. There is a good location for a manufacturing establishment, between the Railroad an Allegheny river. je15:k86

STEEL WORKS

## DUQUESNE WORKS.

COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,

Manufacturers of

IRON, NAILS, STEEL,

AXLES AND SPRINGS,

DUQUESNE, L X AND JUNIATA.

FLAT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON, BAND, HOOP, SHEET AND TANK IRON, BOILER PLATES AND HEADS, GUARD IRON, DRAG and DROPPER BARS, FLANGE, CUTTER BARS, CYLINDER IRON.
T AND FLAT RAIL, for Coal Roads.
CROWBARS, WEDGES & HARROW TEETH, SPRING, PLOW AND CULTIVATOR STEEL.
STEEL WINGS AND MOULDS cut to pattern.
STEEL TIRES, STEEL SHAFTING, A. B. STEEL.
COACH, BUGGY and WAGON SPRINGS and AXLES.
CUT NAILS AND SPIKES.
All Goods First Class and Warranted.
OFFICES AND WORKS.
Sixteenth Street and Allegheny River, and 77 Water Street, Pittsburgh.
mh9

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

PITTSBURGH, PA..

Manufacturers of every description of

CAST AND GERMAN STEEL,

RAILW SPRINGS, ELLI.. C AND PLATFORM SPRINGS, AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c

Warehouse, 83 Water and 100 First Sts.

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN.

GENERAL PARTNERS:
WM. METCALF, | REUBEN MILLER,
GEO. W. BARR, | CHAS. PARKIN.
SPECIAL PARTNER—S. M. KIER.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS,

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,

Office, No. 339 Liberty St,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

fe14:d48

BLACK DIAMOND

STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

STEEL.

Office and Warehouse, THIRTIETH, THIRTY-FIRST and RAILROAD STREETS,

PITTSBURGH.

IRON WORKS.

JAS. VERNER, Pres't.....W. P. PORTER, Sup't.

PITTSBURGH FORGE

AND IRON CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Bar Iron;
Railroad Fish Bars and Bolts;
Railroad Car Axles Rolled;
Railroad Car Axles Hammered;
Locomotive Frames;
Locomotive Frame Shapes;
Side Rods;
Yokes, Straps;
Piston Heads;
Steamboat Shafts;
Steamboat Cranks;
Piston Rods, Wrists;
Pitman Jaws, Collars, &c.

Office, No. 177 PENN STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.

The Trustees are now prepared to grant licenses for the use of the ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.
The superior quality imparted to good iron, the great improvement in inferior iron, and the reduced cost, commend it to all manufacturers of iron.
Parties wishing to use it can obtain licenses by appying to

JAMES P. SPEER

Attorney for the Trustees,

ROOMS 1 and 2, English's Building, 96½ Fourth avenue.
Parties interested are invited to visit the SHOENBERGER WORKS, where the rocess is now in successful operation. fe8:d87

EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,

Pennsylvania Iron Works.

Warehouse, Nos. 166 and 167 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House, ap24:d6 PITTSBURGH

BRASS FOUNDERS.

JOHN M. COOPER.....HENRY BIER.

JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,

Bell and Brass Founders.

BRASS CASTINGS

MADE PROMPTLY TO ORDER.

Maleable and Grey Iron Fittings,

GAS PIPE AND TUBING,

THROTTLE, SAFETY AND CHECK VALVES,

ALL GLOBE PATTERN.

IRON COCKS,

Brass Work of every description for Steam, Water and Oil.

MANUFACTURERS OF J. M. COOPER'S

Improved Balance-Wheel Steam Pump.

*Agents for Dreyfus' Patent Oilers, the best in the Market.*

Office and Works, corner Thirteenth and Pike Streets. sp2o

COAL AND COKE.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,

Having removed their Office to

NO. 567 LIBERTY STREET,

(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR.

Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.
All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.

LITHOGRAPHERS.

BENJAMIN SINGERLY.....PHILIP CLEIS.

SINGERLY & CLEIS, Successors to GEO. F. SCHUCHMAN & CO.,

PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS.

The only Steam Lithographic Establishment West of the Mountains. Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Circulars, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Views, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c., Nos. 75 and 77 Third street, Pittsburgh.

FOUNDERS, MACHINISTS.

## KNAP FORT PITT

FOUNDRY COMPANY.

OFFICE AND WORKS,

TWELFTH STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ Engines, Rolling Mill Machinery, Nail Machines, Retorts, and Castings generally.

NATIONAL FOUNDRY

AND PIPE WORKS.

Corner Carroll and Smallman Streets,

(NINTH WARD,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

WILLIAM SMITH,

Manufacturer of

CAST IRON BOWL PIPE

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are all cast invariablyin Pits, in dry sand, and 18 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of general

Castings for Gas and Water Works.

I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

DUQUESNE FORGE.

WILLIAM MILLER,

(Successor to JOS. P. HAIGH & CO.,)

Has facilities co-extensive with the leading Forges in the East, and is prepared to promptly and satisfactorily fill all orders for STEAMBOAT SHAFTS, CRANKS, PISTON RODS, LEVERS, PITMAN JAWS, WRISTS, RAILROAD AXLES, LOCOMOTIVE FRAMES, together with every description of SHAPE WORK. Office and Forge,

Corner of Duquesne Way and First Street.

ap14:h40

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,

WASHINGTON WORKS,

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.
Office, No. 12, corner First and Smithfield Streets.
Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. ja11:r52

THOMAS CARLIN & CO.,

Fourth Ward Foundry and Machine Works,

SANDUSKY ST., ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.,

Manufacturers of Steam Engines, Oil Presses, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Build to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes. mv14:q5

CENTRAL FOUNDRY

AND ROLL WORKS

880 Penn Street.

BOLLMAN, BOYD & BAGALEY.

Chill Rolls, Mill Castings, Roll Lathes, &c.

OILS.

WARING AND KING,

Commission Merchants and Brokers in

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ECLIPSE PETROLEUM REFINERY.

HERBERT W. C. TWEDDLE,

MANUFACTURER OF

Lubricating & High Test Burning Oils.

**Eclipse Railroad Axle Oil.**
Stands great heat without change; remains limpid at lowest temperatures. Special Oil for tropical climates or hot weather.
**Locomotive, Engine, Machine Shop,**
Will cut Screws.
**Saw Mill and Planing Mill Oils,**
Adapted for high speed.
**Spindle Oil, Wool Oil, Tanners' Stuffing & Finishing Oil, Harness Oil. Head-Light Oil, Benzole, Gasoline, Parraffine.**
ARMOR VARNISH, to preserve Bright Iron Work and Machinery from Rust.
These products are manufactured under Dr. Tweddle's patent by Superheated Steam in Vacuo. The Lubricating Oils are almost odorless, perfectly pure, uniform, and mostly light colored, stand a high temperature unchanged, and remain limpid during extreme cold. The Railroad Oils are unequalled, and are in constant use on many of the principal Railroads. Samples can be examined and orders left at 174 WOOD STREET. Works at Sharpsburg Bridge.

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Founded A. D. 1833.

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*Engine Builders, Founders and Machinists.*

Manufacture STEAMBOAT ENGINES and STATIONARY ENGINES, of all sizes.
Special attention invited to our new STATIONARY OIL WELL ENGINE AND PORTABLE BOILER, of 15-horse power.
CASTINGS, of every kind, made to order at our Foundry, on THIRD STREET, below Market.
RIGS for Oil Wells, SHAFTING, PULLEYS, HANGERS, HOUSE and TOBACCO SCREWS and IRON TOBACCO PRESSES, on hand and made to order, at the

INDUSTRIAL WORKS,

Fronting on the Allegheny River, near the Point,

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☞ All orders promptly filled. TRY US.

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OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS,
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Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of Barnhill's Patent Boilers.
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SETTLING PANS, COPPER STEAM PIPE,

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For Steamboats.

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FOR WARMING BUILDINGS.

THE NEW ANTI-DUST COOKING STOVE, "REGULATOR." COLUMBIA COOK STOVE, VAN'S (Cincinnati Pattern) PORTABLE RANGE CAST IRON MANTLES, WELLMAN'S REFLECTOR, GRATES, free from dirt and dust; GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, &c.

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GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO.'S

TRIUMPH,

*FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.*

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PARLOR STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS,
COOKING RANGES, &c.

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TO BUILDERS!

500,000 feet Dry Pine Boards.
150,000 feet 1¼ inch Clear Plank;
25,000 feet 1½ inch Common Plank;
25,000 feet Dry 1 and 2 inch Oak;
25,000 ft. ½, 1, 1½, 2 and 3 inch Poplar;
10,000 feet Dry Poplar Scantling;
10,000 feet Dry Yellow Pine Boards;
100,000 feet Hemlock Scantling.
303,000 feet No. 1 18-inch Sawed Shingles.
200,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, sawed;
50,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, sawed;
50,000 Fire Brick;
1,000 Fire Tile.
100 Tons Fire Clay;
Also, Saw Mill Lumber, Locust and Cedar Posts, and all articles in the line on hand and for sale by ALEXANDER PATTERSON. Yards—No. 157 Rebecca street and corner of Preble and Juniata streets, Sixth ward, Allegheny, late borough of Manchester. sp:6

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HOLMES, BELL & CO.,

ANCHOR COTTON MILLS.

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Manufacturers of HEAVY MEDIUM and LIGHT

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Sealer of Weights and Measures,

No. 5 FOURTH STREET,

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## AMERICAN BANK.

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This Bank is now fully organized and prepared to do a general Banking business.
je10:k43

FORT PITT BANKING COMPANY.

No. 169 Wood Street.

CAPITAL, : : : : : $200,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

DEALERS IN

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

AND GOLD.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.

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HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

*Corner Third and Wood Streets,*

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(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

COVERNMENT BONDS.

Sight Drafts on London.

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N. HOLMES & SONS,

BANKERS,

57 Market Street,

PITTTSBURGH, PA.

Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

Stocks, Bonds and other Securities

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

United States Securities.

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JAY COOKE & CO.,

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*114 SOUTH THIRD STREET,*

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STOCKS and BONDS of all descriptions bought and sold.

Special attention given to the purchase and sale of Government Securities. mh30

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112 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

CAPITAL, $100,000.

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Bought and sold, and when desired remitted to Europe. Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canada.

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ROOFING SLATE OF VARIOUS

Qualities and Colors.

Particular attention given to laying Slate and repairing Slate roofs. For particulars and prices address

J. S. NEWMYER,

No. 43 Seventh Avenue,

mh31:g56 PITTSBURGH, PA

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CHEESE.—50 boxes Factory Cheese; 25 boxes Goshen do., for sale by J. B. CANFIELD.

GOLD,

SILVER AND COUPONS

*Bought at Highest Prices.*

PH. R. MERTZ, Banker

Cor. Wood and Fifth Streets.

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JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

(Successors to S. JONES & CO.,)

Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

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GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

☞ Interest Allowed on Deposits.

☞ Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

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JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

GOVERNMENT BONDS!

We will register all kinds of Government Bonds free of charge. This gives the holder absolute security against theft, loss, or destruction.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

Dealers in Government Bonds,

COR. FOURTH & WOOD STS.

my13:j25

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, June 29, 1869.

Gold opened remarkably firm to-day, considering the tight money market, at 137½, and fluctuated between that and 137¾, closing, however, at 137¼. The advance of yesterday was based on rumors of dissention in the Cabinet, probably circulated for the purpose of getting a market to sell upon. Large holders of gold are very tenacious, and do not mean to part with gold even at a decline of a point or two. The shipments of coin for payments of Coupons and the high rate of ex-coupons give the market a remarkably firm undertone, and well informed parties believe in an early rise during the beginning of the next month. Governments are dull and lower, which is owing to the sluggish market in Europe and stringent money market here, which is expected to be artificially made tight by interested parties in stocks. The late decline, and even the partial reaction not having come up to what was expected, has checked the investment demand for bonds.

Stocks are dull and lower, in some instances the speculation of the smaller but most numerous operators is decidedly for the bear side. Money more stingent.

Quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 137¾; Silver, 130; Eighty-one's, 121½; Five Twenties, 1862, 121½; do 1864, 117; do 1865, 117¾; do 1865, Consols, 118⅝; do 1867, 119⅝; do 1868, 119⅝; Ten Forties, 108½; New York Central, 96⅜; Erie, —; Reading, 98; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 155½; Ohio & Mississippi, 32¾; Michigan Southern, 107; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 98¾; Chicago & Rock Island, 117½; Chicago & North Western, 80⅜; Chicago & North Western Preferred, 95; Adams Express Company, 63; Merchants Union Express, 16; Pacific Mail, 87⅜; Western Union Telegraph Company, 38⅞; Am. W. Express, 43.

—The Erie Railway has 17,000 tons of steel rails in use, not one of which has broken. The company is operating the New Jersey Iron Works and those of Elmira, and is now turning out about 4,000 tons of steel rails monthly. Within a year the entire line will be relaid with steel rails.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, June 29, 1869.

Fluctuations in the price of money were to-day frequent, and among the most violent ever known; the first transactions at 7 per cent. were followed by a rise to ¼ per cent. per diem and legal interest per annum and a fall to simple 7 per cent. again about two o'clock; after that the market become stringent once more and there was an advance to ⅜ per cent. per diem flat, but about four o'clock the rate fell off to ¼ per cent. and interest, and again at 4:30 brokers were bidding ⅜ per cent. flat, and money was offered at ¾ per cent. The fluctuations on Stock Exchange were remarkably slight under the circumstances and compressed within 1@2 per cent. on railways and ⅛@¼ per cent. on Governments. In the gold room the fluctuations were only ¼@⅜ per cent. Sterling unchanged. Gold weak; opened at 137⅛, and closed at 137⅛. Carrying rates 1-16 @5 32 per cent. Clearances, $57,000,000.

Governments are a shade lower closing steady. Coupons '81, 121⅜@121½; do. '62, 122½@122¾; do. 64, 117@117¼; do. '65, 117⅜@118; do. new, 119¾@119⅞; do, '67, 119¾@119⅞; do. '68, 119⅜@119⅞; 10-40s, 108¼@108⅝; Pacifics, 105½@106.

State bonds heavy: Missouris, 91; old Tennessees, 60½; new do. 56⅝; new North Carolinas, 53½; Virginias, 61.

Stocks are unsettled and feverish; the easing up of money about two o'clock occasioned an advance which was lost on the stringency becoming marked, and prices closed at about the lowest rates of the day,

Bidding prices at 5:30: Cumberland, 33¼; Wells, 32; American, 42⅞; Adams, 62¾; United States, 73; Merchants Union, 16; Quicksilver, 15; Canton, 60; Pacific Mail, 87½; Western Union Telegraph, 38¾; Mariposa, 6; do. preferred, 16; New York Central, 194⅝; Erie, 29½; do. preferred, 55½; Hudson, 165; Harlem, 145¼; Reading, 97¾; Terre Haute, 38 asked; do. preferred, 60; Wabash, 72; do. preferred, 78; St. Paul, 74¾; do. preferred, 85¼; Fort Wayne, 155; Ohio and Mississippi, 32¾; Michigan Central, 128; Michigan Southern, 106¾; Illinois Central, 142; Pittsburgh, 98¼; Rock Island, 117¼; Northwestern, 80¾; do. preferred, 95¼.

Receipts at the Sub-Treasury, $2,819,854; payments, $7,374,977; balance $82,668,327.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, June 29, 1869.

There has been no rain of any consequence since Monday forenoon, and we are in hopes that the rainy season is over. In this vicinity no great injury has resulted from the rain as yet, but further west the storm seems to have been more severe, and in some parts of Illinois and other western States, it is reported that the Wheat is suffering from rust; our Chicago exchanges, of Monday, state, however, that there will be a full crop, and that the increased area sown, will be a full offsett against rust, or the waste that is likely to be sustained by the grain being knocked down. In the South the Wheat crop is pretty well secured by this time, and in Southern Illinois, harvesting was commenced a couple of weeks since. All the leading markets were dull and weak on Monday, with a drooping tendency, and, unless something unusual and entirely unexpected occurs, we expect to see Wheat down to where it was previous to the advance, very soon, and, it is possible, may go still lower.

BUTTER—Is quiet and unchanged; sales of good to prime fresh solid packed, at 23@25.

BEANS—Very dull and prices are almost nominal at $2@2,25 per bushel.

CARBON OIL—Is very quiet—the jobbing demand is usually very light at this season of the year. May be quoted nominally at 28@30.

CHEESE—Is dull and in good supply but unchanged; sales of common Western Reserve 16@17, Factory at 18 and Goshen at 19@20.

COTTON—Messrs. Isaiah Dickey & Co., report having sold 30 bales low Tennessee Middlings, at 30.

DRIED FRUIT—The demand continues very light, and prices are nominal. Peaches 10@12 for quarters, and 15@16 for halves. Apples, 10@12.

EGGS—Unchanged, at 19@20.

FEATHERS — Supply in hands of commission men almost exhausted. Live geese may be quoted at 85@90, to the trade, and $1 in a retail way.

FLOUR—Is quiet but firm, and the demand is confined mainly to supplying immediate wants; the arrivals, however, continue comparatively light, and the stock in this market is pretty well reduced. We continue to quote Western Flours at $6@6,50 for Spring, and $7@7,50 for Winter.

GRAIN—The offerings of wheat continues light, but under the influence of only a moderate demand, prices are unchanged, $1,30@1,35 for good to prime Red. Oats quiet and rather easier, but unchanged—65@66 on wharf and track, and 68@70 for small lots in store. Rye is in better demand, and the market is steady at $1,15@1,20. Prime yellow corn 80@83 in store, mixed 75@76 by the car load. Barley nominal at $1,50@1,55.

HAY—Sales at Allegheny scales of 29 loads at $17@29, as to quality.

HEMP—Is dull and nominal—last sale reported at $210.

HUSKS—Sales at 3 cts per pound.

LIME—Cleveland Lime is quoted at $2,50, per bbl, and Common White at $1,75.

LARD OIL—Firm but unchanged. $1,50 for extra No. 1, and $1,20 for No. 2,

POTATOES—New potatoes scarce and in demand and higher—sold readily today at $4 per bbl. Old stock dull and nominal at 40@45 per bushel.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is steady with a fair jobbing demand at 14¾@15 for Shoulders; 17½@18½ for Ribbed and Clear Sides; 18¼ for plain Hams; 21 for canvassed Sugar Cured, and 21 for Breakfast Bacon. Dried Beef 21. Lard 20 in tierce; 20½ in bbls and 21@21½ in kgs and pails. Mess Pork $33½.

PEANUTS—Small sales at 12.

SALT—Dull; may be quoted at $1,65@1,70 for car load lots.

SEEDS—The demand for Clover and Timothy Seeds seems to have almost entirely subsided. Flaxseed would sell but there is none in market.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, June 29, 1869.

The oil market opened strong, and in some instances refusals were solicited at an advance over yesterday; but as the day advanced, and under the influence of pretty free offers to sell, there was a slight reaction, and at the close the feeling, particularly for Refined, was weak and prices, for early deliveries, lower. There is considerable anxiety manifested among dealers in regard to the course the market may take to-morrow, it being delivery day, and various opinions are entertained as to the result. Quite a number of prominent operators have gone to Philadelphia, and will be on the ground to attend to deliveries, and wind up the business of the past month. There was some little talk of a probable attempt to bring about a "corner," but it is not generally believed that, for the present at least, any such movement is contemplated. The June "short" interest, here, it seems, does not amount to much but very few Pittsburghers being short for this month; but New York, it appears, is pretty largely "short," and from all that we can learn, New Yorkers will have to deliver the great proportion of the oil to-morrow.

CRUDE.

Market quiet and, compared with yesterday, without material change. Sale 1,000 bbls on spot at 14¾; 1,000 on this water, delivered in bulk boats at 14¾; 2,000 seller, August to December, at 14½ 1,000 seller 10 days at 14¾; $400 was paid for the privilege of "calling" for 1,000 bbls during October at 15. July was quoted at 14¾.

REFINED.

Not a single sale reported. Market opened strong but closed weak and lower. Quotations may be fairly given at 31¼@31½ on spot; 32@32¼ for July; 33¼@33½ July to December, and 33½@33¾ for August to December.

LUBRICATING OILS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil | 40c |
| Eclipse Railroad Axle | 35c |
| Eclipse Machinery | 75c |
| Eclipse Spindle | 80c |

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Owston & Sowers | 320 | bbls |
| J. J. Vandergrift | 560 | " |
| J. N. M'Cutcheon | 403 | " |
| J. Wilkins | 160 | " |
| Pool & Bro | 280 | " |
| Fisher & Bro | 1,280 | " |
| Total | 3,003 | bbls. |

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Lyons & Bro., 801 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.
Fawcett, L. & S. 405 bbls refined to W P Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.
Keystone Oil Works, 486 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.
Livingston & Bro., 200 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.
Lockhart, Frew & Co. 53 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co. Philadelphia.
Soho Oil Works, 50 bbls refined oil to Tack, Bros. & Co.. Philadelphia.
Total shipments Refined..... 1,995

CHICAGO, June 29.—Cattle steady and moderately active at $6,40@6,75 for fair to medium, and $7@7,35 for good to choice shipping steers. Hogs dull and neglected at $8,50@8.75 for fair to medium, and $8,90@9,35 for good to choice.

# The Pittsburgh Gazette.

## THE PARK AT THE POINT.

EDITORS GAZETTE: I am glad to find that the project of beautifying the "Point" and making it a resort for the people is at last receiving consideration. In a communication of mine on the subject of parks, which you published about a year ago, I first suggested the use of it for that purpose, and am more and more convinced of its practicability and importance as time progresses. Old citizens are all aware that whenever the weather is pleasant the breeze comes from the west, and drives all the smoke and soot of the city away from the Point, making it in fact the only *clean* place within our bounds. How delightful then would it not be for women and children, and men also, to have, within the space of *a few minutes walk*, the chance of inhaling the pure air of the Ohio river, before it becomes entangled with thick-rolling clouds of darkness that o'ermantle our city.

This is one of the things that addresses itself to the conscience of the City Councils. That portion of our population which most needs some breathing place that can be easily reached is very large, and their pecuniary means are not such as would warrant them, at the close of a hard day's work, in ordering carriages for themselves and families for a ride to a park, four, five or six miles out, even if they could find time for the purpose.

If we must have a park of several hundreds of acres, for the use of the rich, to drive through, so be it, but let those not be neglected who walk. The health, pleasure and contentment of our working people would all be subserved by the beautification of the Point, and the placing of seats there for those who desire rest; while the view of the city from the river would then be lovely, which is now disgusting.

The expense of this little Park would be but small, the ground costing nothing, while its eligibility is without rivalry. I hope then the Councils will immediately take the subject in hand, and they can have it so far advanced as to make that spot a public pleasure, perhaps even before the preliminary arrangements for the proposed great Park are completed. Possibly, also, the Ladies' Association might reconsider their action, and vote to place the Soldiers' Monument on that conspicuous ground, where it would not get merely a passing glimpse of recognition, as in a public thoroughfare, or none at all, if hidden away in a cemetery; but where it could be leisurely viewed from permanent seats, by our people; and where the stranger's first lesson, on approaching the city by water, would be to learn that the industry for which we are celebrated abroad is here at home eclipsed by our patriotism. SYLVANUS URBAN.

## FROM ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, June 26th, 1869.

Rev. M. Dickey, late of your city, recently called to fill the pulpit of the 1st. Presbyterian Church, is giving grea satisfaction. He is a good sermonizer and a pleasant speaker. Those who know him personally, say also a genial companion. The First Presbyterians are delighted that after their long delay they have been able to suit themselves so admirably.

It is a long way from a Clergyman to a prize fight, but doubtless many a preacher has drawn a lesson from the recent mill for the dedification of his hearers. It really seems as if the thorough way in which the scenes and events connected with it have been depicted, showing up its utter brutality and unfairness, may tend to bring the ring into disfavor. When men bet money, they want a fair show; if they cannot have it, they wont bet, and then I apine the heavy weight and light weight will find their occupation gone.

KITTY MAGINN.

### Ostracism in Virginia.

A Virginia correspondent of the Washington *Chronicle* writes:

"There is still existing in this State a greater amount of social and commercial ostracism than has ever been exhibited in any other State in the South. I conversed to-day with a man who was born and reared in this State, and who has held high official station, and was a brave officer in the 'lost cause,' but who now desires the restoration of the State, and looks to the Republican party for its accomplishment. I said to him that, with his talents as a speaker, he should be on the stump. He said: 'I would like to be there, but I believe that this campaign should be as far from disturbances as possible; and I know that the Conservatives have determined to insult and drive from the stump every Virginian who takes part for Wells in this contest. I would not submit to these insults, and would therefore have to fight.'"

### Sepulture as a Science.

A French writer, named Freycinct, has spent his life in investigating all known methods of disposing of the dead. All his inferences are argued with special reference to the public health, and he considers the existing system of burial in the earth to be on the whole the best; only modifications are suggested. Vaults are decried; so are all those systems and means—such as metal coffins and preservative processes—which tend to arrest decay. The aim should be to promote decomposition; to facilitate the access of earth to the body, and especially to help the transformation of cadaveric matter by the influence of vegetation. A tree covered plain—the sacred grove of old—is the best mortuary; fitted in every way, æsthetically and sanitarily. As to cremation, it is totally inapplicable; the odors that would be spread over a country by the burning of several thousand corpses a week would be unbearable.

MR. FAGNANI, to prove to a Frenchman that American women possessed "classic" beauty, about a year ago induced nine American ladies to sit to him as models for pictures of the Muses. Of the success of his work, now about complete, a writer says: "In carrying out this idea he has painted pure portraits, allowing himself no deviation into the ideal except in the draperies, which, of course, have to follow the classic, and not the fashionable style of the present times; for we cannot imagine a Grecian Muse with a Grecian bend. Had Mr. Fagnani painted his Muses from the imagination, he could hardly have invented more perfect embodiments of the classic ideals than he has found in the faces of these American ladies, most of whom are well knowd in the fashionable circles of New York and Boston."

### Physiognomy.

It is said that any nose which is less than the height of the forehead is an indication of defective intellectual power. The eyes indicate character rather by their color than form. The dark blue are found most commonly in persons of a gentle and refined character, light blue and gray in the rude and energetic. Lavater says: "Hazel eyes are the more usual indications of a mind masculine, vigorous and profound; just as a genius, properly so called, is almost always associated with eyes of a yellowish cast, bordering on hazel." The higher the brows rise the more their possessor is supposed to be under the influence of feeling, and the lower the better controlled by his reason. A very small eyebrow is an indication of want of force of character. A tolerably large mouth is essential to vigor and energy, and very small one is indicative of weakness and indolence. In a manly face the upper lip should extend beyond and dominate the lower. Fleshy lips are oftener found associated with voluptuous, and meagre ones with a passionless nature. The retreating chin indicates weakness, the perpendicular, strength; and the sharp, acuteness of mind.

### A Rotten Spot.

An extraordinary phenomenon is reported from Peru. By volcanic action in the recent earthquakes a fissure has been opened in the dry bed of a former river, from which issues fœtid water so pestilential in its exhalations that all animals but man fall dead when brought in the neighborhood. Horses have dropped down at a distance of twelve miles from the fatal spring. The whole country around is thickly strewn with the carcasses of mules, and the buzzards might revel in their unfailing repast if they, too, did not expire in the mephitic atmosphere. So writes the correspondent of a morning paper. Rifle whisky, that kills at eighty yards, is nothing in comparison with this natural poison. The upas tree dwindles in its desolating effects. What the gases are that are destructive to the inferior animals, yet work no injury to man, it would be worth the while of scientific men to inquire. We are glad to learn that the Peruvian government has ordered a careful investigation of the phenomenon.

THE SEASON OF PETROLEUM FIRES.—According to a French philosopher, this is the season of the year when petroleum fires are most likely to prevail; and the recent destructive conflagrations at Weehawken, New Jersey and Hunter's Point, Long Island, seem to fortify his conclusion. Monsieur Deville, the satanically named philosopher referred to, has recently presented to the French Academy of Science the third portion of his valuable researches on the physical and heating properties of mineral oils. He refers to the dangers incident to the use and storage of petroleum, and on the modes of preventing the disasters which are of such frequent occurrence. Many of them, he asserts are owing to the very great expansion in bulk which mineral oils undergo by increase of temperature. If petroleum has been barrelled during the cold season, it will expand largely with the first appearance of hot weather, and burst the containing vessels. The inflammable material then oozes out, often without being noticed, and is a lurking cause of danger. The conclusions from M. Deville's treatise are, that vessels containing petroleum should never be completely filled, but room for expansion should be allowed; and that especial caution against fires and explosions should be exercised at this season of the year.

COUNT BISMARCK, on one occasion, hearing a guest in a tavern speak insultingly of a member of the Prussian royal family, sprang to his feet and exclaimed, "Leave the room! If you have not left it before this glass is empty, I will break it over your head!" Of course there was an uproar. All the guests rose and began shouting and gesticulating. But Bismarck calmly emptied his glass, and then smashed it on the offender's head with such a hearty will that the glass was in shivers, and the head was left howling. A deep silence followed, in the midst of which the voice of Bismarck was heard asking unconcernedly, "Waiter, what does the broken glass cost?" General applause drowned the answer.

AN Illinois letter says: Our wheat harvest began last week, and from all localities comes the good news of large yields and plump grains; but while this is the case, our corn is not doing so well, owing to the backwardness of the season and the many cold, heavy rains, though the more warm and genial days we are now having may yet make the corn crop come out all right. The grass crop is a very heavy one, though in some meadows the army worm has made sad havoc, as they make a clean sweep wherever they go of anything like grass. They are at work in many wheat fields, stripping off the blades, which I am told is rather an advantage to the wheat, in causing it to fill better.

HUNGARY, notwithstanding the reports that the inhabitants are satisfied with the course of the Emperor Francis Joseph, is still a "thorn in the flesh" to Austria. The Hungarian Parliament has recently devised for the volunteer forces a standard which displays the arms of Hungary enclosed in a group of the arms of all the States that formerly belonged to their ancient kings, to wit, Galicia, Bosnia, Bulgaria and Servia. This model of a standard has been disapproved of by the Emperor, as it was not known whether the Hungarians intended to symbolize a programme for future operations, or merely to recall historical facts.

THE average daily consumption of Cochituate water in Boston last year was 14,769,167 gallons; an increase over the previous year of 1,204,107 gallons. The least average in any one month was 12,636,000 gallons in the month of April; and the largest average was in the month of February, when it reached 16,927,000 gallons. The income from water rates last year was $553,744 88; a gain over the previous year of $31,613 95. The estimated income from water rates for the year 1869 is $600,000.

THE Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad, beginning at Norfolk, Virginia, is designed to connect at St. Louis with the Pacific routes. The distance from Norfolk, Va., to Catlettsburg, Ky., on the Ohio river, is 420 miles. The road is completed to the White Sulphur Springs, 225 miles, leaving 200 miles more to reach the Ohio river. The necessary loan has been secured, we believe, to complete the work to the Ohio. The route from that point to St. Louis is yet to be determined.

## INSURANCE.


**NATIONAL**

**LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,**

OF THE

**UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.**

**Chartered by Special Act of Congress, Approved July 25, 1868.**

***Cash Capital - - - $1,000,000.***

PAID IN FULL.

**BRANCH OFFICE:**

**FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING,**

**PHILADELPHIA.**

Where the general business of the Company is transacted, and to which all general correspondence should be addressed.

**OFFICERS.**

CLARENCE H. CLARK, President.
JAY COOKE, Chairman Finance and Executive Committee.
HENRY D. COOKE, Vice President.
EMERSON W. PEET, Secretary and Actuary.

This Company offers the following advantages:
It is a National Company, chartered by special act of Congress, **1868:**
It has a paid-up capital of **$1,000,000.**
It offers low rates of premium.
It furnishes larger insurance than other companies for the same money.
It is definite and certain in its terms.
Its policies are exempt from attachment.
There are no unnecessary restrictions in the policies.
Every policy is non-forfeitable.
Policies may be taken which pay to the insured their full amount, and return all the premiums, so that the insurance costs only the interest on the annual payments.
Policies may be taken that will pay to the insured, after a certain number of years, during life, an annual income of one-tenth the amount named in the policy.
No extra rate is charged for risks upon the lives of females.
It insures, not to pay dividends to policy-holders, but at so low a cost that dividends will be impossible.
Circulars, Pamphlets, and full particulars given on application to the Branch Office of the Company, or to
E. W. CLARK & CO., Philadelphia, General Agents for Pennsylvania and Southern New Jersey.
JAY COOKE & CO., Washington, D. C., For Maryland, Delaware, Virginia, District of Columbia and West Virginia.

**IRA B. McVAY & CO.,**

Agents for Allegheny, Beaver, Butler, Mercer and Washington counties.
☞LOCAL AGENTS ARE WANTED in every City and Town; and applications from competent parties for such agencies with suitable endorsement, should be addressed To THE COMPANY'S GENERAL AGENTS ONLY, in their respective districts. mh28:MW&F

**GAS FIXTURES**

**WELDON & KELLY,**

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

Lamps, Lanterns, Chandeliers,

**AND LAMP GOODS.**

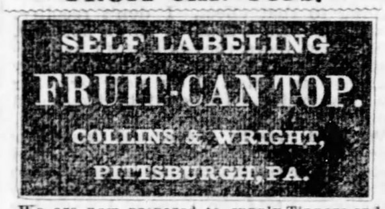
Also, CARBON AND LUBRICATING OILS,

**BENZINE, &c.**

**No. 147 Wood Street.**

se9:n22 Between 5th and 6th Avenue.

**FRUIT CAN TOPS.**




We are now prepared to supply Tinners and Potters. It is perfect, simple, and as cheap as the plain top, having the names of the various Fruits stamped upon the cover, radiating from the center, and an index or pointer stamped upon the top of the can.

**It is Clearly, Distinctly and Permanently LABELED,**

by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and sealing in the customary manner. No preserver of fruit or good housekeeper will use any other after once seeing it. mh25

**WATER PIPES,**

**CHIMNEY TOPS**

A large assortment,

HENRY H. COLLINS,

ap14:h37 2d Avenue, near Smithfield St.

**GLASS, CHINA, CUTLERY.**

**100 WOOD STREET.**

**NEW GOODS.**

FINE VASES,

**BOHEMIAN AND CHINA.**

NEW STYLES,
DINNER SETS,
TEA SETS,
GIFT CUPS,
SMOKING SETS,
A large stock of

**SILVER PLATED GOODS**

of all descriptions.

Call and examine our goods, and we feel satisfied no one need fail to be suited.

**R. E. BREED & CO.,**

**100 WOOD STREET.**

R. E. BREED & CO. R. E. BREED & CO.


## ORDINANCES.

### RESOLUTION

**To Open Rebecca Street, in First ward.**

Resolved by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, That Rebecca street, in First ward, be opened from Craig street to Federal street, and that John Ramsey, A. Hobson and A. M. Marshall, freeholders, be and they are hereby appointed viewers to view and assess the damages and benefits in accordance with the provisions of the act of Assembly, approved May 1st, A. D. **1867**, and that the Clerks of Councils notify them of their appointment.

CITY OF ALLEGHENY, June **28**, **1869.**

We do herebe certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of the resolution passed by the Select and Common Councils of said city, at a stated meeting held on Thursday, the **24**th inst.

Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council.

je29

### AN ORDINANCE

**To Provide for the Tapping of Sewers and Making Connections Therewith.**

SECTION **1.** Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, that from and after the **24**th day of June, **1869**, any person who shall be the owner or lessee of premises, desiring to connect with any of the sewers of the city, shall first make application at the City Engineer's office, upon a book prepared for that purpose, and upon the receipt of such application, it shall be the duty of the City Engineer to issue a permit for tapping the sewer, subject to the provisions of this ordinance, and to collect the sum of one dollar (**$1.00**) for the privilege. Provided, however, that the permit shall be granted only upon the condition that the owner or lessee for whose benefit such connection is made, and each succeeding tenant, shall, in consideration of the privilege thereby granted and enjoyed hold the city of Allegheny harmless from any loss or damage that may in any way result from, or be occasioned by, such sewer connection; and further, that they will not permit improper materials to be thrown into openings or inlets, such as grease, rags, shavings, sweepings or kitchen refuse, or solids of any kind, and will at all times keep these openings or inlets properly protected with gratings and catch-basins of description and form approved by the City Engineer. It shall moreover be a condition in the privilege granted that the party for whose use the attachment with the sewer is made shall have all down spouts, conductors or openings from buildings that discharge water or liquids upon the foot walks of the streets connected with the private drain, and the water or liquids carried underground to the sewer.

SEC. **2.** The Sewerage Commission are hereby authorized to license such number of masons or plumbers in the several sewerage districts of the city to do the work of making the connections and laying the drains within the street limits or outside of the property line, as in their judgment may be deemed necessary. Provided no party be commissioned until he shall have furnished said Commission with a satisfactory certificate, signed by at least three (3) masons, if he be a mason, or three (3) plumbers, if he be a plumber, to the effect that the applicant is known to them to be a person regularly educated to the business, and is qualified to perform the duties which he undertakes, and previous to being licensed by said Commission the said party shall file a bond in such sum as may be designated by said Commission, not less, however, than two thousand dollars, with two or more sureties, conditional that he will indemnify and save the city harmless from all loss or damage that may be occasioned by reason of his neglect or carelessness, either during the progress of the work in his charge, or for its insufficiency after completion. And conditional also, that he will promptly, at the proper time and place, restore the street pavement over trenches or openings made for the purpose of laying drains to as good state and condition as he found it previous to opening the same. The repaving shall be done to the satisfaction of the Street Commissioner. Upon the completion of any connection, or at stated times, as may be determined on by the Engineer, the agent to make return to the Engineer's office with description of the work done, on blanks prepared for that purpose.

SEC. **3.** The agents of the city as such will have control only of the work that lies between the line of property and the sewer and for the work within the limits described, will be held liable to the amounts of their bonds. The whole of the work, both on the street and within the limits of the premises, shall be done under the supervision of the Engineer department, (except the repaving,) and subject to such rules, regulations and restrictions as may be established by that office. The expenses incurred for making connections and laying private drains will be born by the persons for whose use the connection is made.

SEC. **4.** Any person licensed to make connections with sewers, who shall be guilty of any violation of the provisions of this ordinance, shall be immediately deprived of his license. And if the connection with any sewer is made in violation of the provisions of this ordinance, or it shall be used for purposes not specified therein, there shall be incurred by the person so using said sewer improperly the penalty of twenty-five dollars, to be recovered summarily before the Mayor.

SEC. **5.** It shall be unlawful for any person to place, throw or deposit in any catch-basin, sewer or drain, butcher's offal, garbage, dead animals, ashes, shavings, straw, tan bark, or solid refuse of any kind, and any person so offending, or causing any such obstruction to be placed so as to be carried into such sewer or basin, shall be subject to the penalty hereinbefore described in section **4**.

SEC. **6** Any person injuring, breaking or removing any portion of any catch-basin, manhole cover, or any part of any sewer or appurtenances or obstructing in any manner the inlet or outlet of any sewer or drain, shall be subject to the penalty of twenty-five dollars, recoverable as aforesaid.

SEC. **7.** It shall be deemed unlawful for any person to use a private sewer or house drain connected with any of the public sewers without providing an intervening catch-basin to catch and retain the silt and heavy substance carried from the gutters or sink pools, and without also providing at all inlets suitable gratings to prevent the admission of rubbish or solid matters that might find their way to them, and further to fix appliances to trap the sewer gasses and to prevent their escape into the buildings or areas.

SEC. **8.** It shall be deemed unlawful for any person in possession of premises into which a pipe or other connection with the public sewer or drain has been laid for the purpose of carrying off animal refuse from privies or water closets, slops from kitchens or for other purposes to allow the same to remain without good and perfect fixtures, so attached as to allow a sufficiency of water to be applied as to properly carry off such matters, and to keep the same unobstructed. Each day the same is permitted to remain without such fixtures for supplying said water, shall be deemed a distinct and separate offense, and liable to a fine of twenty-five dollars, as in other offenses named in this ordinance.

SEC. **9.** The City Engineer shall pay over all moneys received by him for permits to the City Treasurer weekly. The same to be applied toward the payment of an Inspector and such other expenses as may be incurred by the provisions of this ordinance.

SEC. **10.** All drain pipe for public sewers, or for private drains connecting with the public sewers, must be subject to the inspection of the City Engineer, his assistant, or an authorized inspector connected with the Engineer department.

SEC. **11.** No dwelling house, store, or other building shall be erected or altered on any street or alley in which there is a sewer without providing an underground connection by drain pipes with the sewer for carrying off all the drainage that would otherwise flow over the footway or sidewalk of streets.

SEC. **12.** It shall be the duty of the Street Commissioner at stated times during each month (and on side hill streets after every heavy rain) to inspect the sewer inlet basins and to have removed all silt and rubbish collected in and about the openings, and at all times to keep these inlets in a condition to receive the surface drainage and to retain the heavier matters carried to them.

SEC. **13.** The City Engineer shall establish such rules and regulations in reference to the construction and use of house connections not inconsistent with the provisions of this ordinance, as in his judgment may be necessary.

SEC. **14.** Parties granted permits to drain property not fronting on the street in which the sewer is located shall pay a special rate for the privilege (the amount to be determined by the Sewer Commission,) and shall give certificate to the effect that they will not at any time interpose any objection to the laying of a sewer on the street upon which their property fronts, by reason of their having tapped another sewer for the purpose of drainage.

SEC. **15.** No drain from any building shall be connected with a public sewer otherwise than by a drain pipe, which shall be six inches in diameter, except it be authorized by the Sewer Commission.

SEC. **16.** Notice must be left at the office of the City Engineer by the person who is to make the connection with any sewer or drain when such work will be ready for inspection previous to making said connection. This notice must be in writing and left between the hours of 8 A. M. and 5 P. M.

SEC. **18.** That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with, or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the **24**th day of June, A. D. **1869.**

JAMES McBRIER,
President of the Select Council.

Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of the Select Council.
ALFRED SLACK,
President of the Common Council.
Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. j 28

### AN ORDINANCE

**Relative to Sewer Assessments on Corner Lots.**

SEC. **1.** *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That in the assessment for Sewerage, upon corner lots, whether the sewer abuts lengthwise upon any lot, the Sewerage Commission is directed and authorized to make an abatement of fifty per cent. from regular rates.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the twenty-fourth day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty nine.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of the Select Council.

Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of the Select Council.
ALFRED SLACK,
President of the Common Council.
Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. je29

### AN ORDINANCE

**Relating to Paving Devine Alley.**

SEC. **1.** *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That that portion of the ordinance authorizing the paving of Devine alley, requiring it to be paved with curb and sidewalk be so amended as to allow the paving of said alley without curb and sidewalk.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the **24**th day of June, A. D. **1869.**

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.

Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
ALFRED SLACK,
President of Common Council
Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. je29

### AN ORDINANCE

**To Authorize the Grading and Paving of Ridge Avenue, from Grant Avenue to Chartier Street.**

SECTION **1.** *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the Committee on Streets be, and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the grading and paving of Ridge avenue as aforesaid, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. **2.** That for the purpose of defraying the cost and expense of said improvements, there be, and is hereby levied, a special tax, to be equally assessed upon the several lots bounding and abutting upon the said Ridge avenue, respectively in proportion to the feet front in them respectively comprised, and bounding and abutting as aforesaid.

SEC. **3.** That as soon as the cost and expenses of said improvements shall be fully ascertained, it shall be the duty of the Street Commissioner to assess and apportion the same among the several lots bounding and abutting upon said Ridge avenue respectively, according to the rule above indicated, and thereupon proceed to make demand and collect the same, according to the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act defining the manner of collecting the expenses of grading and paving of the streets and alleys of the City of Allegheny, and for other purposes," passed the thirtieth day of March, **1852.**

SEC. **4.** That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with, or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the **24**th day of June, A. D. **1869.**

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.

Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
ALFRED SLACK,
President of Common Council.
Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. je29

### AN ORDINANCE

**To Authorize the Paving of Ward's Alley, from Fulton to Sedgwick Street.**

SEC. **1.** *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the Committee on Streets be and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the paving of Ward's alley, from Fulton to Sedgwick street, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. **2.** That for the purpose of defraying the cost and expenses of said improvements, there be, and is hereby levied, a special tax, to be equally assessed upon the several lots bounding and abutting upon the said Ward alley respectively in proportion to the feet front in them respectively comprised, and bounding and abutting as aforesaid.

SEC. **3.** That as soon as the cost and expenses of said improvements shall be fully ascertained, it shall be the duty of the Street Commissioner to assess and apportion the same among the several lots bounding and abutting upon said Ward alley respectively, according to the rule above indicated, and thereupon proceed to make demand and collect the same, according to the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act defining the manner of collecting the expenses of grading and paving of the streets and alleys of the City of Allegheny, and for other purposes," passed the thirtieth day of March, **1852.**

SEC. **4.** That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the **24**th day of June, A. D. **1869.**

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.

Attest: JOSEPH R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
ALFRED SLACK,
President of Common Council.
Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. je29

### AN ORDINANCE

**To Authorize the Grading and Paving of Page Street, 647 feet West of Fulton Street, Fifth ward.**

SEC. **1.** *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That the Committee on Streets be, and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the grading and paving of Page street as aforesaid, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. **2.** That for the purpose of defraying the cost and expenses of the said improvements, there be and is hereby levied a special tax, to be equally assessed upon the several lots bounding and abutting upon the said Page street respectively in proportion to the feet front in them respectively comprised, and bounding and abutting as aforesaid.

SEC. **3.** That as soon as the cost and expenses of said improvements shall be fully ascertained, it shall be the duty of the Street Commissioner to assess and apportion the same among the several lots bounding and abutting upon said Page street, respectively, according to the rule above indicated, and thereupon proceed to make demand and collect the same, according to the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act defining the manner of collecting the expenses of grading and paving of the streets and alleys of the City of Allegheny, and for other purposes," passed the thirtieth day of March, **1854.**

SEC. **4.** That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with, or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the **24**th day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty nine.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.

Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
ALFRED SLACK,
President of Common Council.
Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. je29

### AN ORDINANCE

**To Authorize the Paving of Murdock Alley, from Frazier to Fulton Street.**

SECTION **1** Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Committee on Streets be and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the paving of Murdock alley, as aforesaid, the same to be without curb or side walk, and to contract therefor with the lowest bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. **2.** That for the purpose of defraying the cost and expenses of the said improvements, there be, and is hereby levied, a special tax to be equally assessed upon the several lots bounding and abutting upon the said Murdock alley, respectively in proportion to the feet front in them respectively comprised, and bounding and abutting as aforesaid.

SEC. **3.** That as soon as the cost and expenses of said improvements shall be fully ascertained, it shall be the duty of the Street Commissioner to assess and apportion the same among the several lots bounding and abutting upon said Murdock alley respectively, according to the rule above indicated, and thereupon proceed to make demand and collect the same, according to the Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act defining the manner of collecting the expenses of grading and paving of the streets and alleys of the City of Allegheny, and for other purposes," passed the thirtieth day of March, **1854.**

SEC. **4.** That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with, or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the **24**th day of June, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty nine.

JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.

Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
ALFRED SLACK,
President of Common Council.
Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. je29

### AN ORDINANCE

**To Authorize the Construction of a Lateral Sewer on Lincoln Avenue and Rope Alley.**

SECTION **1.** Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Sewer Commission be and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive Proposals for the construction of a Sewer, located as follows: On Lincoln avenue, from Allegheny avenue to Rope alley, thence via Rope alley to Western avenue, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. **2.** That as soon as the cost and expenses of said sewer shall be fully ascertained, the same shall be levied, assessed and collected as provided for by an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "a supplement to a supplement of the fourth section of an act entitled an 'Act relating to Allegheny City,' approved March **24**, A. D. **1869**"

SEC. **3.** That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the **24**th day of June, A. D. **1869.**

JAMES McBRIER,
President of the Select Council.

ATTEST: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
ALFRED SLACK,
President of Common Council.
Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. je29


**EDMUND LARE, No. 124** Smithfield street, Sole Manufacturer of Warren's We Cement and Gravel Roofing. Material for ja5:30


## AMUSEMENTS.


☞**SECOND ANNUAL PIC NIC**

OF

**MECHANICS' LODGE,**

**NO. 9, I. O. O. F.,**

**At Moyce's Grove, Ross' Station,**

**JULY 5th, 1869.**

Trains will leave the depot of the West Penna. R. R., Allegheny City, at regular intervals.
Refreshments by Alf. Fogle: Dinner by Adam Berry.
Tickets ..... $1.00

☞**NEW OPERA HOUSE.**

For a short season commencing MONDAY EVENING, June **28**th, and continue every evening during the week.
Grand Matinee Saturday Afternoon at 2½ o'clock. Admission to all parts of the house, 25 cents.
The great incomparable

**DUPREZ & BENEDICT MINSTRELS**

The largest company in the world. **26** performers, complete in every department.
MONDAY, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY Offenbach's Grand Opera,

LA BELLE HELLEM.

On Thursday, Friday and Saturday,

THE GREAT BARBER RED OPERA,

With an entire change of programme.
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## LEGAL.

**IN THE ORPHANS' COURT for** the county of Allegheny, No. **79**, June Term, **1869.**

In the matter of the account of D. W. ELDER, Esq., Trustee to sell real estate of MARY SAMPSON, dec'd.

And now, to wit, June **19**, **1869**, on motion of John Barton, Attorney for Geo. Burnes and wife and other distributees, the Court appoint JAS. S. STRICKLER Auditor to make distribution of the fund in the hands of trustees.

BY THE COURT.

The Auditor appointed in the above case will meet the parties interested in the above fund at his office, No. **145** Fifth avenue, on SATURDAY, **24**th day of July, A. D. **1869**, at **10** o'clock A. M., for the purpose of attending to the duties of his appointment.

J. S. STRICKLER, Auditor.
June **23**, **1869**, je23:k95-w

**EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.**—Whereas, letters testamentary on the estate of MARY ANN YOUNG, deceased, late of Indiana township, Allegheny county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of said county, all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them duly authenticated for settlement, and those indebted to said estate will make payment immediately to

BENJAMIN KELLY,
Executor.
je2:k10-w

**NOTICE.**—Whereas letters testamentary to the estate of Samuel Wallace, late of the borough of Birmingham, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent will make known the same, without delay, to

ROBERT WALLACE, Executor,
No. **68** Water street.
Pittsburgh, April **28**th, **1869**. m5:6t-R

# CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE GAZETTE *is furnished in the city the six days of the week for* 15 *cents per week; by mail,* $8 *per annum: 7 mos.,* $2.

**For Sale.**—A good paying route on this paper in Fifth and Sixth Wards, Allegheny. None but good, sober, industrious men need apply. Call at GAZETTE counting room between four and five o'clock P. M., to-day.

**Merchants** and clerks are busily engaged preparing their bills for delivery to-morrow.

**Barricaded.**—Smithfield street is barricated from Fifth to Fourth avenue, the pavement being relaid.

**Restauration.**—The Continental Dining Rooms, Fifth avenue, next door to the Postoffice, is the place to get a good square meal.

**Pic-nic.**—To-day a select pic nic will be held at McFarland's Grove for the benefit of the Sixth Army Corps. A grand time may be expected.

**The Fourth.**—Next Sunday will be the Fourth of July. The Germans are determined to proceed with the procession. On Monday, the 5th, the day will be generally observed.

**Holtzheimer.**—Of the many restaurants or dining rooms in the city there are none more favorably known to the public than the Continental, Fifth avenue, next door to the Postoffice.

**The Continental** is one of the most popular places of restauration in the city. Meals served at all hours, from six o'clock in the morning to twelve o'clock at night.

**Fortune Telling.**—Mary Miller made information before Justice Ammon, of East Birmingham, yesterday, charging Elizabeth Eberlie with fortune telling. After a hearing the accused was held to bail for her appearance at court.

**Church Sociable.**—The members of the First Reformed Presbyterian Church of Allegheny, Rev. John McMillan, will hold a social reunion to-night at Excelsior Hall, corner of Robinson and Leacock street. A pleasant time is anticipated.

**Sale of the Knox Property, Corner of Fifth avenue and Market street.**—This property, about the most valuable of its size in the city, will be sold on next Wednesday, by J. W. F. White, Trustee. We invite the attention of our monied men to it.

**Social Pic-nic.**—A grand social pic-nic will be held to-day at Noblestown, for the benefit of the new Catholic Church in that borough. On the Pan Handle route an excursion train will leave at nine o'clock this morning, and return at half-past seven.

**No. 91 Liberty Street.**—This is the number Marvin's Celebrated Cracker Bakery is located at. Marvin has on hand the most complete stock of Crackers, Cream, Wine, Soda, Oyster, Water, Butter, Sugar and fancy, of any house in the city. Remember his No. 91 Liberty street.

**Committed for Twenty Days.**—Peter Wickline, who by the way is a periodical customer at the watch-house, having been arrested on Monday night on a charge of disorderly conduct, was yesterday morning fined ten dollars, and in default of payment was committed for twenty days.

**Assault and Battery.**—Peter Green made information against his brother, Valentine Green, before Justice Ammon, yesterday, charging him with assault and battery. He alleges that the accused beat and abused him. Valentine was arrested and after a hearing was held to bail for his appearance at court.

**Bishop Bowman Institute.**—The commencement exercises of the Bishop Bowman Institute will take place in St. Peter's Church, Grant street, on Wednesday morning at ten o'clock. The Rev. John Scarborough will deliver an address. The friends of the Institute are invited to attend.

**The Fenian Senate** is now holding one of its periodical sessions in Pittsburgh. It is understood that they are preparing to turn to advantage the disagreement occasioned between England and the United States by the "Alabama" business. General O'Neill will be here to-day.

**A Youth's Paper.**—Mr. L. S. Cuthbert, a literary gentleman abundantly qualified for the task, proposes issuing in this city, in a short time, *The Youth's Cabinet*, a monthly paper devoted to the interests of boys and girls exclusively. It promises to be one of the best in the country, and we wish the enterprise abundant success.

**Paid the Penalty.**—John Fisher, charged before the Mayor with selling liquor on Sunday, was; after a hearing yesterday, fined fifty dollars and costs. It appears from the testimony that the liquor was sold a few minutes after midnight of Saturday, and the attorney for defendant proposed to take an appeal, but subsequently concluded to pay the fine.

**Coroner's Inquest.**—Coroner Clawson held an inquest yesterday on the body of an infant, nine days old, which was found dead in bed at the house of its mother, Mrs. Shriver, No. 820 Penn street, Monday night. The child was placed in the bed during the afternoon, and when the mother next went to the bed it was dead. Verdict of death from natural causes.

**Officers Elected.**—At a regular meeting of Post 88, G. A. R., on Friday evening last, the following officers were elected to serve for the ensuing term: P. C., General Wm. F. Blakely; S. V., Loyal C. Grieves; J. V., David Aiken; Adjutant, P. S. Hutchinson; Surgeon, Dr. W. S. Harrah; Chaplain, W. C. Cooke; Q. M., George Stedeford; Q. M. S., George Rudolph; S. M., Loyal Cochran.

**Burglary.**—On Monday night or Tuesday morning the second-hand clothing store at 203 Fifth avenue, kept by a German, was burglariously entered and goods to the value of seventy-five dollars carried away. The burglar effected an entrance to the room by cutting away a portion of the sash in a back window and removing two pains of glass. It is presumed that the offense was perpetrated by boys, as the aperture was not sufficiently large to admit the body of a man of ordinary size.

**At a meeting** of Pittsburgh Division No. 45 Sons of Temperance, held last evening, the following officers were elected for the ensuing quarter: Worthy Patriarch, Algernon S. Bell; Worthy Associate, Thomas H. Thorn; Recording Scribe, Chas. P. Duff; Assistant Recording Scribe, Thomas S. Bigelow; Financial Scribe, B. A. Stoney; Treasurer, Thos. Steel; Conductor, C. L. Magee; Assistant Conductor, A. G. Neeper; Inside Sentinel, Clement Kreuter; Outside Sentinel, J. P. Storm.

## BUTLER, P2.

**The Shugart Poisoning Case—Sixth Day of Trial—Commonwealth Propose, But Are Not Allowed, to Cross-Examine Annie Shugart, Their Own Witness—Further Important Testimony.**

[Special Correspondence Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BUTLER, Monday, June 28, 1869.

The excitement in regard to the testimony of Annie Shugart, and the illness of the prisoner, with a probability that the exciting scenes of Saturday would be reenacted, attracted to the Court House this morning about as large an audience of the townspeople as the room would comfortably hold. The prisoner, contrary to general expectation, put in her appearance at the opening of the Court, and seemed much better during the earlier part of the session than she had been for two or three previous ones. She was evidently not fit to be present, but manifests a strong determination to have have the trial go on without interruption, so long as she is able to bear up at all.

When the Court had been opened in the usual manner, Annie Shugart was again called upon the stand.

Mr. McCandless stated that at the adjournment of the Court, on Saturday, he had proposed an inquiry to the witness which had been objected to by the defense, who demanded the proposition in writing, and in response he had so prepared it, as follows:

The Commonwealth is now prepared to prove that the witness on the stand, Annie Shugart, testified before the Grand Jury and Coroner's inquest, on former hearings in this case, that "*I did not hear him* (deceased) *say why he did not eat any more of the soup*;" that "*he was not sick when I left him*," and that "*I was in the field with him about half an hour*." The witness *now* testifies that when she took the soup to the field the deceased *complained of being unwell*, and said for witness to go home, *he did not feel well, and would soon be home, too*. The Commonwealth now propose to ask the witness if she did not testify as stated above, before the Coroner's inquest and Grand Jury at former hearings in this case—for the purpose of refreshing her memory, giving her an opportunity to set the matter right, if she will, and testing her recollection.

Mr. Thompson asked how this was to be proven, as stated in the first part of proposition. The defense objected to it, if it was to be done so as to *impeach* the witness. They had no objection to the witness being asked questions as to what she said, but did not concede the right of the Commonwealth to impeach their own witnesses.

Mr. McCandless then included in the proposition the words, "By notes of testimony and other witnesses."

Mr. Thompson still objected to the proposition, and put the objection in writing, in substance as stated.

Mr. McCandless, in sustaining his proposition, said the little girl, but twelve years of age, with a natural affection for her mother, had been frequently in conversation with her, and had also been in the office of the counsel for the defence, in relation to this case. This was sufficient ground for the suspicion that she had been tampered with, which would explain her contradictory statements, made on Saturday. It was but natural to suppose, that, surrounded by such influences, she should have testified so much to the surprise of the counsel for the Commonwealth. It could only be explained on the ground that she had been tampered with, which was proven by the evidence produced. Under such circumstances, the Commonwealth, expecting different testimony, and being surprised, had clearly the right to cross-examine the witness. Had the witness been called by the defense, the Commonwealth would have had the right to lift the veil covering the proceedings of the Coroner's inquest and Grand Jury, and summon from members of those bodies the necessary witnesses. The offer was simply to examine the witness and ask her if she testified as stated in the offer. The gentleman, in support of his argument, read extracts from Greenleaf on evidence to show what he asked was in accordance with the law.

Mr. Thompson followed for the defense, and said in reference to the cross-examination, that if it was kept within proper bounds it might be perhaps admissible; but, although this *might* be accorded under extraordinary circumstances in *civil* cases, it could not in *criminal*. He read, in support of his argument, from standard authorities, showing that the Commonwealth could not impeach its own witnesses, and could not have the privilege asked in their offer, unless the witness was clearly proven an unwilling one, which he contended was not the fact in the present case.

Mr. Mitchell, for the defense, followed his colleague in a lengthy argument. He claimed the witness was not unwilling. No evidence showing that she had been tampered with had been produced, and she had testified in a frank and straightforward manner throughout. He admitted frankly that the witness had been in his office, and had made her statement in the presence of Mr. McJunkin and others; but denied that one word had been suggested to her, or any influence brought to bear upon her there, to induce her to testify falsely, or keep back any part of the truth. He also read from a number of legal authorities explanatory of the point at issue, and urged that unless there was a real necessity, in a case of so much importance no "ingenious device" as that suggested should prevail.

Mr. McCandless closed the argument for the Commonwealth, reiterating his former statements, and quoting still further from the books in support of his position. In reference to the matter of tampering with the witness, he said there were others—brothers, sisters and relatives—outside the counsel, who might have influenced the witness, and for whom the counsel could not answer. He contended the facts presented clearly showed the child had been under some influence, and the Commonwealth accordingly had the right to cross-examine, as they were taken by surprise by her testimony, now so different from what had been expected.

Mr. Thompson withdrew his original objection and objected to the proposition entirely, viz; "Defendant's counsel object to the offer of the Commonwealth to cross-examine their own witness, Annie Shugart, as to what she testified before the Coroner's Inquest and Grand Jury—because, having sworn and examined the witness, the Commonwealth is not allowed to inquire, either in the form of cross-examination or otherwise, what she said or swore on a former occasion, for *any* purpose whatever, especially as it does not appear that the witness is unwilling or has been brought under the influence of the other party. Her statements, thus made, would at best be hearsay, and in no event can they be received as independent testimony."

Judge McGuffin delivered the opinion of the Court, overruling the proposition of the counsel for the Commonwealth. His Honor said he had examined the question before, and now. The question was a mooted one, and one upon which existed a great variety of opinion. He thought, however, the weight of authority was against the admission of such evidence as was designed to be brought forward by the Commonwealth's proposition. The question directly had never been decided in Pennsylvania in a criminal case, but had been three times in New York and in Massachusetts once, and in all these the evidence had been ruled not receivable. His Honor quoted at length from a number of authorities, all, with but one or two exceptions, ruling such evidence inadmissible.

Mr. Riddle presented another proposition, offering to prove that the witness had testified at former hearings that the poison had been bought the day her father died, and also that "*she* (the prisoner) *told me* (witness) *if father offered me any soup to tell him I had eaten at home*," while the witness now testified that she bought the poison *some days before*, and also materially departed from her former evidence in relation to her conversation with her mother in the jail.

The object of this proposition was stated to be similar to the former one, and for about the same reasons. It was overruled, being considered substantially the same as the former.

Mr. McCandless read another offer, stating that the child (Annie) had been under the influence of her mother and tampered with, and thus had taken the Commonwealth by surprise; they, therefore, asked leave to cross-examine.

Judge McGuffin also overruled this proposition, for the reason that, although different in words, it was essentially the same in principle as those which had preceded it. His Honor said if anything occurred during the progress of the case, before the Commonwealth had closed, to change his opinion, he would give them the benefit of it.

The Commonwealth then announced they were through with the witness, and she left the stand.

A SON-IN-LAW'S TESTIMONY.

*Leonard Wise*, sworn—Am married to a daughter of Mrs. Shugart. Made the information upon which my mother-in-law was arrested. Was present when my father-in-law, Jacob Shugart, died. First saw him about four o'clock on the day of his death—about a quarter of an hour before his death. Was in the room, but did not see him from that time until he died. I was called in by Jacob Laux and found Shugart very low. Jacob Laux called at my shop and told me to come down, the old man was very sick, that he thought he had "got a dose one way or the other."

Objected to by counsel for defense as only hearsay.

Commonwealth proposed to prove that the witness was thus induced to make the information. Proposition and objection reduced to writing. The Commonwealth claimed it as a part of the *res gestae*. The Court decided the objection might be allowed to stand until further testimony was received.

Witness resumed—I went down to the house hastily; was angry. I found Shugart lying in bed. He appeared to be suffering a great deal of pain. Thought he would die when I saw him. He was very restless, moved about in the bed. After I went in, I went up to his bed and asked him what was the matter. He did not reply, and I asked, "Where are your pains?" He said in the stomach. I looked at him again, and said I thought he was poisoned one way or another. Mrs. Shugart was standing at the foot of the bed. When I made the expression I directed my conversation to him. He made no reply. Then I looked at Mrs. Shugart, and said she would get into trouble. She then came over to me and said I ought to forgive her. I didn't know at the time what she meant. I had been on bad terms with her all summer.

She then turned to Shugart and said, "Oh, my God, Jake, they talk as though I had poisoned you." She again said, "My God, Jake, haven't I done everything I could for you?" He made the reply, "Go away and let me alone." I then told some of the children to go for the priest, and I would go for the doctor, that I thought he would die. I then left and went to Dr. Bredin's office; told him that his services were needed immediately. He came out and went along with me down to the house. When we went in I saw that Shugart was very low. Assisted in rubbing him, and in a few minutes he died. I then went alongside of the doctor, by the window, and asked him what he thought of this death. He told me that he could'nt account for the death under any consideration. I went over home then. Had further conversations with the Doctor, in the presence of Mrs. Shugart, in reference to the death. Think it was the next day. It was in the forenoon. Shugart's son John, and son-in-law Jacob Laux, and myself, thought we would go over to the field where he had been husking. Went over and saw he had been husking. Think he had been husking the day before. Went to the row where he was husking and found a sheaf of corn fodder lying alongside of a shock, where he had been sitting. Saw his corn husker sticking in the ground alongside the shock. I then saw he had vomited in front of where he had been sitting. I told his son-in-law, Jacob Laux, I thought it very strange about his death, and I thought it would be a good idea to gather up what he had thrown up. Laux replied, I think, that we had nothing to take it away in. We then went home. After dinner I went back to the cornfield myself; took a boy along and also a tin bucket to bring away some of the vomit; I went over to the shock where he had vomited; I think it was the next one back of where he had left off husking; I then gathered up a teaspoonfull or so of what he had vomited; I found it in the impression made in the ground by a boot heel; the rest had all dried in the ground. I took it to Dr. Bredin's office. He was not in, but got it afterwards. It appeared to be what was thrown out of his stomach. It looked whitish and like "cream soup." I saw the Doctor, the second night after Shugart died, at his office. I staid until he came in, which was at a late hour. Think Mr. Gabriel Etzel was with me. When the Doctor came in I gave him the stuff. He said he couldn't tell from it whether there was anything wrong, and we had better make a *post mortem* examination. We then left. The morning of the day Mr. Shugart was buried, Dr. Bredin came to the house and told me to go into the room and see if Mrs. Shugart would agree to the examination, and I went in and called her back into the room; told her the Doctor was not satisfied of the manner of Mr. Shugart's death, and would like to make a *post mortem* examination. She asked why he did not come sooner. "He was lying here all day yesterday and why didn't he open him then; I won't have him opened now; the house is full of people and it will make a great excitement." I went out and told the Doctor what she said. He then asked me what he ought to do, whether to open him there or at the grave. I told him I thonght it would be better to open him at the grave, as it would make a great disturbance in the house. I then went over home to get ready for the funeral, and sent for Mr. Etzel and told him to go out and tell the priest they wanted to open the body at the grave. I then went to the funeral.

A PETITION FOR LONGER SESSIONS.

The time for adjournment having arrived, the witness was interrupted by Judge McGuffin, who said a petition had been received from the jurors, asking that the sessions begin a little earlier and close a little later, as they were anxious to get home to their families and business.

In reply, His Honor said it would be necessary to take care of the health of the jurors, and he thought that upon further reflection they would come to the conclusion that the sessions were already sufficiently protracted. The Court sat about eight hours a day, which he thought was as much as could be done without injurious effects. He therefore asked the jurors to be patient with the sessions as they were, as he felt certain a change would be wearisome and perhaps in the end cause the work already done to be of no avail, by reason of the sickness of one of their number, caused by the close confinement.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Court assembled at two o'clock and proceeded with the testimony.

*Leonard Wise's examination resumed*—I made the information in this case. I went to the funeral. After it I went to Bredin's office and saw him. He told me he had got the contents of Shugart's stomach. He told me he couldn't tell for a few days in regard to its being a case of poisoning. In about a week after the funeral 'Squire Zeigler and Dr. Bredin came to my shop and told me to come along to James Bredin's office. Before that they had been at Mr. Etzel's store and wanted him to go along.

Q. Did what you have related now cause you to make the information. A. No, sir, I think not; I then went to Dr. Bredin's office with Squire Ziegler and Dr. Bredin. The Doctor told me he had found poison in Mr. Shugart's stomach, and this information had to be made. I told him I didn't want to make the information. Squire Zeigler then said, "I don't know but what we can compel you to make the information." I told him if I had to, it was a different thing. I then made the information. They had it written out before they called me. I read it over and swore to it.

Mr. McCandless stated they were through with the witness and asked for the admission of the evidence objected to in the morning.

The Court decided that as the witness did not, according to his statement, make the information on Laux's expression, quoted by the witnese, it was not evidence, and could not be received.

Cross-examined—At the time I went to Shugart's house, I found him in pain. I said to Mrs. Shugart, "You will get into trouble about this." We had not been on speaking terms all summer, about three months. She did not tell me at that time what she meant by asking me to forgive her. It was on the morning of the funeral that Dr. Bredin and I had the conversation. There were, as I said, a great many people in the house at the time. At the time she came back into the room to me and the Doctor, I think she said to the Doctor "You have the power, and can do as you wish."

Re-direct—I was in the room and did not see her in while the body was being prepared for burial.

FURTHER TESTIMONY FROM RELATIVES.

*Jacob Laux*, sworn—I live in Butler, in part of the house formerly occupied by Jacob Shugart. On the day of his death I was at home in the morning, at noon and a few minutes before his death. The first I saw of Mr. Shugart on the day of his death was when I got Leonard Wise and we went in together. He was lying on the bed on his back, when I came in first, and he turned his face towards the wall. He appeared to suffer a great deal of pain and was moaning. I said nothing to him. I did'nt hear him say where he was ailing. I think he lived about fifteen minutes after I went in. The first time I saw him I did not think he was dying. I asked for his son and some of the family told me he was working dow at Mr. C——'s. I said I'd go do vn and get him, but when I went to the place he wasn't there. I returned to the house and found the doctor there. Mrs. Shugart was in the room while Mr. Wise and I were in; she was standing between us, about the middle of the bed. We had no conversation until after I came back from going after her son, when I told her he was not there, and she said she didn't know where he was then. She did not say anything to me about the cause of her husband's sickness. When Wise and I came in, Wise asked Mr. Shugart something about his sickness, but I did not hear any answer; he made some answer. After that Wise turned around to Mrs. Shugart and said to her, "You'll get into trouble about this," or something to that effect. I don't recollect what she said to him. I think she said, "My God, Jake, they talk as if I had poisoned you." I didn't hear her make any answer to Wise. I did not charge her with anything. I asked if the doctor and priest had been there, when I first got in. While I was in there, she threw her arms around my neck, after Wise had started for the doctor, and asked me to forgive her. I said I had nothing to forgive. I told her if she had anything to be forgiven for, that there was her husband, and to ask him. I had not charged her with poisoning him, or said she was the cause of his death. She did not say at that time "Black Martin is the cause of all that." I did not say to Mr. Shugart "you're poisoned." Leonard was gone for the doctor when this occurred. I went out to the field with Leonard Wise and my brother-in law to see what the old man had been doing. I saw he had been husking corn, but I could not tell how much he had done that morning. I found that day where the old man had sat down and vomited.

Cross-examined—When I was in the house I heard Leonard Wise say to the old man "I believe you are poisoned one way or the other." After that Leonard made the remark to Mrs. Shugart "You will get into trouble about this." There was a general excitement and confusion among the children at the time. I was on bad terms with Mrs. Shugart at that time. I had not spoken to her for several days, until the day of Mr. Shugart's death, when she put her arms around my neck and said, "forgive me and be my friend."

Re-direct—Mrs. Shugart and I had been on bad terms. The difficulty was caused by on e of my children and about wanting me to leave the house. I did not quarrel with her on account of her conduct.

*Dr. Samuel Graham*, recalled—I keep a record of the names of persons and dates when I sell poison to them. I have only kept the record since October last. I kept my arsenic in a glass jar, covered with a glass stopper. That is the usual way. I don't recollect of selling any to Annie Shugart.

ANOTHER MEMBER OF THE FAMILY.

*Amelia Shugart*, sworn.—Am a daughter of Mrs. Shugart. Lived in Butler with father and mother at the time of father's death. Was at home on the day of father's death. Saw father when he was brought into the house. I was seated at the window, next the road, as father passed in the buggy. I said to mother, "Mother, for God's sake, father's sick," and as I said that she went to the door. I still sat at the window. Mr. Balph and mother helped him out of the buggy. Mother helped him s into the house. Mother says, three times, "For God's sake, I told you not to go to the field; you wern't able." He replied: "I know you told me so, but I didn't think I'd get so bad." He then said: "Undress me. I must die." My sister, Mrs. Laux, was standing in the door and said: "Father, did you feel as bad all morning as you do now?" He said: "I felt pretty well until I eat my dinner, or soup." I don't mind how long it was after the soup was sent out that father came home; I think it was about half an hour. He asked for cream soup in the morniug, before he went from home. When father said he felt worse after eating his dinner, mother said, "For God's sake, I made it for your own good; perhaps it was too rich for your stomach, after you having such an empty stomach." He said, "I know it was too rich for my stomach."

After Mr. Laux had asked him about his health, he said "*the soup, the soup, gave me my death*." Then mother replied, "Oh, my God, I made it for your own good; perhaps it was too rich for your empty stomach; you know how sick you were last night." When he got in the house he appeared to have great pain, and complained of it being in his stomach. Immediately after coming home he went down stairs. I don't know whether he threw up down there. Mother went with him. He then came up stairs and went to mother's bed room. When I first saw the bucket which the soup was sent in, it was emptied. This might have been an hour or more after father came home. Mother's bed room is on the first floor coming from the street. When he came up stairs he brought the boot jack with him, and sat on the side of the bed while taking his boots off. Nobody but mother was with him down stairs and he did not stay long. I could'nt say whether he had time to vomit while he was down there. I was sewing that day. I was with father the most of the time after he laid down in bed until his death. He still complained of great pain. He indicated the pain by the motion of his hands. He seemed unable to talk. I sent for Dr. Bredin immediately after father came home. I was alarmed at father's appearance. I sent Annie. Father never wanted a doctor. I never knew of him doctoring, for several years before this. I only recollect of him doctoring when he had a sore hand, many years ago. He often took sick, but kept a kind of tea on hand which he alwsys used, and would have no doctor. I sent Annie without his knowledge. I was present when Dr. Bredin came in. I was not in when he prescribed for father, but was there when he left. After he had gone father called for a glass of whisky and some black pepper. Mother refused him several times, and said "the doctor don't allow you to have anything but a few powders." I think Annie was sent down stairs to get it. I was not in the room at the time it was given him, and don't know who handed it. Mrs. Laux was there. He got worse immediately after he had taken it and said, "It will tear me to pieces." I thought he was a great deal worse. Mr. Wise then sent for the doctor. The doctor came about fifteen minutes before father died. I don't know who went to get the powders ordered by the doctor. I didn't see father get any of the powders left by the Doctor the first time. I don't recollect him giving any medicine the second time. I think he gave him a drink of whisky and water just before he died. I don't know of his throwing up after he went to bed. The night before father told mother she needn't wait for him to eat supper, as he could not tell when he would get done his work. We had eaten before he came that evening. I don't know when he ate his supper, but it was some time after. I wasn't in the kitchen when he ate, and I don't know who prepared supper for him. He came home about eight o'clock, and complained of being unwell. He had eaten his suppe and gone down to Mrs. Snyder's, and was there he complained of being sic He thought it was cramp. He said had drank so much water at Mr. Dc all's that day that he did not feel w He went up to the bedroom. Mother made him some tea. He told her n to bother herself, as he knew she was tired. I don't recollect whether it was before or after this that father threw up. Soon after he came home he was sick and throwing up. He didn't complain of great pains. He threw up frequently that night. I slept in the same room with father that night. I went up about nine o'clock and don't recollect of his throwing up after that time. The next morning he said he had been up several times that night. I didn't notice him up. From the indications in the room in the morning I think he was called up during the night by purging. Next morning he went to bed after breakfast, an hour or so, and then went to work. He ate some breakfast with Maggie and I. Mother was not up yet. He went to the butcher's that morning, and when he came back he brought with him a live chicken. Several of our chickens died about the time of father's death, probably half a dozen of them.

Cross-examined—Mother was in the room at the time the buggy drove up. I don't know who it was that stood on the doorstep. I did not see the soup prepared, but mother prepared it. I told her father had requested it. He did not say whether it should be sent warm or cold; it is not good when it gets cold. I don't know of any other time he asked for, or that soup was sent out to him for dinner. Father had been subject to cramps for years, and the usual remedy was whiskey and pepper. On the day he died, whiskey was in the room. Mrs. Laux was in the room at the time. Annie brought a cup, a spoon and the black pepper from the kitchen below. Father had been in ill health six weeks before his death. I remember him to have taken a cramp about a month previous, when he had to be waited upon all night.

Re-direct—I don't rememeber any time before this attack of the cramp, one month before his death, that he was sick. It might have been about a year and nine months. There are seven sisters and one brother living. John, my brother, is the oldest: he will be twenty-six next August. The youngest, Louisa, is about three years of age. Elizabeth is the next; she is about ten; next Annie, twelve years of age; next Maggie, fourteen years; I am next; there were children between me and Maggie: Mary, a little girl. I was born in 1850. I will be nineteen next September. Jacob comes next; he is now dead. Susan and Caroline, both now married, come next.

AN OLD ACQUAINTANCE.

*Adam Miller*, sworn.—[This witness could not speak English, and the services of 'Squire Mooder were secured as interpreter.] Live in Butler with my son; am a butcher; I saw Jacob Shugart on the morning of his death; he was in my shop getting meat for his family; he always got meat from me; he was as healthy as usual and seemed well; he has worked for me for ten years, as long as he has been in the county, and I never saw any sickness about him. He was a strong, healthy man. I was intimately acquainted with him. Never knew him to lose a day's work until he died. I knew him in Germany; we lived about three miles apart; I came from Saxe Weimar. Knew his parents and the family. I believe there were three or four brothers. His mother is dead, but I do not know how long exactly. The father was upward of ninety years of age when he died. The mother lived upward of fifty years. Never heard of any sudden death in the family before Jacob's. When Mr. Shugart was in my shop, on the day of his death, he was smoking as usual. We conversed together, and I saw no signs of sickness in him. Smokers do not continue to smoke when they are unwell.

Cross-examined—Shugart was in my shop early in the morning. He did not look as if he had been sick the night before, or was going to be. I charged the amount which the meat come to.

The hour of six o'clock having arrived, the Court adjourned until Tuesday morning at nine o'clock.

**Economical, Reliable, the Best.**

We mean DOOLEY'S BAKING POWDER It is superior to all others in the market. Free from any injurious substances, and so nicely compounded that the contents of each box will make light, sweet, healthy biscuits, rolls, pastry, &c., with uniform success. Only two teaspoonfuls to a quart of flour is necessary, while those of ordinary manufacture require from one-third to a half more. Ask your grocer for Dooley's Chemical Yeast Baking Powder, and take no other. Try it and be convinced. MWF

"**Fresh as a Maiden's Blush**" is the pure peachy Complexion which follows the use Hagan's Magnolia Balm. It is the True Secret of Beauty. Fashionable Ladies in Society understand this.

The Magnolia Balm changes the rustic Country Girl into a City Belle more rapidly than any other one thing.

Redness, Sunburn, Tan, Freckles, Blotches and all effects of the Summer Sun disappear when it is used, and a genial, cultivated, fresh expression is obtained which rivals the Bloom of Youth. Beauty is possible to all who will invest 75 cents at any respectable store and insist on getting the Magnolia Balm.

USE NOTHING but Lyon's Kathairon to dress the Hair. MWF.

**Peace Jubilee.**—Now that the great peace jubilee, in singing, has past and gone, the next will be in the eating line. S. S. Marvin, No. 91 Liberty street, is the leading spirit. He has on hand the best Jubilee Cakes made, expressly for the trade. If you want peace in the family and jubilee at the table, ask your grocer for Marvin's Jubilee Cakes. For sale by all grocers, and at 91 Liberty street.

**Chapped Hands,** face and all roughness of the skin, certainly cured by using the *Juniper Tar Soap*, made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York. It surpasses all other remedies as it will prevent roughness of the skin if used during cold weather. It is easily applied, avoiding all the trouble of the greasy compounds now in use. It can be used by ladies with the most tender skin, without irritation or pain, making it soft and clear. Sold by the druggists generally. wT

**No. 91 Liberty Street.**—This is the number Marvin's Celebrated Cracker Bakery is located at. Marvin has on hand the most complete stock of Crakers, Cream, Wine, Soda, Oyster, Water, Butter, Sugar and fancy, of any house in the city. Remember his No., 91 Liberty street.

**Bates & Bell** are closing the balance of their summer goods cheap. No. 21 Fifth avenue.

**Very choice prints,** 12½ cents, Bates & Bell's.

**Marseilles** for 25 cents, Bates & Bell's.

**The place to get White Lime, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Coment, is at Ecker & Caskey's, 13 Smithfield street.**

**Black Alpacas** for 50 cents, worth 62 cents, Bates & Bell's.

**Examine** our Muslins, 12½ cents, Bates & Bell's.

## DIED.

O'LEARY—On Monday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, WM. O'LEARY in his 71st year.

Funeral will take place on WEDNESDAY MORNING, at 9 o'clock from his late residence, 147 Second avenue.

ATTERBURY—Monday morning, June 28th, at Hyannis, Mass., LEA H., son of J. S. and Eliza B. Atterbury, aged 16 years.

Notice of time of the funeral on the arrival of the body.

NEAL—On Tuesday afternoon, 29th inst., MARGARET M. B., wife of J. L. Neal, and eldest daughter of George Black, in the 23d year of her age.

Funeral on THURSDAY, July 1st, at 3 P.M., from the residence of her parents, Western avenue, Allegheny City, to proceed to the Allegheny Cemetery.

VAN DE MARK—In this city, on Monday, June 28, 1869, at 12 M., CHARLES WILLIAM, the only child of Rev. Wm. N. and Cora S. Van de Mark, aged 1 year, 5 months and 20 days.

The remains will be taken to Rochester, N. Y., for interment.

GOFF—At Beaver Falls, Saturday evening, June 26th, WINFIELD S. GOFF, youngest son of John and Sarah Goff, aged 18 years, 3 months and 16 days.

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REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D.D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., James Miller, Esq.

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